

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.8370, 0.2997, 0.5892)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(13.8370, 0.2997, 0.5892)
contains.

Yxy(13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	08790B
RGB	8, 121, 11
RGB Percent	3%, 47%, 4%
CMY	0.9686, 0.5255, 0.9569
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 0.91, 0.53
HSL	122°, 88%, 25%
HSV	122°, 93%, 47%
XYZ	6.9978, 13.7505, 2.6011
YIQ	74.6730, -32.0380, -58.1660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

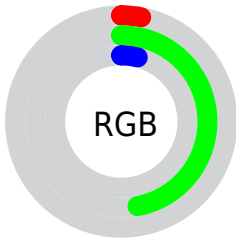
Format	Color
R_{YB}	8, 118, 121
Decimal	555275
CIE Lab	43.87, -48.51, 45.63
CIE LCh	44, 66.598, 136.754
Yxy	13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278745355 (0xFF08790B)
YUV	74.6730, -31.3908, -58.4722
Hunter-Lab	37.0817, -31.2074, 21.7982

Details

The Yxy color **13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **5.5475, 0.3267, 0.1612**, and the grayscale version is **7.0362, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.8145, 0.3125, 0.5196**, and **4.5065, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6823, 0.2992, 0.5973**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.8860, 0.3001, 0.5724**.

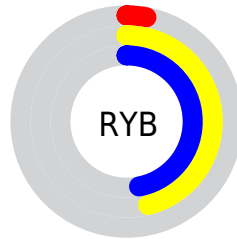
Distribution



Red (3%)

Green (47%)

Blue (4%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (47%)

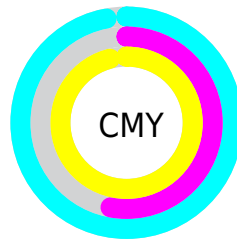


Cyan (93%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (97%)


Magenta (53%)


Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13.7505, 0.2997,
0.5889


 13.7505, 0.2997,
0.5889


215.6731, 0.3187,
0.4237


 7.9473, 0.2840,
0.6436


 32.6457, 0.3125,
0.5186


 4.0613, 0.2600,
0.7400

 46.5065, 0.3152,
0.4954

 1.7079, 0.1389,
0.8611

 63.8219, 0.3167,
0.4770

 0.4288, 0.0000,
1.0000


 84.9765, 0.3177,
0.4622


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 110.3545, 0.3182,
0.4500

 140.3403, 0.3185,

0.4398


 175.3184, 0.3186,
0.4312


 13.7505, 0.2997,
0.5889

 13.7505, 0.2997,
0.5889


 13.6823, 0.2992,
0.5973

 13.8860, 0.3001,
0.5724

 14.1043, 0.3009,
0.5486

 14.4174, 0.3021,
0.5192

 14.8344, 0.3037,
0.4866

 15.3633, 0.3054,
0.4530

■ 16.0115, 0.3072,
0.4201

■ 16.7855, 0.3090,
0.3894

■ 17.6916, 0.3107,
0.3615

■ 18.7355, 0.3122,
0.3367

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.7505, 0.4155, 0.5512



13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889



13.7505, 0.1925, 0.4824

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889



13.7505, 0.1220, 0.1541



13.7505, 0.5373, 0.2915

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889



5.5475, 0.3267, 0.1612

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.7505, 0.4130, 0.2218



13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889



13.7505, 0.1736, 0.1473

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889



13.7505, 0.1063, 0.2005



13.7505, 0.2720, 0.1707



13.7505, 0.5713, 0.3688

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889



13.7505, 0.1423, 0.3640



13.7505, 0.2720, 0.1707



13.7505, 0.5034, 0.2671

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.7511, 0.2997, 0.5889



29.2918, 0.3081, 0.4054



17.6232, 0.4145, 0.5036



6.5898, 0.3074, 0.4164



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.7511, 0.2997, 0.5889



24.4970, 0.2994, 0.5980



14.1249, 0.2682, 0.4775



4.4515, 0.3114, 0.3505



14.6618, 0.2993, 0.5974



69.9184, 0.2997, 0.5989

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.5475, 0.3267, 0.1612



9.6102, 0.3275, 0.1578



4.5936, 0.4784, 0.2480



4.0758, 0.3141, 0.3084



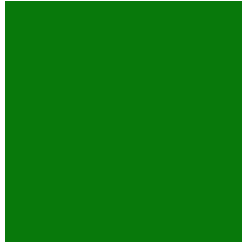
5.7529, 0.3274, 0.1577



27.4211, 0.3277, 0.1579

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

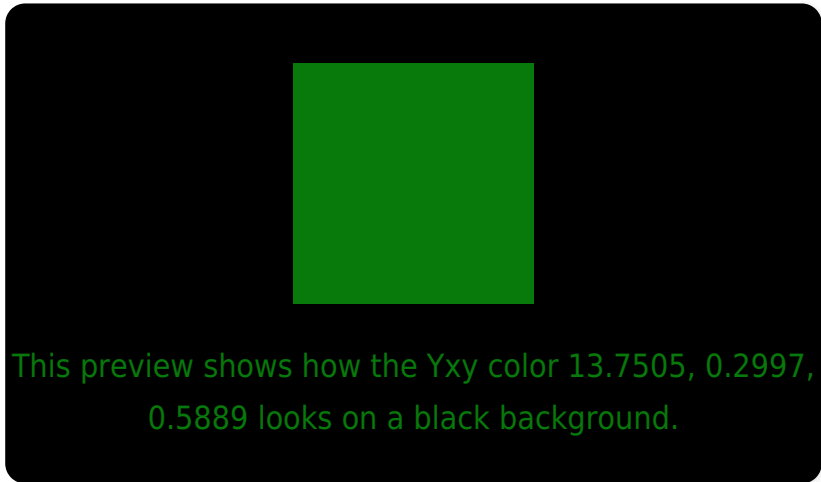
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889

Protanopia

13.6825, 0.4394, 0.4893

Deuteranopia

13.5650, 0.4543, 0.4471



Tritanopia

13.9192, 0.2384, 0.3077

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889

Protanomaly

12.7384, 0.3682, 0.5417

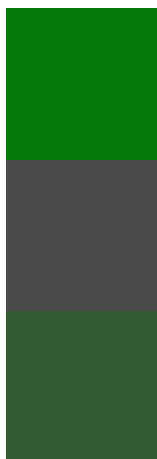
Deuteranomaly

12.3444, 0.3785, 0.5113

Tritanomaly

13.4573, 0.2640, 0.4198

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889

Achromatopsia

7.0360, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.6060, 0.3056, 0.4524

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 121, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 121, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 121, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 121, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 121, 11) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 121, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 121, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 121, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 121, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 121, 11)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.7505, 0.2997, 0.5889 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 121, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 121,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor