

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(136.2736, 0.3693, 0.3795)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(136.2736, 0.3693, 0.3795)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFE1
RGB	255, 255, 225
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 88%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.1178
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.12, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 94%
HSV	60°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	90.5936, 98.2162, 85.3839
YIQ	251.5800, 9.6300, -9.3300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

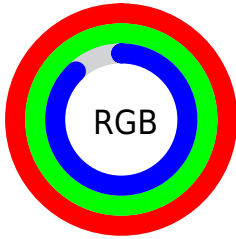
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 255, 225
Decimal	16777185
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.31, -4.94, 14.37
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 15.198, 108.981
Yxy	98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967265 (0xFFFFFFFFE1)
YUV	251.5800, -13.1039, 2.9993
Hunter-Lab	99.1041, -10.2607, 18.2911

# Details

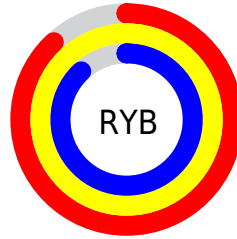
The Yxy color 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFCC. A complement of this color would be 77.0469, 0.2940, 0.2980, and the grayscale version is 97.0770, 0.3127, 0.3290.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290, and 55.2962, 0.3337, 0.3636 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 96.9247, 0.3457, 0.3836, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99.7108, 0.3153, 0.3333.

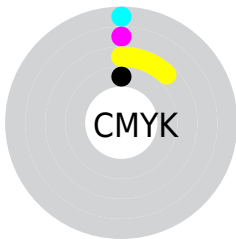
# Distribution



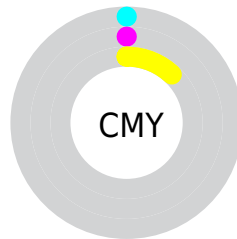
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 98.2162, 0.3304,  
0.3582

 98.2162, 0.3304,  
0.3582


554.4109, 0.3227,  
0.3453

 74.8147, 0.3320,  
0.3610

158.7005, 0.3278,  
0.3538

 55.4611, 0.3340,  
0.3644


196.5521, 0.3268,  
0.3521

 39.7710, 0.3365,  
0.3687


239.9892, 0.3259,  
0.3506

 27.3600, 0.3395,  
0.3740

289.3962, 0.3251,  
0.3493

 17.8438, 0.3435,  
0.3811

345.1575, 0.3244,  
0.3481

 10.8379, 0.3487,  
0.3907

407.6574, 0.3238,

 5.9579, 0.3561,

0.3471

0.4046

477.2804, 0.3232,  
0.3461

■ 2.8195, 0.3669,  
0.4262

■ 1.0383, 0.4264,  
0.5156

■ 98.2162, 0.3304,  
0.3582

■ 98.2162, 0.3304,  
0.3582

■ 96.9247, 0.3457,  
0.3836

■ 99.7108, 0.3153,  
0.3333

■ 95.8343, 0.3609,  
0.4086

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 94.9326, 0.3753,  
0.4325

■ 94.2090, 0.3884,  
0.4541

■ 93.6516, 0.3996,  
0.4726

■ 93.2473, 0.4084,  
0.4871

■ 92.9809, 0.4145,  
0.4973

■ 92.8340, 0.4180,  
0.5031

■ 92.7800, 0.4193,  
0.5053

# Harmonies

## Analogous

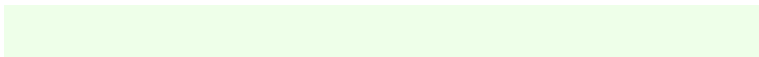
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98.2162, 0.3419, 0.3535



98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



98.2162, 0.3143, 0.3547

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



98.2162, 0.2810, 0.3142



98.2162, 0.3270, 0.3149

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



77.0469, 0.2940, 0.2980

# Split Complementary

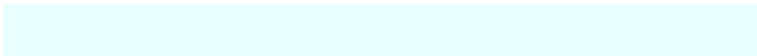
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.2162, 0.3104, 0.3050



