

Converting Colors

$Yxy(13.5466, 0.1009, 0.2803)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(13.5466, 0.1009, 0.2803)
contains.

Yxy(17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008193
RGB	0, 129, 147
RGB Percent	0%, 51%, 58%
CMY	0.9988, 0.4941, 0.4235
CMYK	1.00, 0.12, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	187°, 100%, 29%
HSV	187°, 100%, 58%
XYZ	13.1194, 17.8071, 30.3505
YIQ	92.4810, -82.6620, -21.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

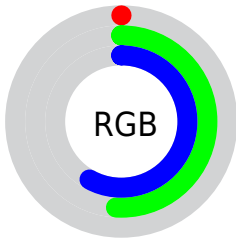
Format	Color
RYB	0, 69, 147
Decimal	33171
CIELab	49.26, -22.90, -18.13
CIELCh	49, 29.204, 218.368
Yxy	17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278223251 (0xFF008193)
YUV	92.4810, 26.8779, -81.1058
Hunter-Lab	42.1985, -18.3520, -13.1044

Details

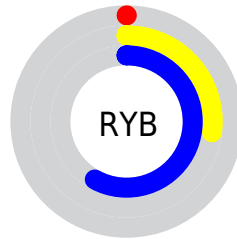
The Yxy color **17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **6.6465, 0.6270, 0.3400**, and the grayscale version is **10.7911, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.6514, 0.2356, 0.3003**, and **6.4365, 0.2098, 0.2751** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.7963, 0.2140, 0.2905**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3869, 0.2173, 0.2948**.

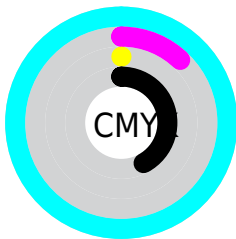
Distribution



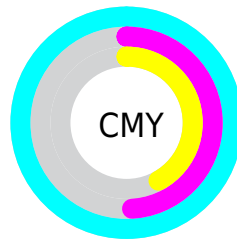
- Red (0%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 17.8071, 0.2141,
0.2906


 17.8071, 0.2141,
0.2906


 239.7815, 0.2691,
0.3143


 10.8116, 0.1984,
0.2827


 39.7084, 0.2355,
0.3006


 5.9403, 0.1771,
0.2709

 55.3829, 0.2432,
0.3039

 2.8088, 0.1469,
0.2522

 74.7192, 0.2494,
0.3065

 1.0327, 0.0895,
0.2225

 98.1017, 0.2547,
0.3087

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 125.9148, 0.2591,
0.3104

 158.5429, 0.2629,

0.3119

196.3703, 0.2662,
0.3132

■ 17.8071, 0.2141,
0.2906

■ 17.8071, 0.2141,
0.2906

■ 17.7963, 0.2140,
0.2905

■ 18.3869, 0.2173,
0.2948

■ 19.0449, 0.2217,
0.2989

■ 19.8142, 0.2280,
0.3031

■ 20.7077, 0.2361,
0.3073

■ 21.7363, 0.2459,
0.3114

■ 22.9098, 0.2573,
0.3154

■ 24.2368, 0.2700,
0.3192

■ 25.7255, 0.2836,
0.3227

■ 27.3832, 0.2981,
0.3260

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8071, 0.2365, 0.3444



17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906



17.8071, 0.2153, 0.2546

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906



17.8071, 0.3400, 0.2713



17.8071, 0.3856, 0.4246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906



6.6465, 0.6270, 0.3400

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8071, 0.4189, 0.3938



17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906



17.8071, 0.3928, 0.3082

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906



17.8071, 0.2834, 0.2473



17.8071, 0.4225, 0.3515



17.8071, 0.3343, 0.4295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906



17.8071, 0.2288, 0.2429



17.8071, 0.4225, 0.3515



17.8071, 0.3994, 0.4165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8077, 0.2141, 0.2906



43.1978, 0.2689, 0.3189



20.9122, 0.2971, 0.5894



9.6477, 0.2639, 0.3174



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8077, 0.2141, 0.2906



31.6945, 0.2138, 0.2897



4.9888, 0.1681, 0.1250



6.4420, 0.2990, 0.3262



15.4518, 0.2141, 0.2908



0.2166, 0.2198, 0.3111

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.7946, 0.3538, 0.1724



13.9275, 0.3546, 0.1727



13.6460, 0.5048, 0.4372



5.8971, 0.3155, 0.3098



6.7532, 0.3537, 0.1722



0.0854, 0.3358, 0.1623

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

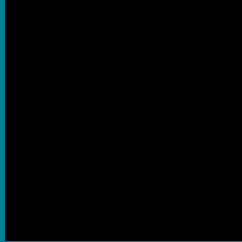
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906.

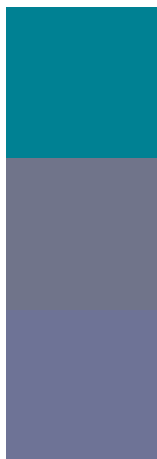


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906

Protanopia

17.7705, 0.2832, 0.2874

Deuteranopia

17.7785, 0.2689, 0.2646



Tritanopia

17.8587, 0.2186, 0.3070

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906

Protanomaly

16.9374, 0.2418, 0.2876

Deuteranomaly

16.9050, 0.2347, 0.2705

Tritanomaly

17.9484, 0.2169, 0.3009

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906

Achromatopsia

10.9462, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.4301, 0.2493, 0.3118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 129, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 129, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 129, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 129, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 129, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 129, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 129, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 129, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 129, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 129,  
147) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 17.8071, 0.2141, 0.2906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 129, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 129,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor