

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(138.2365, 0.4629, 0.3677)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(138.2365, 0.4629, 0.3677)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF7BA
RGB	255, 247, 186
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 73%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0313, 0.2707
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	53°, 100%, 86%
HSV	53°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	83.3588, 91.3267, 59.6658
YIQ	242.4380, 24.3490, -17.2750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

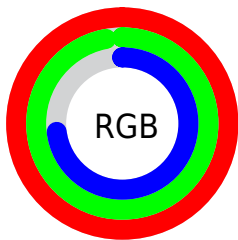
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	195, 255, 186
Decimal	16775098
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.54, -6.50, 30.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 31.067, 102.084
Yxy	91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965178 (0xFFFFF7BA)
YUV	242.4380, -27.8239, 11.0169
Hunter-Lab	95.5650, -11.5381, 29.8779

# Details

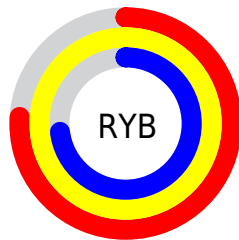
The Yxy color **91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.2132, 0.2663, 0.2600**, and the grayscale version is **89.3683, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.1908, 0.3203, 0.3415**, and **50.9333, 0.3650, 0.4034** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.5519, 0.3722, 0.4121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.3318, 0.3393, 0.3669**.

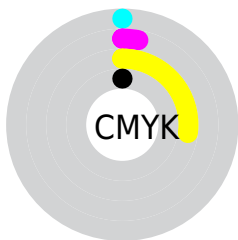
# Distribution



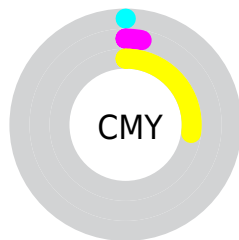
- Red (100%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 91.3267, 0.3557,  
0.3897

 91.3267, 0.3557,  
0.3897


532.3372, 0.3370,  
0.3626

 69.0815, 0.3597,  
0.3956


 149.1799, 0.3494,  
0.3805

 50.7781, 0.3644,  
0.4028

185.5567, 0.3469,  
0.3769

 36.0320, 0.3702,  
0.4117


227.4128, 0.3448,  
0.3737

 24.4589, 0.3773,  
0.4228

275.1326, 0.3428,  
0.3709

 15.6744, 0.3863,  
0.4373

329.1006, 0.3411,  
0.3685

 9.2941, 0.3976,  
0.4565

389.7011, 0.3396,

 4.9335, 0.4117,

0.3663

0.4827

457.3185, 0.3382,  
0.3643

■ 2.2083, 0.4518,  
0.5482

■ 0.7245, 0.4224,  
0.5776

■ 91.3267, 0.3557,  
0.3897

■ 91.3267, 0.3557,  
0.3897

■ 88.5519, 0.3722,  
0.4121

■ 94.3318, 0.3393,  
0.3669

■ 85.9846, 0.3884,  
0.4331

■ 97.5644, 0.3234,  
0.3444

■ 83.6175, 0.4033,  
0.4518

99.9991, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 81.4381, 0.4165,  
0.4672

■ 79.4320, 0.4273,  
0.4784

■ 77.5824, 0.4353,  
0.4851

■ 75.8679, 0.4405,  
0.4873

■ 75.3822, 0.4417,  
0.4875

# Harmonies

## Analogous

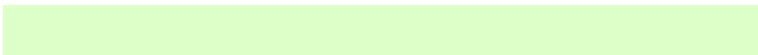
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.3267, 0.3773, 0.3744



91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897



91.3267, 0.3232, 0.3879

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897



91.3267, 0.2489, 0.3031



91.3267, 0.3345, 0.2947

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897



56.2132, 0.2663, 0.2600

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91.3267, 0.2992, 0.2775



91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897



91.3267, 0.2514, 0.2808

# Square

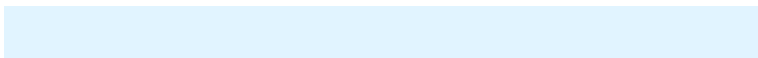
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897



