

Converting Colors

$Yxy(14.0486, 0.1968, 0.1709)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.0486, 0.1968, 0.1709)
contains.

Yxy(13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F64C0
RGB	63, 100, 192
RGB Percent	25%, 39%, 75%
CMY	0.7532, 0.6078, 0.2469
CMYK	0.67, 0.48, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	223°, 51%, 50%
HSV	223°, 67%, 75%
XYZ	16.1209, 13.9769, 51.7342
YIQ	99.4250, -51.5840, 20.7680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

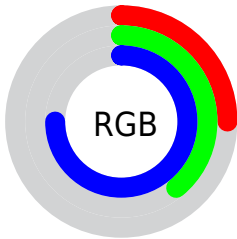
Format	Color
R _{YB}	63, 92, 192
Decimal	4154560
CIE Lab	44.20, 17.29, -52.27
CIE LCh	44, 55.056, 288.302
Yxy	13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282344640 (0xFF3F64C0)
YUV	99.4250, 45.6395, -31.9447
Hunter-Lab	37.3857, 11.5451, -55.8753

Details

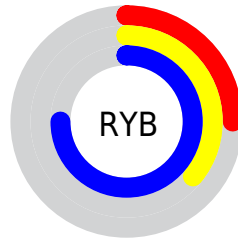
The Yxy color **13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **34.9993, 0.4349, 0.4431**, and the grayscale version is **12.4795, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.9373, 0.2224, 0.2017**, and **4.4733, 0.1689, 0.1279** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0430, 0.1823, 0.1449**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5733, 0.2138, 0.1978**.

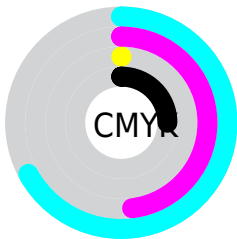
Distribution



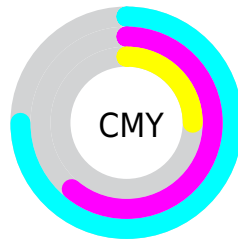
- Red (25%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.9769, 0.1970,
0.1708

■ 13.9769, 0.1970,
0.1708

■ 217.0871, 0.2625,
0.2552

■ 8.1046, 0.1789,
0.1495

■ 33.0480, 0.2223,
0.2020

■ 4.1620, 0.1553,
0.1228

■ 47.0157, 0.2314,
0.2137

■ 1.7646, 0.1240,
0.0897

■ 64.4505, 0.2389,
0.2234

■ 0.4649, 0.0837,
0.0450

■ 85.7370, 0.2452,
0.2317

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 111.2595, 0.2505,
0.2388

141.4024, 0.2551,

0.2450

176.5501, 0.2590,
0.2504

■ 13.9769, 0.1970,
0.1708

■ 13.9769, 0.1970,
0.1708

■ 11.0430, 0.1823,
0.1449

■ 17.5733, 0.2138,
0.1978

■ 8.7241, 0.1706,
0.1213

■ 21.8720, 0.2318,
0.2247

■ 6.9631, 0.1621,
0.1013

■ 26.9109, 0.2501,
0.2504

■ 6.5525, 0.1601,
0.0963

■ 32.7248, 0.2682,
0.2745

■ 39.3458, 0.2855,
0.2965

■ 46.8045, 0.3017,
0.3162

■ 55.1295, 0.3168,
0.3336

■ 64.3483, 0.3305,
0.3490

■ 74.4870, 0.3429,
0.3624

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.9769, 0.1474, 0.1769



13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708



13.9769, 0.2856, 0.1933

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708



13.9769, 0.5325, 0.3770



13.9769, 0.2104, 0.4451

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708



34.9993, 0.4349, 0.4431

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.9769, 0.3043, 0.5372



13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708



13.9769, 0.4904, 0.4547

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708



13.9769, 0.5027, 0.3050



13.9769, 0.4055, 0.5246



13.9769, 0.1507, 0.3113

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708



13.9769, 0.3629, 0.2225



13.9769, 0.4055, 0.5246



13.9769, 0.2391, 0.4860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.9773, 0.1970, 0.1708



67.3945, 0.2802, 0.2899



41.0770, 0.2552, 0.3929



13.7250, 0.2754, 0.2837



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.9773, 0.1970, 0.1708



17.7378, 0.1760, 0.1325



9.4674, 0.2031, 0.1250



10.2086, 0.2984, 0.3121



4.5248, 0.1607, 0.0985



0.3173, 0.1736, 0.1450

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6790, 0.4676, 0.2839



23.4096, 0.5232, 0.2848



46.2004, 0.3801, 0.4943



10.1244, 0.3245, 0.3224



7.7390, 0.5782, 0.2959



0.3467, 0.5125, 0.2597

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

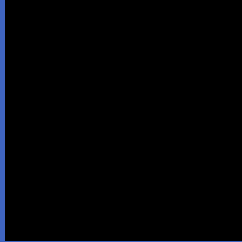
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708

Protanopia

13.9984, 0.1935, 0.1702

Deuteranopia

13.8959, 0.1835, 0.1805



Tritanopia

13.9715, 0.2187, 0.3071

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708

Protanomaly

14.0874, 0.1950, 0.1708

Deuteranomaly

13.7569, 0.1851, 0.1757

Tritanomaly

13.5039, 0.2053, 0.2442

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708

Achromatopsia

12.4772, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.5956, 0.2553, 0.2566

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 100, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 100, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 100, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 100, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 100, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 100, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 100, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 100, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 100, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 100,  
192) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 13.9769, 0.1970, 0.1708 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 100, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 100,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor