

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.0342, 0.4904, 0.3371)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.0342, 0.4904, 0.3371)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC4A44
RGB	172, 74, 68
RGB Percent	67%, 29%, 27%
CMY	0.3254, 0.7098, 0.7334
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.60, 0.33
HSL	3°, 43%, 47%
HSV	3°, 60%, 67%
XYZ	20.5071, 14.0856, 7.1053
YIQ	102.6180, 60.3340, 18.9100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

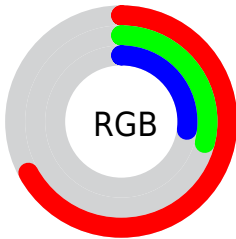
Format	Color
RYB	172, 74, 68
Decimal	11291204
CIELab	44.36, 39.73, 23.54
CIELCh	44, 46.185, 30.645
Yxy	14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289481284 (0xFFAC4A44)
YUV	102.6180, -17.0667, 60.8480
Hunter-Lab	37.5308, 31.8548, 15.0467

Details

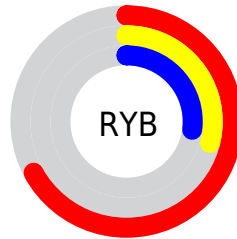
The Yxy color **14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **31.4821, 0.2375, 0.3186**, and the grayscale version is **13.4914, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3385, 0.4484, 0.3406**, and **4.1839, 0.5721, 0.3242** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.0140, 0.5377, 0.3380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7779, 0.4484, 0.3368**.

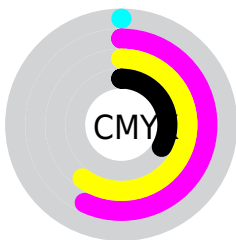
Distribution



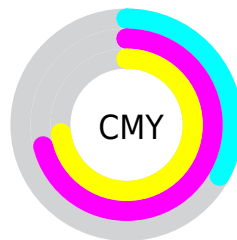
- Red (67%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.0856, 0.4918,
0.3378


 14.0856, 0.4918,
0.3378


217.7627, 0.3846,
0.3385


 8.1802, 0.5254,
0.3338


 33.2408, 0.4479,
0.3402


 4.2105, 0.5726,
0.3250

 47.2595, 0.4330,
0.3404

 1.7920, 0.6679,
0.3171

 64.7513, 0.4209,
0.3402

 0.4822, 0.7656,
0.2344

 86.1008, 0.4110,
0.3399

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 111.6923, 0.4028,
0.3396

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

141.9102, 0.3958,

0.3392

177.1388, 0.3898,
0.3388

■ 14.0856, 0.4918,
0.3378

■ 14.0856, 0.4918,
0.3378

■ 12.0140, 0.5377,
0.3380

■ 16.7779, 0.4484,
0.3368

■ 10.5114, 0.5809,
0.3371

■ 20.1325, 0.4103,
0.3354

■ 9.5218, 0.6148,
0.3351

■ 24.1903, 0.3783,
0.3338

■ 8.9875, 0.6355,
0.3336

■ 28.9881, 0.3520,
0.3321

■ 34.5600, 0.3307,
0.3305

■ 40.9383, 0.3134,
0.3291

■ 48.1533, 0.2995,
0.3277

■ 56.2336, 0.2881,
0.3265

■ 65.2067, 0.2788,
0.3254

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0856, 0.4282, 0.2759



14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378



14.0856, 0.4939, 0.4046

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378



14.0856, 0.2739, 0.4772



14.0856, 0.1827, 0.1911

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378



31.4821, 0.2375, 0.3186

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.0856, 0.1563, 0.2161



14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378



14.0856, 0.2008, 0.3796

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378



14.0856, 0.3626, 0.5070



14.0856, 0.1612, 0.2789



14.0856, 0.2414, 0.1959

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378



14.0856, 0.4645, 0.4487



14.0856, 0.1612, 0.2789



14.0856, 0.1704, 0.1958

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.0864, 0.4918, 0.3378



54.6336, 0.3471, 0.3318



15.6882, 0.3261, 0.1965



11.2894, 0.3536, 0.3322



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.0864, 0.4918, 0.3378



20.6298, 0.5549, 0.3378



23.9077, 0.4377, 0.4117



8.0868, 0.3285, 0.3304



6.7154, 0.6348, 0.3342



0.2103, 0.6128, 0.3516

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.4821, 0.2375, 0.3186



54.9541, 0.2282, 0.3159



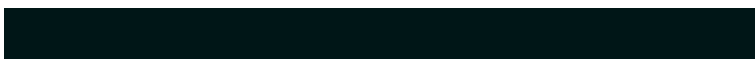
16.4236, 0.2162, 0.2228



8.9917, 0.2986, 0.3276



21.4923, 0.2198, 0.3112



0.6212, 0.2214, 0.3169

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

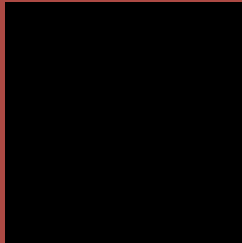
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378

Protanopia

14.2079, 0.3571, 0.3801

Deuteranopia

14.2554, 0.4083, 0.4027



Tritanopia

14.1851, 0.4785, 0.3239

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378

Protanomaly

13.5955, 0.4048, 0.3635

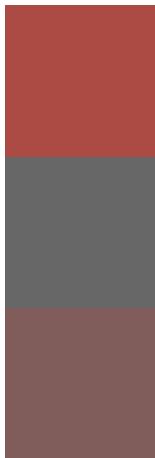
Deuteranomaly

13.7931, 0.4401, 0.3748

Tritanomaly

14.1437, 0.4837, 0.3281

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378

Achromatopsia

13.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.9817, 0.3740, 0.3331

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 74, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(172, 74, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 74, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 74, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 74, 68) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 74, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 74, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 74, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 74, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 74,  
68) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.0856, 0.4918, 0.3378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 74, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172, 74,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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