91.3267, 0.2623, 0.3350



91.3267, 0.2693, 0.2722



91.3267, 0.3651, 0.3202

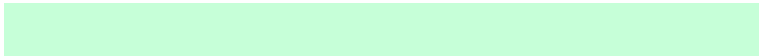


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897



91.3267, 0.3000, 0.3759



91.3267, 0.2693, 0.2722



91.3267, 0.3228, 0.2879

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.3308, 0.3557, 0.3897



97.2589, 0.3249, 0.3465



60.2563, 0.3648, 0.3208



20.7108, 0.3272, 0.3498



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

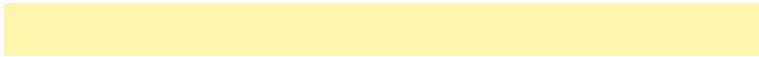


# Same Dimension

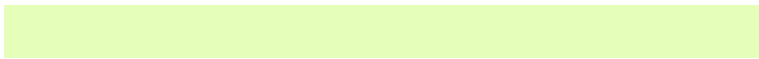
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.3308, 0.3557, 0.3897



89.9384, 0.3639, 0.4008



91.6415, 0.3360, 0.4011



20.7108, 0.3272, 0.3498



39.5335, 0.4413, 0.4878



3.9467, 0.4384, 0.4901



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.2132, 0.2663, 0.2600



49.9499, 0.2566, 0.2452



56.3813, 0.2839, 0.2546



17.7159, 0.2979, 0.3073



4.3510, 0.1523, 0.0682

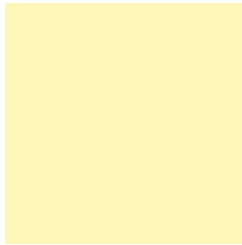


0.5274, 0.1563, 0.0826



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

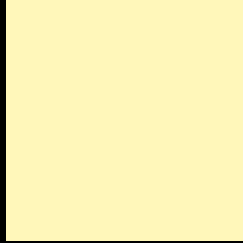
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

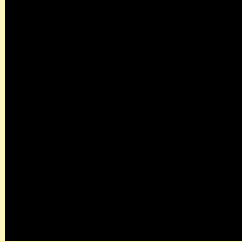
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

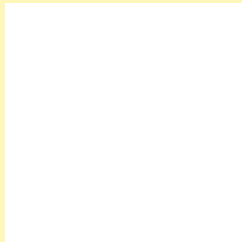
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897.

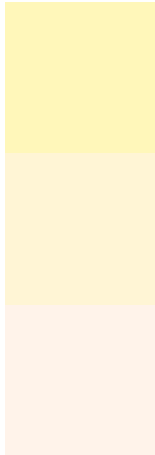


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897

### Protanopia

91.3689, 0.3391, 0.3607

### Deuteranopia

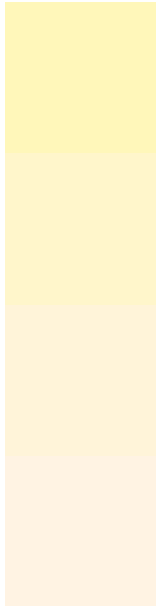
91.3017, 0.3261, 0.3378



## Tritanopia

91.1356, 0.3158, 0.3194

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897

## Protanomaly

91.4833, 0.3452, 0.3717

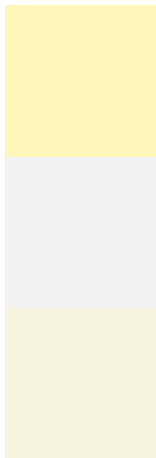
## Deuteranomaly

90.9711, 0.3367, 0.3557

## Tritanomaly

90.9072, 0.3305, 0.3448

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897

## Achromatopsia

88.7923, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

89.7495, 0.3282, 0.3511

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 247, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 247, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 247, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 247, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

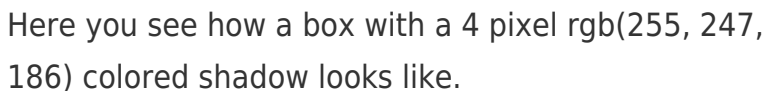
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 247, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 247, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 247, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 247, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 247,  
186) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 91.3267, 0.3557, 0.3897 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 247, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
247, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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