

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.6850, 0.2779, 0.5182)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
 $\text{Yxy}(13.6850, 0.2779, 0.5182)$   
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	027833
RGB	2, 120, 51
RGB Percent	1%, 47%, 20%
CMY	0.9921, 0.5294, 0.8001
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.58, 0.53
HSL	145°, 97%, 24%
HSV	145°, 98%, 47%
XYZ	7.3389, 13.6849, 5.3847
YIQ	76.8520, -48.1790, -46.4750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

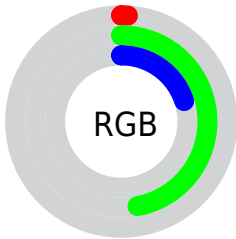
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	2, 85, 120
Decimal	161843
CIELab	43.78, -44.75, 29.65
CIELCh	44, 53.683, 146.469
Yxy	13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278351923 (0xFF027833)
YUV	76.8520, -12.7450, -65.6452
Hunter-Lab	36.9931, -29.3260, 17.2650

# Details

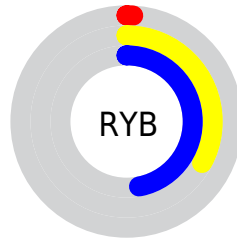
The Yxy color **13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **4.4925, 0.4506, 0.2273**, and the grayscale version is **7.4244, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.3658, 0.2910, 0.4650**, and **4.3869, 0.2978, 0.5920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6621, 0.2782, 0.5215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.8326, 0.2760, 0.4982**.

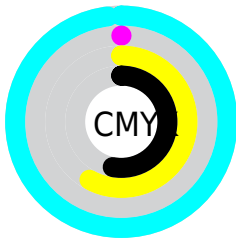
# Distribution



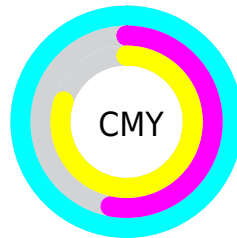
- Red (1%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (53%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.6849, 0.2779,  
0.5182


 13.6849, 0.2779,  
0.5182


215.2617, 0.3039,  
0.3966

 7.9018, 0.2652,  
0.5629


 32.5289, 0.2908,  
0.4649

 4.0322, 0.2427,  
0.6328

 46.3586, 0.2944,  
0.4479


 1.6916, 0.1744,  
0.8256


 63.6393, 0.2971,  
0.4346

 0.4182, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 84.7554, 0.2991,  
0.4240


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 110.0913, 0.3007,  
0.4153


 140.0314, 0.3020,


0.4080

 174.9600, 0.3030,  
0.4019


 13.6849, 0.2779,  
0.5182

 13.6849, 0.2779,  
0.5182


 13.6621, 0.2782,  
0.5215

 13.8326, 0.2760,  
0.4982

 14.0354, 0.2753,  
0.4771

 14.3145, 0.2763,  
0.4552

 14.6776, 0.2789,  
0.4334

 15.1316, 0.2829,  
0.4121

■ 15.6824, 0.2880,  
0.3920

■ 16.3355, 0.2939,  
0.3733

■ 17.0960, 0.3003,  
0.3561

■ 17.9686, 0.3071,  
0.3406

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.6849, 0.3784, 0.5333



13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



13.6849, 0.1920, 0.4066

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



13.6849, 0.1594, 0.1743



13.6849, 0.5154, 0.3246

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



4.4925, 0.4506, 0.2273

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.6849, 0.4326, 0.2582



13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



13.6849, 0.2187, 0.1763

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



13.6849, 0.1352, 0.2053



13.6849, 0.3161, 0.2057



13.6849, 0.5240, 0.3976



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



13.6849, 0.1554, 0.3192



13.6849, 0.3161, 0.2057



13.6849, 0.4951, 0.3016

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.6855, 0.2779, 0.5182



28.5588, 0.2931, 0.3758



14.8470, 0.3539, 0.5554



6.6703, 0.2910, 0.3822



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.6855, 0.2779, 0.5182



24.0027, 0.2794, 0.5258



14.5336, 0.2333, 0.3585



4.4750, 0.3065, 0.3418



14.9012, 0.2784, 0.5222



70.9190, 0.2810, 0.5315



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4925, 0.4506, 0.2273



7.7783, 0.4580, 0.2297



4.0683, 0.6180, 0.3205



4.0507, 0.3194, 0.3166



4.8385, 0.4546, 0.2278



22.9075, 0.4635, 0.2327



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182

### Protanopia

13.5426, 0.4070, 0.4440

### Deuteranopia

13.4664, 0.4164, 0.4090



## Tritanopia

13.8197, 0.2357, 0.3076

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



## Protanomaly

12.6065, 0.3369, 0.4812



## Deuteranomaly

12.3332, 0.3411, 0.4555



## Tritanomaly

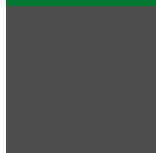
13.6266, 0.2494, 0.3809

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182



## Achromatopsia

7.4214, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

8.9242, 0.2844, 0.4046

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 120, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 120, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 120, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 120, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 120, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 120, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 120, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 120, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 120, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 120, 51)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.6849, 0.2779, 0.5182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 120, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 120,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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