

Converting Colors

$Yxy(14.0063, 0.2445, 0.3806)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.0063, 0.2445, 0.3806)
contains.

Yxy(13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	157662
RGB	21, 118, 98
RGB Percent	8%, 46%, 38%
CMY	0.9181, 0.5372, 0.6157
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.17, 0.54
HSL	168°, 70%, 27%
HSV	168°, 82%, 46%
XYZ	8.9901, 13.9981, 13.7812
YIQ	86.7170, -51.3920, -26.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

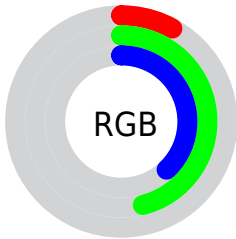
Format	Color
RYB	21, 75, 118
Decimal	1406562
CIELab	44.23, -31.80, 3.43
CIELCh	44, 31.984, 173.846
Yxy	13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279596642 (0xFF157662)
YUV	86.7170, 5.5625, -57.6338
Hunter-Lab	37.4140, -22.5833, 4.3508

Details

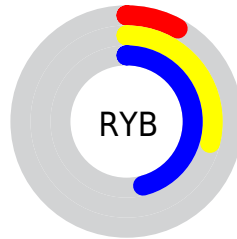
The Yxy color **13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.5438, 0.5347, 0.2986**, and the grayscale version is **9.4563, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.1806, 0.2615, 0.3670**, and **4.5042, 0.2448, 0.4012** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.8538, 0.2432, 0.3879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.2053, 0.2476, 0.3735**.

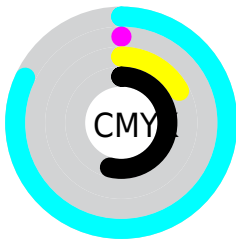
Distribution



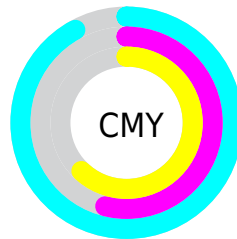
- Red (8%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (54%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 13.9981, 0.2445,
0.3807


 13.9981, 0.2445,
0.3807


217.2190, 0.2854,
0.3492


 8.1193, 0.2310,
0.3914


 33.0857, 0.2615,
0.3674


 4.1714, 0.2110,
0.4077

 47.0632, 0.2672,
0.3631

 1.7699, 0.1775,
0.4357

 64.5092, 0.2717,
0.3596

 0.4683, 0.0000,
0.6341

 85.8080, 0.2755,
0.3568

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 111.3440, 0.2786,
0.3544

 141.5016, 0.2812,

0.3524

176.6651, 0.2834,
0.3507

■ 13.9981, 0.2445,
0.3807

■ 13.9981, 0.2445,
0.3807

■ 13.8538, 0.2432,
0.3879

■ 14.2053, 0.2476,
0.3735

■ 13.7613, 0.2426,
0.3935

■ 14.4815, 0.2525,
0.3664

■ 14.8338, 0.2591,
0.3595

■ 15.2677, 0.2672,
0.3528

■ 15.7886, 0.2765,
0.3465

■ 16.4012, 0.2870,
0.3406

■ 17.1098, 0.2982,
0.3351

■ 17.9185, 0.3100,
0.3301

■ 18.8313, 0.3221,
0.3255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9981, 0.3030, 0.4365



13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807



13.9981, 0.2067, 0.3113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807



13.9981, 0.2504, 0.2277



13.9981, 0.4452, 0.3795

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807



4.5438, 0.5347, 0.2986

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9981, 0.4307, 0.3290



13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807



13.9981, 0.3111, 0.2463

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807



13.9981, 0.2104, 0.2304



13.9981, 0.3792, 0.2821



13.9981, 0.4203, 0.4251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807



13.9981, 0.1962, 0.2729



13.9981, 0.3792, 0.2821



13.9981, 0.4450, 0.3627

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9986, 0.2445, 0.3807



28.4583, 0.2834, 0.3425



13.5033, 0.3155, 0.5631



6.4748, 0.2805, 0.3441



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9986, 0.2445, 0.3807



24.1921, 0.2431, 0.3945



8.8618, 0.2102, 0.2561



4.1430, 0.3020, 0.3334



14.8838, 0.2427, 0.3938



72.4046, 0.2438, 0.3976

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.5438, 0.5347, 0.2986



6.9139, 0.5997, 0.3089



6.0531, 0.5375, 0.3748



3.7121, 0.3246, 0.3246



4.2380, 0.5980, 0.3068



20.5490, 0.6098, 0.3133

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

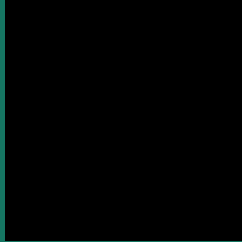
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807

Protanopia

13.9072, 0.3376, 0.3571

Deuteranopia

13.9115, 0.3319, 0.3270



Tritanopia

13.9212, 0.2300, 0.3052

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807

Protanomaly

13.3232, 0.2892, 0.3652

Deuteranomaly

13.2043, 0.2858, 0.3431

Tritanomaly

13.8063, 0.2339, 0.3288

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807

Achromatopsia

9.5307, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.5475, 0.2737, 0.3475

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 118, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 118, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 118, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 118, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 118, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 118, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 118, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 118, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 118, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 118,  
98) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.9981, 0.2445, 0.3807 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 118, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 118,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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