

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9C5352
RGB	156, 83, 82
RGB Percent	61%, 33%, 32%
CMY	0.3882, 0.6745, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.47, 0.39
HSL	1°, 31%, 47%
HSV	1°, 47%, 61%
XYZ	18.3284, 13.8636, 9.6920
YIQ	104.7130, 43.8290, 15.1650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

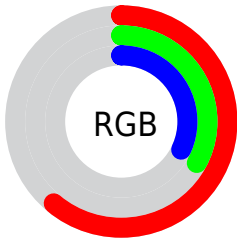
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 83, 82
Decimal	10244946
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.04, 30.09, 14.21
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 33.277, 25.284
Yxy	13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288435026 (0xFF9C5352)
YUV	104.7130, -11.1975, 44.9787
Hunter-Lab	37.2339, 22.7077, 10.6305

# Details

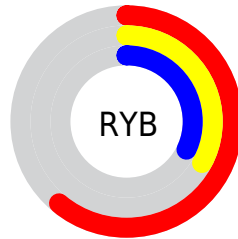
The Yxy color **13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **27.6424, 0.2509, 0.3270**, and the grayscale version is **14.0670, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.8350, 0.4063, 0.3330**, and **4.1023, 0.4996, 0.3252** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5539, 0.4804, 0.3314**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7515, 0.4007, 0.3306**.

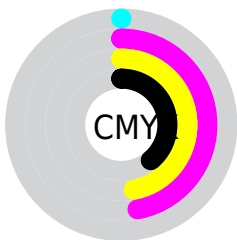
# Distribution



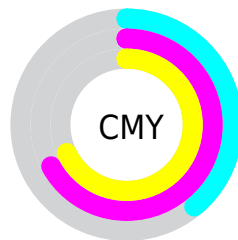
- Red (61%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (39%)




- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (68%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 13.8636, 0.4376,  
0.3310


 13.8636, 0.4376,  
0.3310


216.3806, 0.3621,  
0.3324


 8.0259, 0.4625,  
0.3289


 32.8468, 0.4062,  
0.3325


 4.1115, 0.4990,  
0.3242


 46.7611, 0.3957,  
0.3327


 1.7361, 0.5592,  
0.3143

 64.1363, 0.3873,  
0.3328

 0.4469, 0.7288,  
0.2712

 85.3569, 0.3804,  
0.3328

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

 110.8072, 0.3747,  
0.3327

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

140.8717, 0.3698,

0.3326

175.9347, 0.3657,  
0.3325

■ 13.8636, 0.4376,  
0.3310

■ 13.8636, 0.4376,  
0.3310

■ 11.5539, 0.4804,  
0.3314

■ 16.7515, 0.4007,  
0.3306

■ 9.7816, 0.5269,  
0.3316

■ 20.2506, 0.3700,  
0.3301

■ 8.5039, 0.5721,  
0.3315


■ 24.3940, 0.3451,  
0.3297

■ 7.6707, 0.6093,  
0.3312

■ 29.2117, 0.3250,  
0.3293

■ 7.2092, 0.6334,  
0.3309


■ 34.7320, 0.3089,  
0.3289

 7.1150, 0.6389,  
0.3309

 40.9814, 0.2959,  
0.3286

 47.9851, 0.2854,  
0.3283

 55.7671, 0.2768,  
0.3280

 64.3503, 0.2697,  
0.3278

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.8636, 0.3853, 0.2823



13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310



13.8636, 0.4504, 0.3833

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310



13.8636, 0.2990, 0.4399



13.8636, 0.2080, 0.2259

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310



27.6424, 0.2509, 0.3270

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.8636, 0.1912, 0.2527



13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310



13.8636, 0.2391, 0.3796

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310



13.8636, 0.3662, 0.4564



13.8636, 0.2014, 0.3070



13.8636, 0.2504, 0.2244



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310



13.8636, 0.4356, 0.4162



13.8636, 0.2014, 0.3070



13.8636, 0.1995, 0.2318

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.8643, 0.4376, 0.3310



46.9320, 0.3383, 0.3296



15.5043, 0.3180, 0.2169



9.9556, 0.3426, 0.3296



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.8643, 0.4376, 0.3310



20.7301, 0.4835, 0.3314



20.8734, 0.4076, 0.3897



6.6598, 0.3284, 0.3294



5.8636, 0.6387, 0.3310



0.1086, 0.6322, 0.3362



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.6424, 0.2509, 0.3270



48.8647, 0.2414, 0.3266



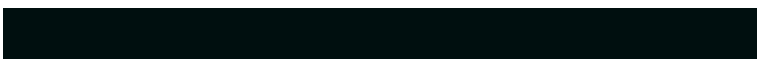
17.3895, 0.2384, 0.2579



7.4941, 0.2988, 0.3287



20.9898, 0.2235, 0.3247

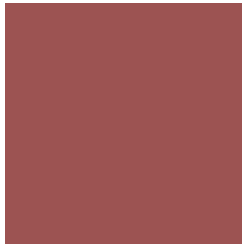


0.3797, 0.2240, 0.3265



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

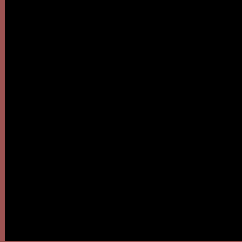
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310

### Protanopia

13.9245, 0.3362, 0.3549

### Deuteranopia

13.8898, 0.3784, 0.3718



## Tritanopia

13.8071, 0.4278, 0.3195

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310

## Protanomaly

13.5059, 0.3718, 0.3452

## Deuteranomaly

13.7355, 0.4000, 0.3558

## Tritanomaly

13.7744, 0.4313, 0.3228

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310

## Achromatopsia

14.1263, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

13.6975, 0.3543, 0.3291

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 83, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 83, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 83, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 83, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 83, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 83, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 83, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 83, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 83, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 83,  
82) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.8636, 0.4376, 0.3310 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 83, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156, 83,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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