

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(123.9958, 0.4560, 0.3460)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(123.9958, 0.4560, 0.3460)  
contains.

|  |    |
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# Color

**Yxy(81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                      |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex         | FFE4CA                     |
| RGB         | 255, 228, 202              |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 89%, 79%             |
| CMY         | 0.0000, 0.1059, 0.2080     |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.11, 0.21, 0.00     |
| HSL         | 29°, 100%, 90%             |
| HSV         | 29°, 21%, 100%             |
| XYZ         | 79.6434, 81.0111, 67.2889  |
| YIQ         | 233.1090, 24.4380, -2.3620 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

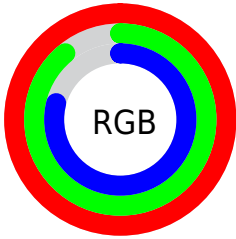
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R <sub>Y</sub> B                    | 255, 253, 202                  |
| Decimal                             | 16770250                       |
| CIE Lab                             | 92.14, 5.28, 16.09             |
| CIE LCh                             | 92, 16.930, 71.839             |
| Yxy                                 | 81.0111, 0.3494,<br>0.3554     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294960330<br>(0xFFFFE4CA)     |
| YUV                                 | 233.1090, -15.3367,<br>19.1984 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 90.0062, 0.4379,<br>18.6789    |

# Details

The Yxy color **81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **75.7829, 0.2797, 0.3011**, and the grayscale version is **81.6738, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **44.0310, 0.3577, 0.3614** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.0280, 0.3709, 0.3688**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.7320, 0.3305, 0.3423**.

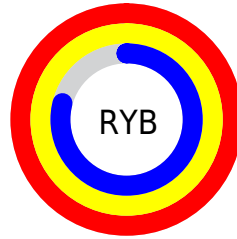
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

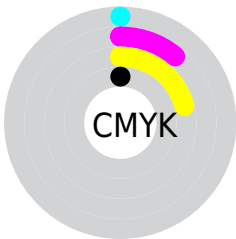
Blue (79%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (99%)

Blue (79%)

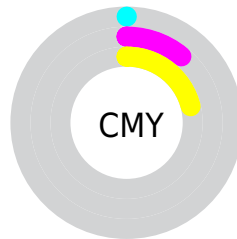


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)


Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 81.0111, 0.3494,  
0.3554

 81.0111, 0.3494,  
0.3554


498.3338, 0.3327,  
0.3436

 60.5507, 0.3532,  
0.3580


134.7864, 0.3436,  
0.3514

 43.8627, 0.3578,  
0.3611


168.8700, 0.3414,  
0.3498

 30.5626, 0.3635,  
0.3650


208.2636, 0.3395,  
0.3484

 20.2660, 0.3710,  
0.3700

253.3515, 0.3378,  
0.3472

 12.5885, 0.3809,  
0.3765

304.5181, 0.3363,  
0.3462

 7.1458, 0.3949,  
0.3853

362.1477, 0.3349,

 3.5535, 0.4156,

0.3452

0.3977

426.6248, 0.3337,  
0.3444

■ 1.4271, 0.4661,  
0.4316

■ 0.2365, 0.5992,  
0.4008

■ 81.0111, 0.3494,  
0.3554

■ 81.0111, 0.3494,  
0.3554

■ 73.0280, 0.3709,  
0.3688

■ 89.7320, 0.3305,  
0.3423

■ 65.7578, 0.3949,  
0.3821

■ 99.2079, 0.3139,  
0.3300

■ 59.1790, 0.4212,  
0.3945

■ 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 53.2674, 0.4491,  
0.4049

■ 47.9969, 0.4773,  
0.4120

■ 43.3390, 0.5043,  
0.4145

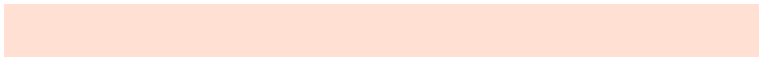
■ 39.2614, 0.5280,  
0.4116

■ 35.9842, 0.5463,  
0.4045

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.0111, 0.3512, 0.3410



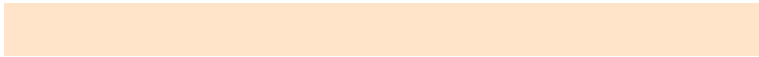
81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554



81.0111, 0.3376, 0.3632

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554



81.0111, 0.2839, 0.3329



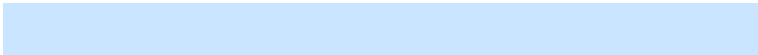
81.0111, 0.3052, 0.2988

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554



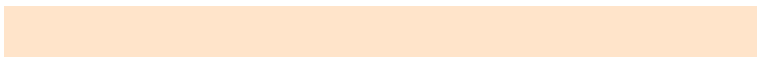
75.7829, 0.2797, 0.3011

# Split Complementary

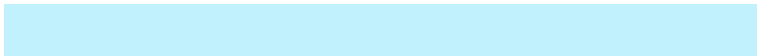
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.0111, 0.2877, 0.2961



