

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	38689F
RGB	56, 104, 159
RGB Percent	22%, 41%, 62%
CMY	0.7804, 0.5921, 0.3765
CMYK	0.65, 0.35, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	212°, 48%, 42%
HSV	212°, 65%, 62%
XYZ	12.8375, 13.2446, 34.6729
YIQ	95.9180, -46.2630, 6.9290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

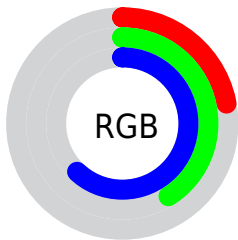
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 89, 159
Decimal	3696799
CIE _{Lab}	43.13, 1.67, -34.63
CIE _{LCh}	43, 34.668, 272.760
Yxy	13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281886879 (0xFF38689F)
YUV	95.9180, 31.0994, -35.0081
Hunter-Lab	36.3931, -0.7228, -31.0123

Details

The Yxy color **13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **19.0174, 0.4495, 0.4132**, and the grayscale version is **11.6080, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.8084, 0.2348, 0.2435**, and **3.9878, 0.1824, 0.1767** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2339, 0.1982, 0.1975**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5736, 0.2260, 0.2383**.

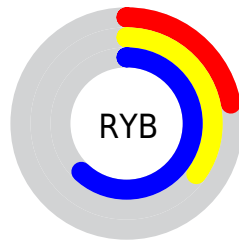
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (41%)

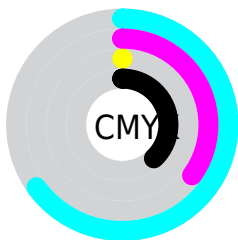
Blue (62%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (62%)

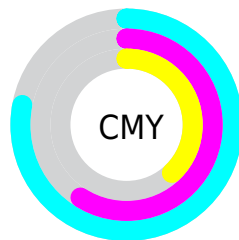


Cyan (65%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.2446, 0.2113,
0.2180

■ 13.2446, 0.2113,
0.2180

■ 212.4794, 0.2699,
0.2818

■ 7.5972, 0.1939,
0.1993

■ 31.7425, 0.2346,
0.2433

■ 3.8383, 0.1702,
0.1738

■ 45.3618, 0.2428,
0.2521

■ 1.5835, 0.1366,
0.1381

■ 62.4072, 0.2494,
0.2594

■ 0.3465, 0.0752,
0.0704

■ 83.2631, 0.2549,
0.2654

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.3139, 0.2596,
0.2705

137.9439, 0.2635,

0.2748

172.5376, 0.2670,
0.2785

■ 13.2446, 0.2113,
0.2180

■ 13.2446, 0.2113,
0.2180

■ 11.2339, 0.1982,
0.1975

■ 15.5736, 0.2260,
0.2383

■ 9.5209, 0.1872,
0.1774

■ 18.2369, 0.2417,
0.2578

■ 8.0828, 0.1786,
0.1582

■ 21.2508, 0.2579,
0.2762

■ 7.4156, 0.1746,
0.1486

■ 24.6298, 0.2742,
0.2932

■ 28.3876, 0.2902,
0.3088

■ 32.5371, 0.3056,
0.3228

■ 37.0904, 0.3203,
0.3354

■ 42.0592, 0.3341,
0.3465

■ 47.4546, 0.3471,
0.3563

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.2446, 0.1871, 0.2387



13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180



13.2446, 0.2619, 0.2226

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180



13.2446, 0.4525, 0.3440



13.2446, 0.2806, 0.4346

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180



19.0174, 0.4495, 0.4132

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.2446, 0.3511, 0.4647



13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180



13.2446, 0.4541, 0.3986

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180



13.2446, 0.4062, 0.2916



13.2446, 0.4150, 0.4453



13.2446, 0.2225, 0.3628

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180



13.2446, 0.3079, 0.2379



13.2446, 0.4150, 0.4453



13.2446, 0.3037, 0.4506

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.2450, 0.2113, 0.2180



47.6816, 0.2829, 0.3019



26.7771, 0.2683, 0.4253



10.3429, 0.2785, 0.2976



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.2450, 0.2113, 0.2180



18.6159, 0.1928, 0.1880



6.2733, 0.1928, 0.1273



6.9195, 0.2988, 0.3168



5.9406, 0.1751, 0.1502



0.1902, 0.1957, 0.2245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.1966, 0.4166, 0.2562



16.4807, 0.4543, 0.2497



32.0992, 0.3969, 0.4765



6.6950, 0.3215, 0.3186



6.2219, 0.5057, 0.2559



0.1197, 0.4184, 0.2079

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

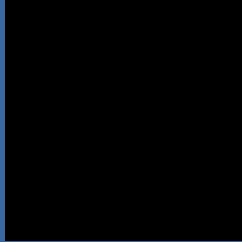
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180

Protanopia

13.2747, 0.2323, 0.2210

Deuteranopia

13.1475, 0.2190, 0.2129



Tritanopia

13.3089, 0.2285, 0.3070

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180

Protanomaly

13.1241, 0.2241, 0.2194

Deuteranomaly

13.1646, 0.2157, 0.2139

Tritanomaly

13.1788, 0.2209, 0.2697

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180

Achromatopsia

11.6971, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.0049, 0.2640, 0.2833

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 104, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 104, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 104, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 104, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 104, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 104, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 104, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 104, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 104, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 104,  
159) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.2446, 0.2113, 0.2180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 104, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 104,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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