

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(13.9102, 0.2846, 0.4215)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(13.9102, 0.2846, 0.4215)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A7450
RGB	58, 116, 80
RGB Percent	23%, 45%, 31%
CMY	0.7726, 0.5451, 0.6862
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.31, 0.55
HSL	143°, 33%, 34%
HSV	143°, 50%, 45%
XYZ	9.4380, 13.9695, 9.7899
YIQ	94.5540, -23.0120, -23.4920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

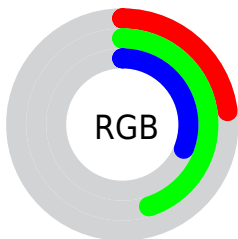
Format	Color
RYB	58, 100, 116
Decimal	3830864
CIELab	44.19, -27.90, 14.18
CIELCh	44, 31.295, 153.066
Yxy	13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282020944 (0xFF3A7450)
YUV	94.5540, -7.1751, -32.0579
Hunter-Lab	37.3758, -20.3333, 10.6331

Details

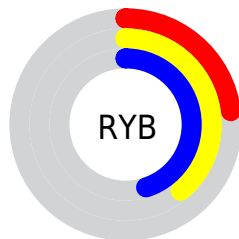
The Yxy color **13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **7.5462, 0.3607, 0.2536**, and the grayscale version is **11.3530, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.8415, 0.2926, 0.3960**, and **4.1421, 0.2660, 0.4743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5600, 0.2808, 0.4434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.4699, 0.2889, 0.3992**.

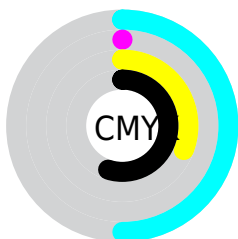
Distribution



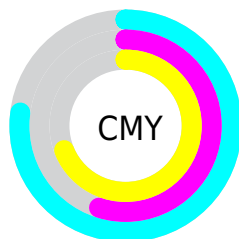
- Red (23%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.9695, 0.2843,
0.4208

■ 13.9695, 0.2843,
0.4208

■ 217.0410, 0.3026,
0.3633

■ 8.0995, 0.2773,
0.4416

■ 33.0349, 0.2924,
0.3960

■ 4.1587, 0.2661,
0.4741

■ 46.9990, 0.2949,
0.3880

■ 1.7627, 0.2465,
0.5351

■ 64.4300, 0.2969,
0.3817

■ 0.4638, 0.0000,
1.0000

■ 85.7122, 0.2985,
0.3766

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 111.2300, 0.2998,
0.3724

■ 141.3678, 0.3009,

0.3689

176.5100, 0.3018,
0.3659

■ 13.9695, 0.2843,
0.4208

■ 13.9695, 0.2843,
0.4208

■ 13.5600, 0.2808,
0.4434

■ 14.4699, 0.2889,
0.3992

■ 13.2340, 0.2786,
0.4665

■ 15.0647, 0.2943,
0.3791

■ 12.9857, 0.2780,
0.4893

■ 15.7592, 0.3002,
0.3607

■ 12.8077, 0.2791,
0.5110

■ 16.5578, 0.3064,
0.3440

■ 12.6736, 0.2809,
0.5313

■ 17.4648, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 18.4840, 0.3190,
0.3157

■ 19.6193, 0.3251,
0.3040

■ 20.8741, 0.3310,
0.2937

■ 22.2518, 0.3367,
0.2846

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9695, 0.3476, 0.4486



13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208



13.9695, 0.2319, 0.3585

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208



13.9695, 0.2219, 0.2290



13.9695, 0.4370, 0.3444

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208



7.5462, 0.3607, 0.2536

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9695, 0.3963, 0.2964



13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208



13.9695, 0.2682, 0.2330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208



13.9695, 0.1994, 0.2483



13.9695, 0.3319, 0.2571



13.9695, 0.4389, 0.3936

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208



13.9695, 0.2094, 0.3135



13.9695, 0.3319, 0.2571



13.9695, 0.4273, 0.3279

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9701, 0.2843, 0.4208



28.3270, 0.3031, 0.3527



15.2154, 0.3520, 0.4578



6.7028, 0.3020, 0.3555



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9701, 0.2843, 0.4208



23.7390, 0.2803, 0.4469



14.4792, 0.2570, 0.3474



4.1191, 0.3070, 0.3425



14.2184, 0.2812, 0.5323



69.1326, 0.2839, 0.5419

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.5462, 0.3607, 0.2536



11.0427, 0.3770, 0.2386



7.1284, 0.4251, 0.3127



3.7355, 0.3189, 0.3159



4.6878, 0.4404, 0.2200



22.6737, 0.4486, 0.2245

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208

Protanopia

13.8534, 0.3644, 0.3913

Deuteranopia

13.8194, 0.3678, 0.3620



Tritanopia

13.9539, 0.2531, 0.3082

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208

Protanomaly

13.5363, 0.3298, 0.4017

Deuteranomaly

13.5293, 0.3315, 0.3816

Tritanomaly

13.9202, 0.2643, 0.3481

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208

Achromatopsia

11.4435, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.2325, 0.3001, 0.3608

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 116, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 116, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 116, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 116, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 116, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 116, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 116, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 116, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 116, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 116,  
80) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.9695, 0.2843, 0.4208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 116, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 116,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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