

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.8305, 0.2762, 0.4991)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(13.8305, 0.2762, 0.4991)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E783A
RGB	14, 120, 58
RGB Percent	5%, 47%, 23%
CMY	0.9446, 0.5294, 0.7725
CMYK	0.88, 0.00, 0.52, 0.53
HSL	145°, 79%, 26%
HSV	145°, 88%, 47%
XYZ	7.6627, 13.8318, 6.2690
YIQ	81.2380, -43.2740, -41.7540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

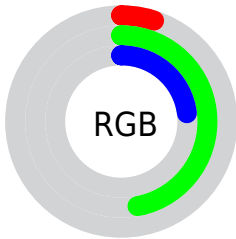
Format	Color
RYB	14, 89, 120
Decimal	948282
CIELab	43.99, -42.58, 26.20
CIElCh	44, 49.999, 148.393
Yxy	13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279138362 (0xFF0E783A)
YUV	81.2380, -11.4563, -58.9677
Hunter-Lab	37.1911, -28.3069, 16.0398

Details

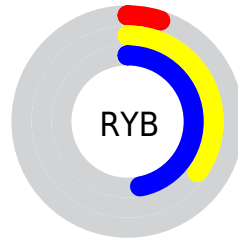
The Yxy color **13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **4.8339, 0.4314, 0.2264**, and the grayscale version is **8.3152, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.6771, 0.2890, 0.4510**, and **4.4069, 0.2914, 0.5691** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6850, 0.2779, 0.5182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.0357, 0.2753, 0.4770**.

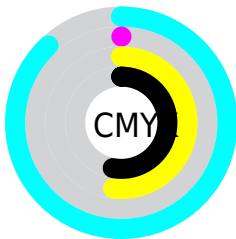
Distribution



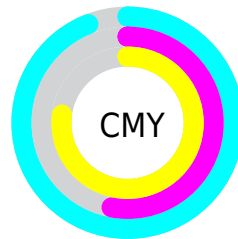
- Red (5%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (53%)





- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13.8318, 0.2760,
0.4982

 13.8318, 0.2760,
0.4982


216.1819, 0.3021,
0.3899


 8.0038, 0.2643,
0.5382

 32.7903, 0.2885,
0.4507


 4.0974, 0.2437,
0.6005

 46.6895, 0.2921,
0.4356


 1.7282, 0.2002,
0.7998

 64.0480, 0.2948,
0.4238

 0.4418, 0.0000,
1.0000

 85.2500, 0.2969,
0.4143

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 110.6800, 0.2986,
0.4065

 140.7224, 0.3000,

0.4001

175.7616, 0.3011,
0.3946

■ 13.8318, 0.2760,
0.4982

■ 13.8318, 0.2760,
0.4982

■ 13.6850, 0.2779,
0.5182

■ 14.0357, 0.2753,
0.4770

■ 13.6604, 0.2782,
0.5217

■ 14.3155, 0.2763,
0.4551

■ 14.6795, 0.2790,
0.4333

■ 15.1343, 0.2830,
0.4120

■ 15.6860, 0.2881,
0.3919

■ 16.3401, 0.2940,
0.3732

■ 17.1016, 0.3004,
0.3560

■ 17.9753, 0.3071,
0.3405

■ 18.9656, 0.3139,
0.3267

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.8318, 0.3710, 0.5213



13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982



13.8318, 0.1961, 0.3931

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982



13.8318, 0.1704, 0.1822



13.8318, 0.5042, 0.3311

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982



4.8339, 0.4314, 0.2264

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8318, 0.4308, 0.2668



13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982



13.8318, 0.2296, 0.1855

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982



13.8318, 0.1451, 0.2104



13.8318, 0.3232, 0.2153



13.8318, 0.5096, 0.4014

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982



13.8318, 0.1625, 0.3140



13.8318, 0.3232, 0.2153



13.8318, 0.4865, 0.3088

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.8324, 0.2760, 0.4982



28.9406, 0.2950, 0.3703



15.0695, 0.3566, 0.5424



6.7768, 0.2933, 0.3753



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.8324, 0.2760, 0.4982



24.0017, 0.2794, 0.5260



14.6398, 0.2349, 0.3552



4.4750, 0.3065, 0.3418



14.9006, 0.2784, 0.5224



70.9160, 0.2810, 0.5317

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.8339, 0.4314, 0.2264



7.7799, 0.4577, 0.2295



4.3794, 0.5861, 0.3178



4.0507, 0.3194, 0.3165



4.8395, 0.4544, 0.2277



22.9122, 0.4633, 0.2326

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982

Protanopia

13.7260, 0.3975, 0.4361

Deuteranopia

13.6425, 0.4056, 0.4005



Tritanopia

13.8438, 0.2364, 0.3076

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982

Protanomaly

13.0379, 0.3359, 0.4667

Deuteranomaly

12.7836, 0.3396, 0.4409

Tritanomaly

13.7667, 0.2495, 0.3724

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982

Achromatopsia

8.2283, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

9.5353, 0.2874, 0.3925

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 120, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 120, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 120, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 120, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 120, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 120, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 120, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 120, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 120, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 120,  
58) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.8318, 0.2760, 0.4982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 120, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 120,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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