

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	506F66
RGB	80, 111, 102
RGB Percent	31%, 44%, 40%
CMY	0.6863, 0.5647, 0.5999
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.08, 0.56
HSL	163°, 16%, 37%
HSV	163°, 28%, 44%
XYZ	11.3906, 14.0337, 14.6834
YIQ	100.7050, -15.5870, -9.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

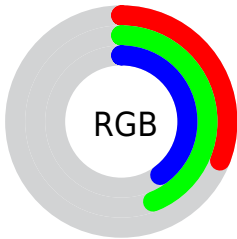
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 98, 111
Decimal	5271398
CIE _{Lab}	44.28, -13.32, 1.37
CIE _{LCh}	44, 13.390, 174.122
Yxy	14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283461478 (0xFF506F66)
YUV	100.7050, 0.6384, -18.1583
Hunter-Lab	37.4616, -11.2829, 2.9838

Details

The Yxy color **14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **9.8355, 0.3529, 0.3092**, and the grayscale version is **12.9350, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.2401, 0.2911, 0.3449**, and **4.1709, 0.2707, 0.3610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5279, 0.2750, 0.3586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.6230, 0.2938, 0.3418**.

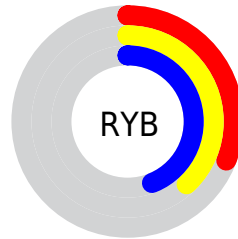
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (44%)

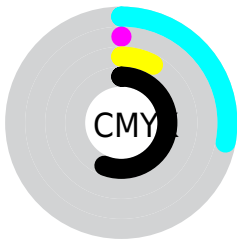
Blue (40%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (44%)

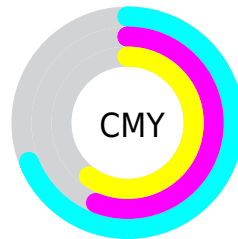


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.0337, 0.2840,
0.3499

■ 14.0337, 0.2840,
0.3499

■ 217.4404, 0.3012,
0.3373

■ 8.1441, 0.2783,
0.3541

■ 33.1488, 0.2912,
0.3446

■ 4.1873, 0.2697,
0.3605

■ 47.1431, 0.2936,
0.3429

■ 1.7789, 0.2555,
0.3713

■ 64.6078, 0.2955,
0.3415

■ 0.4740, 0.1229,
0.4649

■ 85.9272, 0.2970,
0.3403

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 111.4858, 0.2984,
0.3394

141.6679, 0.2995,

0.3386

176.8580, 0.3004,
0.3379

■ 14.0337, 0.2840,
0.3499

■ 14.0337, 0.2840,
0.3499

■ 13.5279, 0.2750,
0.3586

■ 14.6230, 0.2938,
0.3418

■ 13.0998, 0.2671,
0.3679

■ 15.2977, 0.3042,
0.3344

■ 12.7459, 0.2605,
0.3777

■ 16.0619, 0.3149,
0.3277

■ 12.4613, 0.2555,
0.3879

■ 16.9187, 0.3258,
0.3216

■ 12.2409, 0.2522,
0.3982

■ 17.8714, 0.3367,
0.3162

■ 12.0786, 0.2506,
0.4087

■ 18.9228, 0.3475,
0.3114

■ 11.9565, 0.2504,
0.4191

■ 20.0758, 0.3580,
0.3072

■ 11.9322, 0.2504,
0.4213

■ 21.3330, 0.3681,
0.3035

■ 22.6972, 0.3780,
0.3002

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0337, 0.3101, 0.3708



14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499



14.0337, 0.2660, 0.3234

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499



14.0337, 0.2865, 0.2832



14.0337, 0.3683, 0.3544

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499



9.8355, 0.3529, 0.3092

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.0337, 0.3616, 0.3315



14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499



14.0337, 0.3134, 0.2916

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499



14.0337, 0.2674, 0.2858



14.0337, 0.3412, 0.3090



14.0337, 0.3593, 0.3721

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499



14.0337, 0.2606, 0.3070



14.0337, 0.3412, 0.3090



14.0337, 0.3679, 0.3471

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0343, 0.2840, 0.3499



27.3559, 0.3039, 0.3346



14.0870, 0.3216, 0.4016



6.5339, 0.3026, 0.3355



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0343, 0.2840, 0.3499



24.4806, 0.2776, 0.3559



12.9151, 0.2729, 0.3145



3.7995, 0.3031, 0.3352



14.0549, 0.2506, 0.4221



69.8586, 0.2522, 0.4279

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8355, 0.3529, 0.3092



15.5359, 0.3667, 0.3040



10.6443, 0.3656, 0.3430



3.4159, 0.3234, 0.3229



4.1020, 0.5706, 0.2917



20.3012, 0.5843, 0.2992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

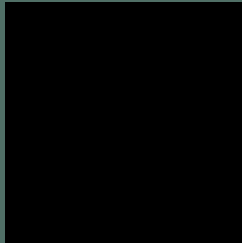
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499

Protanopia

13.9706, 0.3265, 0.3419

Deuteranopia

13.8842, 0.3276, 0.3228



Tritanopia

14.0606, 0.2709, 0.3110

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499

Protanomaly

14.0129, 0.3105, 0.3468

Deuteranomaly

13.9072, 0.3111, 0.3334

Tritanomaly

14.1156, 0.2753, 0.3244

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499

Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.3699, 0.3013, 0.3381

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 111, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 111, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 111, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 111, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

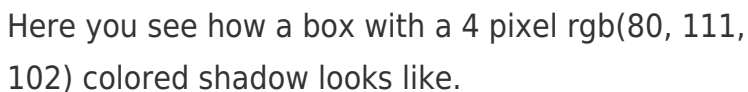
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 111, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 111, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 111, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 111, 102); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 111, 102); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 111, 102) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.0337, 0.2840, 0.3499 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 111, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 111,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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