

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(133.6148, 0.3717, 0.3950)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(133.6148, 0.3717, 0.3950)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFD0
RGB	255, 255, 208
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.1845
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 91%
HSV	60°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	88.3818, 97.3341, 73.7726
YIQ	249.6420, 15.0870, -14.6170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

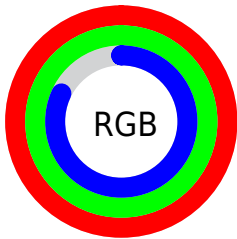
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 255, 208
Decimal	16777168
CIE Lab	98.96, -7.49, 22.55
CIE LCh	99, 23.757, 108.374
Yxy	97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967248 (0xFFFFFFFFD0)
YUV	249.6420, -20.5295, 4.6990
Hunter-Lab	98.6580, -12.7443, 24.7259

# Details

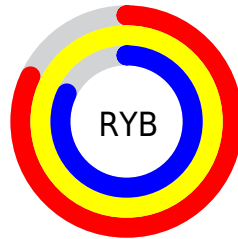
The Yxy color **97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **65.7125, 0.2821, 0.2783**, and the grayscale version is **95.4453, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **54.6938, 0.3466, 0.3851** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96.1762, 0.3559, 0.4004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.6892, 0.3253, 0.3498**.

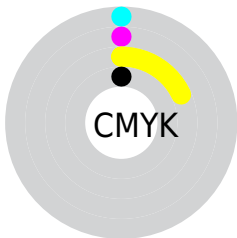
# Distribution



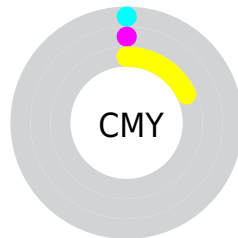
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 97.3341, 0.3406,  
0.3751

 97.3341, 0.3406,  
0.3751

551.6107, 0.3286,  
0.3546

 74.0792, 0.3432,  
0.3796


157.4853, 0.3366,  
0.3682

 54.8588, 0.3462,  
0.3850


195.1505, 0.3350,  
0.3654

 39.2887, 0.3499,  
0.3917


238.3877, 0.3336,  
0.3630

 26.9844, 0.3546,  
0.4002

287.5816, 0.3323,  
0.3609

 17.5615, 0.3604,  
0.4114

343.1164, 0.3312,  
0.3591

 10.6356, 0.3681,  
0.4264

405.3766, 0.3302,

 5.8224, 0.3782,

0.3574

0.4479

474.7466, 0.3294,  
0.3559

■ 2.7374, 0.3931,  
0.4820

■ 0.9962, 0.4327,  
0.5673

■ 97.3341, 0.3406,  
0.3751

■ 97.3341, 0.3406,  
0.3751

■ 96.1762, 0.3559,  
0.4004


■ 98.6892, 0.3253,  
0.3498

■ 95.2127, 0.3706,  
0.4247


100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 94.4310, 0.3842,  
0.4472


■ 93.8196, 0.3961,  
0.4669

 93.3659, 0.4057,  
0.4828

 93.0554, 0.4128,  
0.4944

 92.8710, 0.4171,  
0.5016

 92.7887, 0.4191,  
0.5049

 92.7800, 0.4193,  
0.5053

# Harmonies

## Analogous

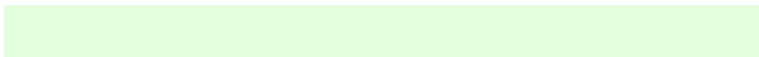
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.3341, 0.3588, 0.3667



97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



97.3341, 0.3154, 0.3703

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



97.3341, 0.2637, 0.3057



97.3341, 0.3345, 0.3067

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



65.7125, 0.2821, 0.2783

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.3341, 0.3083, 0.2918



97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



97.3341, 0.2682, 0.2905

# Square

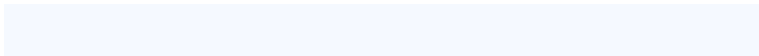
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



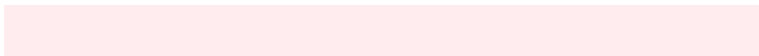
97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



97.3341, 0.2716, 0.3286



97.3341, 0.2842, 0.2858



97.3341, 0.3554, 0.3272

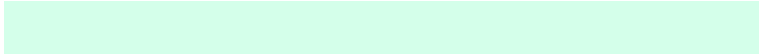


# Rectangle

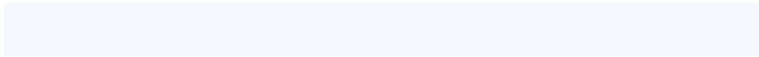
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



97.3341, 0.2982, 0.3597



97.3341, 0.2842, 0.2858



97.3341, 0.3260, 0.3009

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97.3318, 0.3406, 0.3751



99.0535, 0.3216, 0.3437



70.9011, 0.3489, 0.3291



21.1805, 0.3226, 0.3453



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

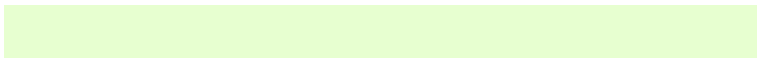
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97.3318, 0.3406, 0.3751



96.8989, 0.3460, 0.3841



93.1402, 0.3252, 0.3774



21.0908, 0.3269, 0.3525



48.4795, 0.4193, 0.5053



4.7203, 0.4193, 0.5053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.7125, 0.2821, 0.2783



60.1493, 0.2754, 0.2672



69.3777, 0.2982, 0.2807



17.3778, 0.2978, 0.3044



3.7726, 0.1500, 0.0600

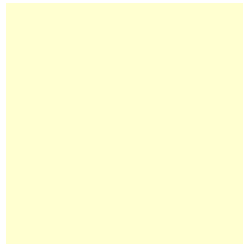


0.3673, 0.1500, 0.0600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

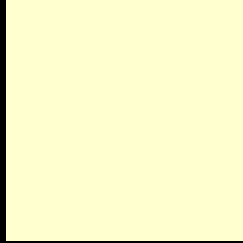
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

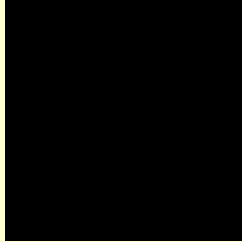
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



### Protanopia

97.4125, 0.3193, 0.3367

### Deuteranopia

97.0939, 0.3164, 0.3309

## **Tritanopia**

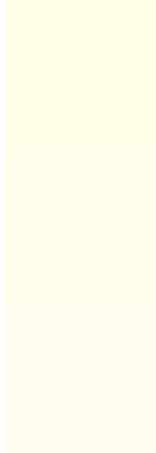
97.2852, 0.3123, 0.3252

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



## Protanomaly

97.2801, 0.3270, 0.3504

## Deuteranomaly

96.8213, 0.3253, 0.3465

## Tritanomaly

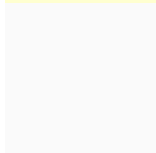
96.8647, 0.3222, 0.3426

# Monochromacy



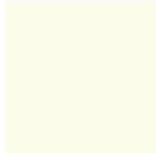
## Original Color

97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751



## Achromatopsia

95.5973, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

96.3144, 0.3227, 0.3456

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
208) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 97.3341, 0.3406, 0.3751 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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