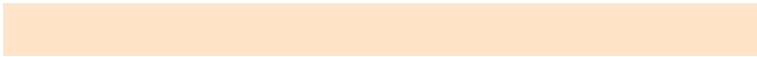
81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554



81.0111, 0.2758, 0.3150

# Square

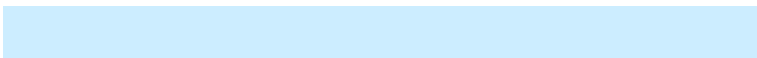
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554



81.0111, 0.2997, 0.3503



81.0111, 0.2772, 0.3017



81.0111, 0.3252, 0.3090



# Rectangle

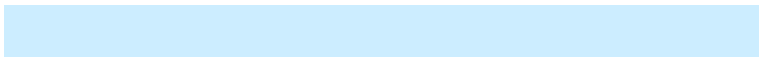
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554



81.0111, 0.3258, 0.3633



81.0111, 0.2772, 0.3017



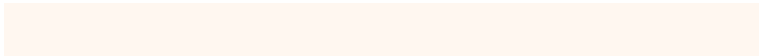
81.0111, 0.2988, 0.2970

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.0122, 0.3494, 0.3554



94.1856, 0.3222, 0.3363



69.1587, 0.3337, 0.3015



20.0277, 0.3233, 0.3371



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

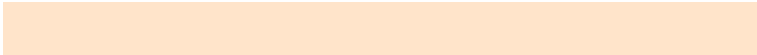


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.0122, 0.3494, 0.3554



77.5711, 0.3581, 0.3610



96.4795, 0.3444, 0.3803



19.4600, 0.3282, 0.3407



19.0997, 0.5437, 0.4065

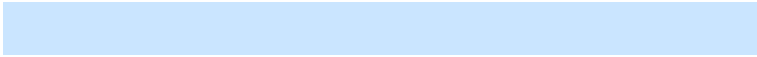


2.0777, 0.5257, 0.4207

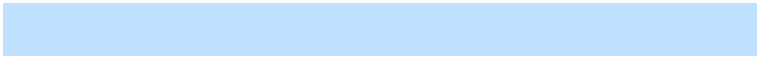


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.7829, 0.2797, 0.3011



71.4757, 0.2728, 0.2947



62.4079, 0.2777, 0.2720



18.9061, 0.2979, 0.3170



12.3834, 0.1779, 0.1604

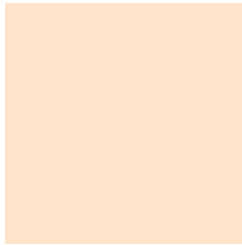


1.4244, 0.1835, 0.1807



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

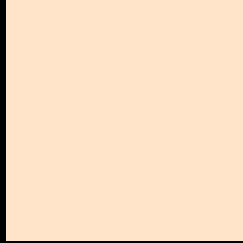
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

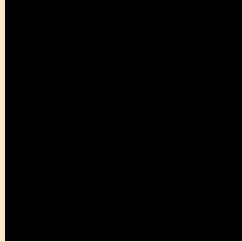
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554

### Protanopia

81.1275, 0.3386, 0.3580

### Deuteranopia

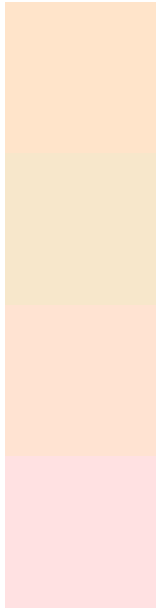
81.0532, 0.3413, 0.3421



## Tritanopia

80.8033, 0.3246, 0.3142

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554

## Protanomaly

81.2378, 0.3423, 0.3578

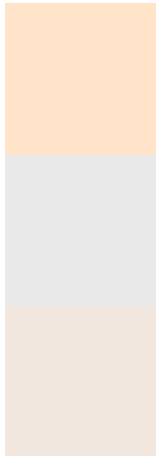
## Deuteranomaly

80.8513, 0.3440, 0.3462

## Tritanomaly

80.6014, 0.3333, 0.3281

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554

## Achromatopsia

81.4847, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

81.1265, 0.3254, 0.3383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 228, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 228, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 228, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 228, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 228, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 228, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 228, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 228, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 228,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 81.0111, 0.3494, 0.3554 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 228, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
228, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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