

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(123.5908, 0.4263, 0.3355)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(123.5908, 0.4263, 0.3355)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# **Color**

**Yxy(86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEBE2
RGB	255, 235, 226
RGB Percent	100%, 92%, 89%
CMY	0.0001, 0.0784, 0.1138
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	19°, 100%, 94%
HSV	19°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.6635, 86.1676, 84.1026
YIQ	239.9540, 14.8090, 1.4410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 239, 226
Decimal	16772066
CIE Lab	94.38, 5.29, 6.81
CIE LCh	94, 8.627, 52.156
Yxy	86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962146 (0xFFFFE2E2)
YUV	239.9540, -6.8793, 13.1953
Hunter-Lab	92.8265, 0.3566, 11.2606

# Details

The Yxy color **86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89.2470, 0.2951, 0.3198**, and the grayscale version is **87.1442, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **47.1862, 0.3361, 0.3392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.3184, 0.3526, 0.3465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.2231, 0.3149, 0.3300**.

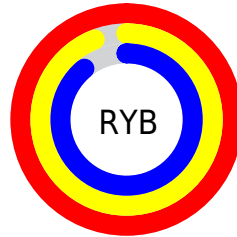
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (92%)

Blue (89%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (89%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)


Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 86.1676, 0.3321,  
0.3380

 86.1676, 0.3321,  
0.3380


515.4837, 0.3234,  
0.3340

 64.8066, 0.3340,  
0.3389


142.0033, 0.3291,  
0.3367

 47.3043, 0.3364,  
0.3399


177.2469, 0.3279,  
0.3361

 33.2762, 0.3394,  
0.3412


217.8867, 0.3269,  
0.3357

 22.3382, 0.3432,  
0.3429

264.3071, 0.3260,  
0.3353

 14.1056, 0.3483,  
0.3450

316.8927, 0.3252,  
0.3349

 8.1941, 0.3555,  
0.3480

376.0277, 0.3245,

 4.2194, 0.3662,

0.3346

0.3522

442.0966, 0.3239,  
0.3343

■ 1.7970, 0.3840,  
0.3588

■ 0.4853, 0.5235,  
0.4303

■ 86.1676, 0.3321,  
0.3380

■ 86.1676, 0.3321,  
0.3380

■ 75.3184, 0.3526,  
0.3465

■ 98.2231, 0.3149,  
0.3300

■ 65.6265, 0.3767,  
0.3552

99.9936, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 57.0560, 0.4048,  
0.3637

■ 49.5648, 0.4369,  
0.3715

■ 43.1080, 0.4723,  
0.3775

■ 37.6374, 0.5093,  
0.3804

■ 33.1004, 0.5449,  
0.3792

■ 29.4385, 0.5757,  
0.3730

■ 26.9240, 0.5966,  
0.3645

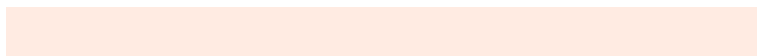
# Harmonies

## Analogous

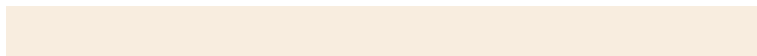
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.1676, 0.3294, 0.3297



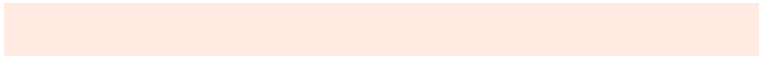
86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380



86.1676, 0.3295, 0.3441

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380



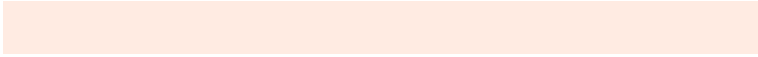
86.1676, 0.3032, 0.3368



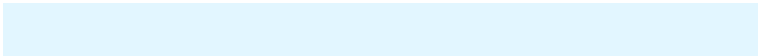
86.1676, 0.3030, 0.3123

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



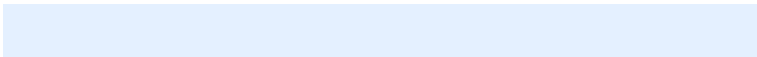
86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380



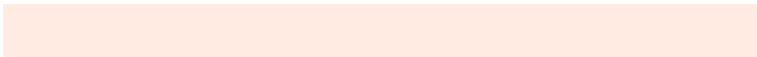
89.2470, 0.2951, 0.3198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.1676, 0.2962, 0.3139



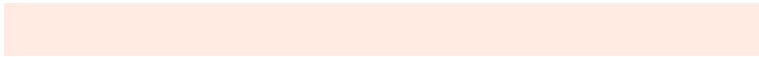
86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380



