

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.4408, 0.4834, 0.4291)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(13.4408, 0.4834, 0.4291)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8E5C19
RGB	142, 92, 25
RGB Percent	56%, 36%, 10%
CMY	0.4432, 0.6392, 0.9020
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.82, 0.44
HSL	34°, 70%, 33%
HSV	34°, 82%, 56%
XYZ	15.1558, 13.4753, 2.7214
YIQ	99.3120, 51.3070, -10.2370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

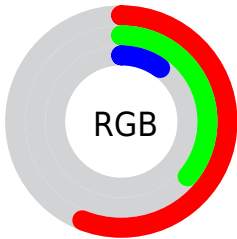
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	112, 142, 25
Decimal	9329689
CIE Lab	43.47, 14.79, 44.06
CIE LCh	43, 46.478, 71.440
Yxy	13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287519769 (0xFF8E5C19)
YUV	99.3120, -36.6358, 37.4374
Hunter-Lab	36.7087, 9.4564, 21.3006

# Details

The Yxy color **13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **7.1863, 0.1877, 0.1730**, and the grayscale version is **12.6452, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.1198, 0.4470, 0.4134**, and **3.9802, 0.5222, 0.4235** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4203, 0.5030, 0.4298**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.6469, 0.4612, 0.4249**.

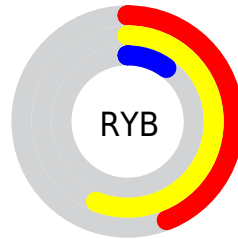
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (36%)

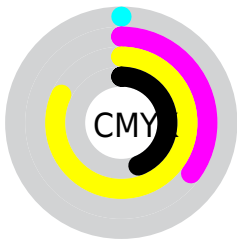
Blue (10%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (10%)

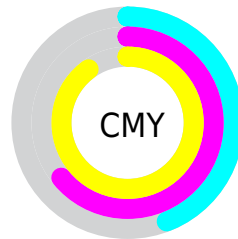


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (64%)


Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.4753, 0.4834,  
0.4298


 13.4753, 0.4834,  
0.4298


213.9417, 0.3857,  
0.3791


 7.7566, 0.5086,  
0.4376


 32.1551, 0.4461,  
0.4134


 3.9396, 0.5497,  
0.4503

 45.8850, 0.4324,  
0.4063


 1.6398, 0.5695,  
0.4305

 63.0541, 0.4211,  
0.4002

 0.3842, 0.6540,  
0.3460


 84.0469, 0.4116,  
0.3948

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 109.2476, 0.4036,  
0.3901


 139.0407, 0.3968,


0.3859


 173.8106, 0.3909,  
0.3823


 13.4753, 0.4834,  
0.4298


 13.4753, 0.4834,  
0.4298


 12.4203, 0.5030,  
0.4298


 14.6469, 0.4612,  
0.4249

 11.6844, 0.5169,  
0.4278

 15.9392, 0.4376,  
0.4160

 17.3581, 0.4139,  
0.4041

 18.9087, 0.3910,  
0.3903

 20.5952, 0.3696,  
0.3756

■ 22.4221, 0.3499,  
0.3607

■ 24.3932, 0.3321,  
0.3462

■ 26.5124, 0.3163,  
0.3322

■ 28.7833, 0.3022,  
0.3191

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.4753, 0.5035, 0.3615



13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298



13.4753, 0.4178, 0.4906

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298



13.4753, 0.1799, 0.3403



13.4753, 0.2695, 0.2019

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298



7.1863, 0.1877, 0.1730

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.4753, 0.1980, 0.1874



13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298



13.4753, 0.1531, 0.2497

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298



13.4753, 0.2429, 0.4500



13.4753, 0.1598, 0.2009



13.4753, 0.3676, 0.2403



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298



13.4753, 0.3606, 0.5111



13.4753, 0.1598, 0.2009



13.4753, 0.2420, 0.1942

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.4760, 0.4834, 0.4298



38.5163, 0.3558, 0.3654



6.9618, 0.4703, 0.2559



8.3809, 0.3619, 0.3700



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.4760, 0.4834, 0.4298



20.4454, 0.5177, 0.4262



24.4946, 0.4037, 0.5018



5.9046, 0.3268, 0.3416



10.5305, 0.5164, 0.4282



0.1445, 0.4651, 0.4689



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1863, 0.1877, 0.1730



9.1163, 0.1714, 0.1363



2.9674, 0.1687, 0.0856



5.6100, 0.2990, 0.3161



4.7522, 0.1719, 0.1389



0.0877, 0.1946, 0.2206



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

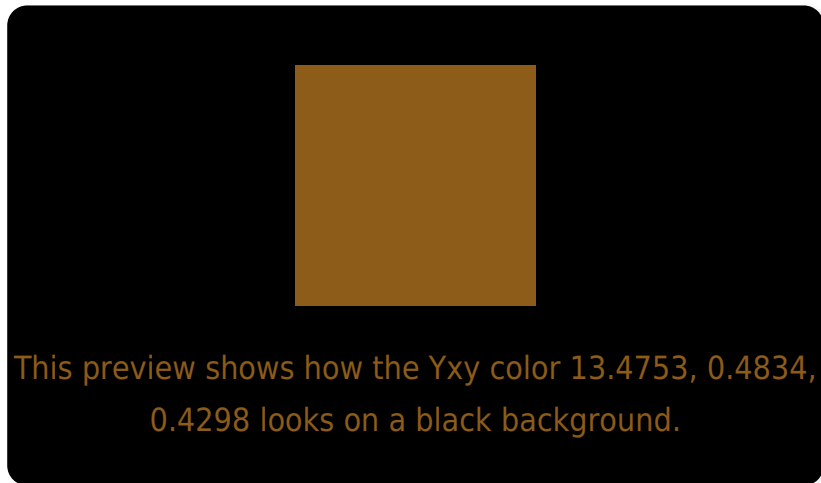
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

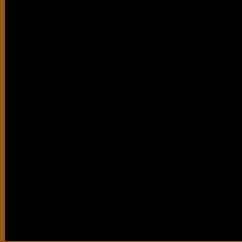
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298

### Protanopia

13.4973, 0.4255, 0.4684

### Deuteranopia

13.5391, 0.4587, 0.4527



## Tritanopia

13.5393, 0.4028, 0.3187

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298

## Protanomaly

13.3628, 0.4461, 0.4544

## Deuteranomaly

13.4959, 0.4671, 0.4449

## Tritanomaly

13.4165, 0.4401, 0.3643

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298

## Achromatopsia

12.4772, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

12.4785, 0.3789, 0.3806

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 92, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(142, 92, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 92, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 92, 25) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 92, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 92, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 92, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 92, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 92, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 92,  
25) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.4753, 0.4834, 0.4298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 92, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 92,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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