98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



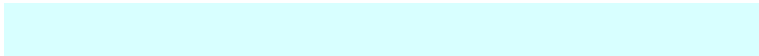
98.2162, 0.2841, 0.3043

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



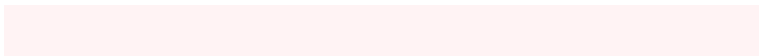
98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



98.2162, 0.2861, 0.3287



98.2162, 0.2948, 0.3011



98.2162, 0.3400, 0.3284



# Rectangle

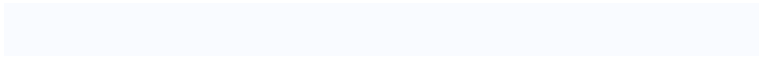
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



98.2162, 0.3033, 0.3481



98.2162, 0.2948, 0.3011



98.2162, 0.3217, 0.3110

# Sweetspot

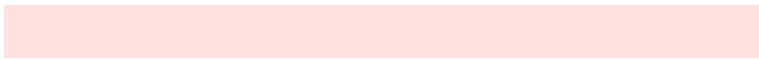
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98.2138, 0.3304, 0.3582



99.3604, 0.3186, 0.3388



80.5203, 0.3340, 0.3291



21.2423, 0.3198, 0.3406



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

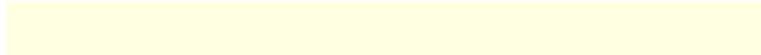


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

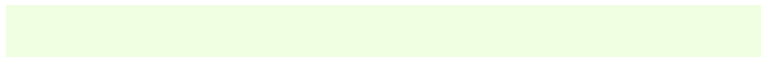
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98.2138, 0.3304, 0.3582



97.9103, 0.3338, 0.3638



95.4752, 0.3207, 0.3591



21.0908, 0.3269, 0.3525



48.4795, 0.4193, 0.5053



4.7203, 0.4193, 0.5053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.0469, 0.2940, 0.2980



73.1464, 0.2901, 0.2917



79.5679, 0.3039, 0.2989



17.3778, 0.2978, 0.3044



3.7726, 0.1500, 0.0600

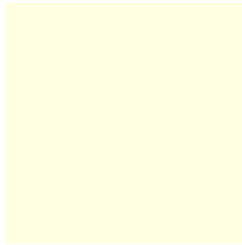


0.3673, 0.1500, 0.0600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

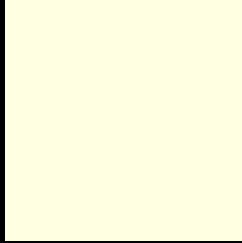
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

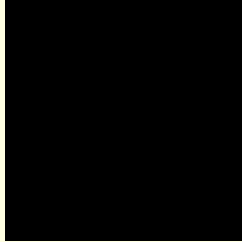
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582.

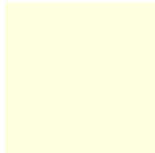


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



### Protanopia

98.2879, 0.3169, 0.3338

### Deuteranopia

98.5388, 0.3145, 0.3300

## **Tritanopia**

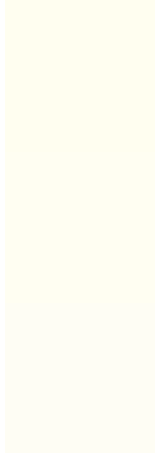
97.9116, 0.3122, 0.3261

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



## Protanomaly

98.4349, 0.3215, 0.3425

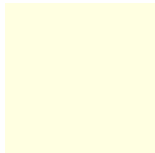
## Deuteranomaly

98.5544, 0.3203, 0.3405

## Tritanomaly

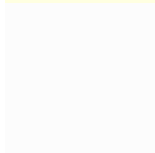
97.8530, 0.3186, 0.3377

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582



## Achromatopsia

97.3445, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

97.5440, 0.3191, 0.3396

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
225) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 98.2162, 0.3304, 0.3582 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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