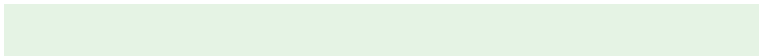
86.1676, 0.2963, 0.3280

# Square

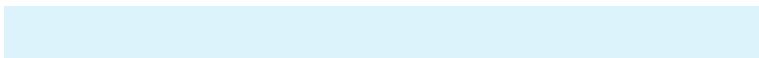
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380



86.1676, 0.3127, 0.3436



86.1676, 0.2937, 0.3196

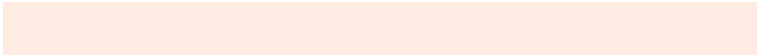


86.1676, 0.3125, 0.3150



# Rectangle

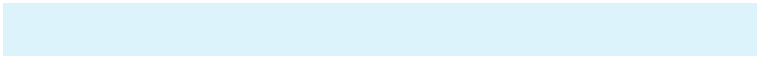
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380



86.1676, 0.3251, 0.3460



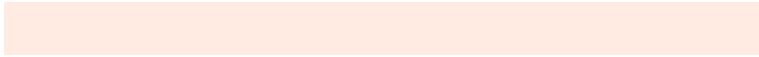
86.1676, 0.2937, 0.3196



86.1676, 0.3003, 0.3124

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.1714, 0.3321, 0.3380



96.2046, 0.3175, 0.3313



82.3036, 0.3197, 0.3092



20.3786, 0.3188, 0.3319



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

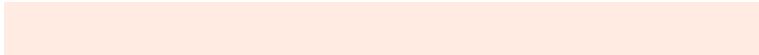


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

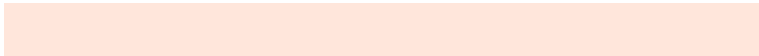


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.1714, 0.3321, 0.3380



83.2276, 0.3371, 0.3402



94.5988, 0.3304, 0.3517



18.9115, 0.3287, 0.3365



14.3054, 0.5936, 0.3669

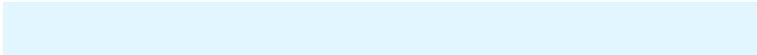


1.5780, 0.5715, 0.3844

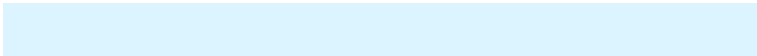


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.2470, 0.2951, 0.3198



86.9454, 0.2910, 0.3176



80.9687, 0.2948, 0.3053



19.4692, 0.2980, 0.3214



20.1631, 0.1954, 0.2236

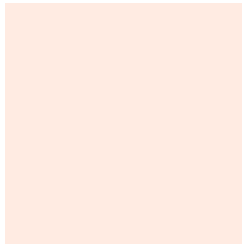


2.1584, 0.1992, 0.2370



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

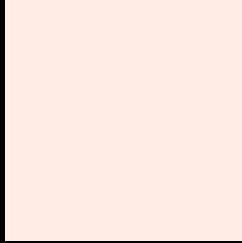
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380.

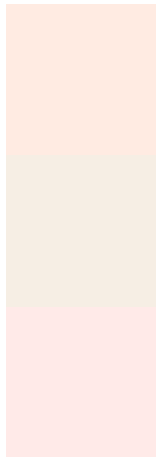


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380

### Protanopia

86.3433, 0.3243, 0.3391

### Deuteranopia

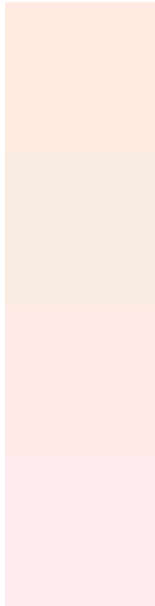
85.9318, 0.3283, 0.3310



## Tritanopia

86.3151, 0.3181, 0.3144

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380

## Protanomaly

86.2542, 0.3271, 0.3390

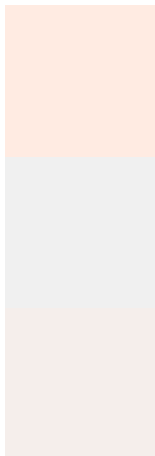
## Deuteranomaly

85.8188, 0.3296, 0.3330

## Tritanomaly

86.3969, 0.3231, 0.3232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380

## Achromatopsia

87.1367, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

86.5597, 0.3192, 0.3320

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 235, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 235, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 235, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 235, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 235, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 235, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 235, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 235, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 235, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 235,  
226) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 86.1676, 0.3321, 0.3380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 235, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
235, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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