

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.6969, 0.3195, 0.4913)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(13.6969, 0.3195, 0.4913)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	407333
RGB	64, 115, 51
RGB Percent	25%, 45%, 20%
CMY	0.7489, 0.5490, 0.8000
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.56, 0.55
HSL	108°, 39%, 33%
HSV	108°, 56%, 45%
XYZ	8.8441, 13.5905, 5.2898
YIQ	92.4550, -9.8520, -30.7160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

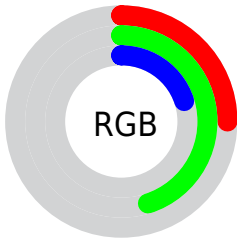
Format	Color
RYB	51, 115, 102
Decimal	4223795
CIELab	43.64, -30.50, 29.85
CIELCh	44, 42.673, 135.613
Yxy	13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282413875 (0xFF407333)
YUV	92.4550, -20.4373, -24.9550
Hunter-Lab	36.8653, -21.6916, 17.2982

Details

The Yxy color **13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **6.4297, 0.2945, 0.1941**, and the grayscale version is **10.8649, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.1831, 0.3209, 0.4462**, and **3.9697, 0.3065, 0.5807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.2194, 0.3181, 0.5208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.0383, 0.3191, 0.4582**.

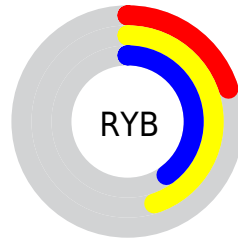
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (45%)

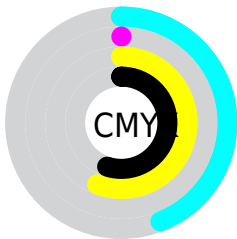
Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (40%)

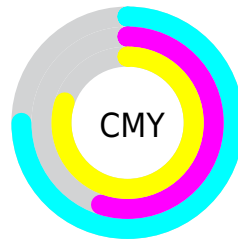


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (75%)


Magenta (55%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13.5905, 0.3190,
0.4902


 13.5905, 0.3190,
0.4902

214.6682, 0.3192,
0.3884


 7.8364, 0.3154,
0.5263


 32.3606, 0.3209,
0.4462


 3.9904, 0.3067,
0.5820

 46.1455, 0.3209,
0.4320


 1.6682, 0.2928,
0.7072

 63.3760, 0.3207,
0.4208

 0.4030, 0.0000,
1.0000

 84.4367, 0.3204,
0.4118

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 109.7118, 0.3201,
0.4044

 139.5859, 0.3198,

0.3982

174.4432, 0.3195,
0.3929

■ 13.5905, 0.3190,
0.4902

■ 13.5905, 0.3190,
0.4902

■ 13.2194, 0.3181,
0.5208

■ 14.0383, 0.3191,
0.4582

■ 12.9190, 0.3162,
0.5480

■ 14.5651, 0.3184,
0.4264

■ 12.6850, 0.3135,
0.5701

■ 15.1751, 0.3172,
0.3960

■ 12.5104, 0.3102,
0.5862

■ 15.8719, 0.3156,
0.3679

■ 12.4480, 0.3092,
0.5927

■ 16.6586, 0.3138,
0.3423

■ 17.5384, 0.3119,
0.3193

■ 18.5142, 0.3099,
0.2990

■ 19.5889, 0.3079,
0.2811

■ 20.7651, 0.3060,
0.2654

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5905, 0.4014, 0.4844



13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902



13.5905, 0.2393, 0.4260

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902



13.5905, 0.1731, 0.2067



13.5905, 0.4569, 0.3080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902



6.4297, 0.2945, 0.1941

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.5905, 0.3765, 0.2533



13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902



13.5905, 0.2138, 0.1973

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902



13.5905, 0.1629, 0.2482



13.5905, 0.2849, 0.2142



13.5905, 0.4894, 0.3703

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902



13.5905, 0.1989, 0.3597



13.5905, 0.2849, 0.2142



13.5905, 0.4339, 0.2886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.5911, 0.3190, 0.4902



28.1860, 0.3159, 0.3727



13.2172, 0.4033, 0.4321



6.6776, 0.3162, 0.3769



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.5911, 0.3190, 0.4902



23.4918, 0.3176, 0.5297



13.3965, 0.2881, 0.4502



4.1308, 0.3144, 0.3507



14.2230, 0.3088, 0.5930



69.0089, 0.3062, 0.5951

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.4297, 0.2945, 0.1941



9.2089, 0.2881, 0.1673



6.8737, 0.3547, 0.2343



3.7221, 0.3108, 0.3079



3.9838, 0.2716, 0.1270



19.0455, 0.2689, 0.1255

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

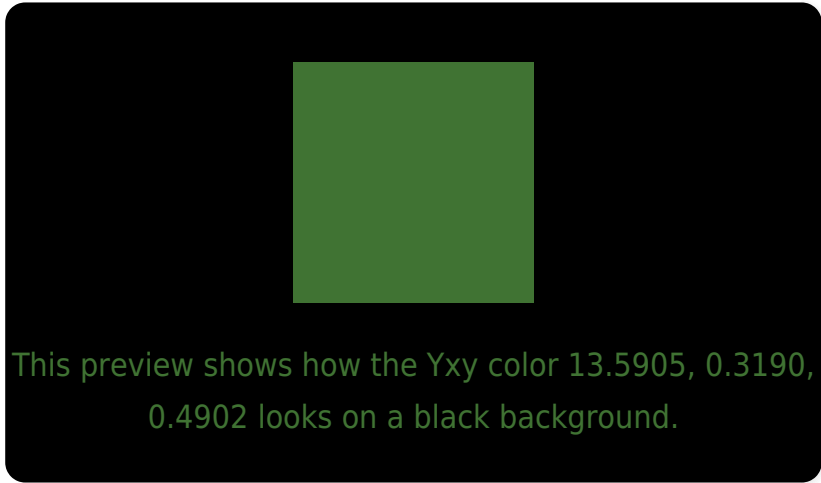
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

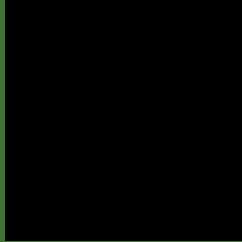
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902

Protanopia

13.4831, 0.4043, 0.4431

Deuteranopia

13.4565, 0.4178, 0.4108



Tritanopia

13.5460, 0.2630, 0.3083

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902

Protanomaly

13.2156, 0.3709, 0.4618

Deuteranomaly

13.0505, 0.3777, 0.4397

Tritanomaly

13.5369, 0.2847, 0.3730

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902

Achromatopsia

10.7023, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.4440, 0.3172, 0.3872

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 115, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 115, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 115, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 115, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 115, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 115, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 115, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 115, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 115, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 115,  
51) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.5905, 0.3190, 0.4902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 115, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 115,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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