

Converting Colors

$Yxy(13.4152, 0.1814, 0.2952)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(13.4152, 0.1814, 0.2952)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007683
RGB	0, 118, 131
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 51%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5372, 0.4863
CMYK	1.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	186°, 100%, 26%
HSV	186°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	10.5714, 14.5956, 23.7295
YIQ	84.2000, -74.5010, -20.9730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

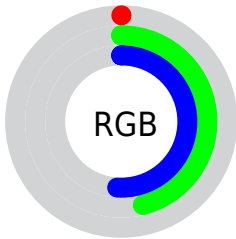
Format	Color
RYB	0, 62, 131
Decimal	30339
CIELab	45.08, -22.80, -15.06
CIELCh	45, 27.322, 213.438
Yxy	14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220419 (0xFF007683)
YUV	84.2000, 23.0724, -73.8434
Hunter-Lab	38.2042, -17.4649, -10.0834

Details

The Yxy color **14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.1119, 0.6293, 0.3385**, and the grayscale version is **8.8735, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.9595, 0.2383, 0.3062**, and **4.8654, 0.2117, 0.2821** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5983, 0.2163, 0.2985**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.9924, 0.2194, 0.3018**.

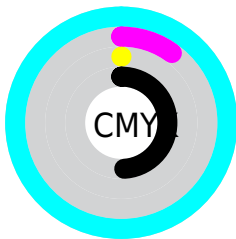
Distribution



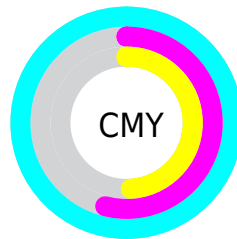
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.5956, 0.2162,
0.2985


 14.5956, 0.2162,
0.2985


 220.9053, 0.2718,
0.3182


 8.5361, 0.1995,
0.2913


 34.1422, 0.2384,
0.3071


 4.4398, 0.1761,
0.2801

 48.3980, 0.2461,
0.3099

 1.9225, 0.1417,
0.2610

 66.1547, 0.2524,
0.3120

 0.5619, 0.0000,
0.2332

 87.7967, 0.2576,
0.3137

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 113.7083, 0.2620,
0.3152

 144.2740, 0.2657,

0.3163

179.8782, 0.2689,
0.3173

■ 14.5956, 0.2162,
0.2985

■ 14.5956, 0.2162,
0.2985

■ 14.5983, 0.2163,
0.2985

■ 14.9924, 0.2194,
0.3018

■ 15.4404, 0.2236,
0.3051

■ 15.9717, 0.2296,
0.3084

■ 16.5957, 0.2374,
0.3117

■ 17.3207, 0.2469,
0.3149

■ 18.1540, 0.2580,
0.3181

■ 19.1021, 0.2703,
0.3211

■ 20.1710, 0.2837,
0.3239

■ 21.3663, 0.2980,
0.3266

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5956, 0.2423, 0.3540



14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985



14.5956, 0.2135, 0.2590

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985



14.5956, 0.3304, 0.2664



14.5956, 0.3926, 0.4209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985



5.1119, 0.6293, 0.3385

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.5956, 0.4218, 0.3873



14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985



14.5956, 0.3852, 0.3015

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985



14.5956, 0.2750, 0.2449



14.5956, 0.4198, 0.3443



14.5956, 0.3433, 0.4310

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985



14.5956, 0.2246, 0.2449



14.5956, 0.4198, 0.3443



14.5956, 0.4052, 0.4115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.5983, 0.2163, 0.2985



34.0882, 0.2694, 0.3209



16.2543, 0.2978, 0.5921



7.7892, 0.2648, 0.3198



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.5983, 0.2163, 0.2985



26.0200, 0.2161, 0.2978



4.3311, 0.1712, 0.1362



5.2022, 0.2992, 0.3268



14.3740, 0.2163, 0.2985



0.0555, 0.2207, 0.3147

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.1329, 0.3467, 0.1684



10.9716, 0.3474, 0.1687



10.0504, 0.5131, 0.4308



4.7551, 0.3151, 0.3097



6.0380, 0.3467, 0.1684



0.0215, 0.3327, 0.1606

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

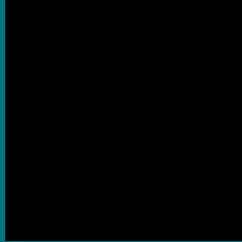
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985.

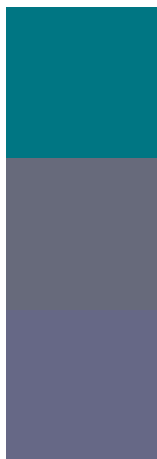


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985

Protanopia

14.6217, 0.2879, 0.2939

Deuteranopia

14.4466, 0.2741, 0.2688



Tritanopia

14.5154, 0.2181, 0.3052

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985

Protanomaly

13.8165, 0.2455, 0.2927

Deuteranomaly

13.7546, 0.2383, 0.2759

Tritanomaly

14.5418, 0.2175, 0.3029

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985

Achromatopsia

8.8656, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.0622, 0.2508, 0.3155

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 118, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 118, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 118, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 118, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 118, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 118, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 118, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 118, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 118, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 118,  
131) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.5956, 0.2162, 0.2985 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 118, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 118,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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