

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(125.0897, 0.3231, 0.5330)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(125.0897, 0.3231, 0.5330)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3FF6A
RGB	163, 255, 106
RGB Percent	64%, 100%, 42%
CMY	0.3606, 0.0000, 0.5843
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.58, 0.00
HSL	97°, 100%, 71%
HSV	97°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	53.4740, 80.3471, 26.3286
YIQ	210.5060, -7.0030, -65.8430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

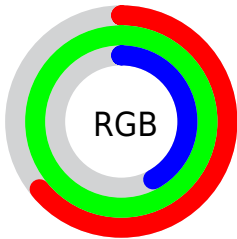
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">106, 255, 198</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10747754</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.84, -52.06, 61.33</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 80.449, 130.327</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288937834 (0xFFA3FF6A)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">210.5060, -51.5215, -41.6628</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.6365, -50.3772, 45.3305</a>

# Details

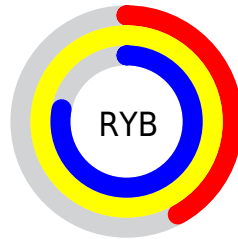
The Yxy color **80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF66**. A complement of this color would be **29.5311, 0.2673, 0.1698**, and the grayscale version is **65.1579, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.6228, 0.3458, 0.4285**, and **43.6217, 0.3314, 0.5436** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.3367, 0.3335, 0.5298**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.7289, 0.3326, 0.4708**.

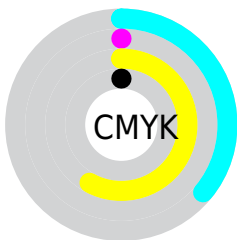
# Distribution



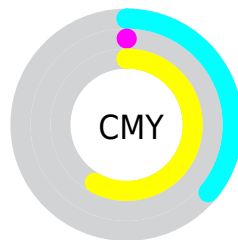
- Red (64%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.3471, 0.3339,  
0.5017


 80.3471, 0.3339,  
0.5017


496.1018, 0.3295,  
0.4188


 60.0040, 0.3333,  
0.5206


 133.8536, 0.3337,  
0.4728

 43.4219, 0.3316,  
0.5437


 167.7859, 0.3332,  
0.4616

 30.2163, 0.3280,  
0.5723


 207.0166, 0.3326,  
0.4519

 20.0028, 0.3209,  
0.6079

 251.9303, 0.3320,  
0.4435

 12.3971, 0.3073,  
0.6529

302.9112, 0.3314,  
0.4362

 7.0147, 0.2842,  
0.7158


360.3439, 0.3307,


 3.4713, 0.2307,


0.4297


0.7693

424.6126, 0.3301,  
0.4240


 1.3825, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 0.2037, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 80.3471, 0.3339,  
0.5017


 80.3471, 0.3339,  
0.5017

 78.3367, 0.3335,  
0.5298

 82.7289, 0.3326,  
0.4708

 76.6652, 0.3313,  
0.5533


 85.4915, 0.3298,  
0.4390


 75.3110, 0.3272,  
0.5708

 88.6567, 0.3261,  
0.4077

 74.2417, 0.3218,  
0.5820

 92.2412, 0.3216,  
0.3779

 74.0935, 0.3209,  
0.5834

 96.2611, 0.3168,  
0.3503

99.9977, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.3471, 0.4175, 0.4829



80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



80.3471, 0.2492, 0.4472

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



80.3471, 0.1644, 0.2071



80.3471, 0.4510, 0.2960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



29.5311, 0.2673, 0.1698

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.3471, 0.3618, 0.2420



80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



80.3471, 0.2005, 0.1924

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



80.3471, 0.1592, 0.2561



80.3471, 0.2685, 0.2054



80.3471, 0.4950, 0.3591



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



80.3471, 0.2040, 0.3796



80.3471, 0.2685, 0.2054



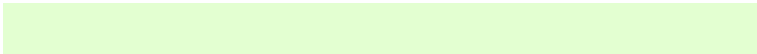
80.3471, 0.4244, 0.2766

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.3506, 0.3339, 0.5017



92.4061, 0.3214, 0.3767



62.6366, 0.4296, 0.4204



19.5448, 0.3228, 0.3851



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.3506, 0.3339, 0.5017



78.0538, 0.3333, 0.5338



76.0228, 0.2971, 0.4986



20.5070, 0.3174, 0.3532



38.7958, 0.3221, 0.5825



3.8379, 0.3308, 0.5756



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.5311, 0.2673, 0.1698



22.9803, 0.2553, 0.1428



37.7208, 0.3355, 0.2049



17.9328, 0.3076, 0.3051



7.6263, 0.2268, 0.1023

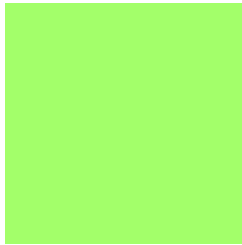


0.8054, 0.2374, 0.1081



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

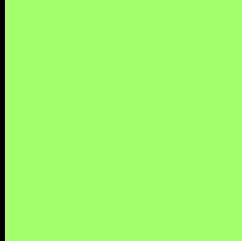
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

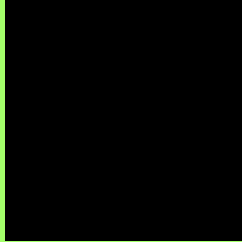
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

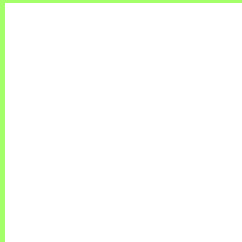
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017.

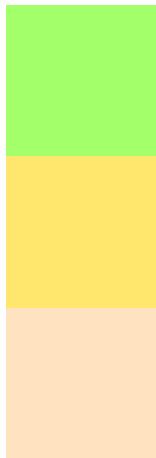


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017

### Protanopia

79.5376, 0.4070, 0.4457

### Deuteranopia

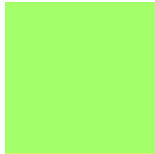
79.4143, 0.3574, 0.3647



## Tritanopia

79.7065, 0.2752, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



## Protanomaly

78.9539, 0.3782, 0.4663



## Deuteranomaly

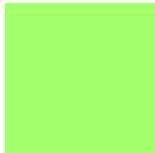
78.6360, 0.3508, 0.4132



## Tritanomaly

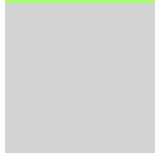
78.8635, 0.2986, 0.3787

# Monochromacy



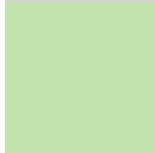
## Original Color

80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017



## Achromatopsia

65.1406, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

69.4246, 0.3242, 0.3931

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 255, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 255, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 255, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 255, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 255, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 255, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 255, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 106); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 106); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 255, 106) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.3471, 0.3339, 0.5017 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 255, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
255, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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