

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.1563, 0.5229, 0.3719)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.1563, 0.5229, 0.3719)
contains.

Yxy(14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB4D2B
RGB	171, 77, 43
RGB Percent	67%, 30%, 17%
CMY	0.3294, 0.6980, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.55, 0.75, 0.33
HSL	16°, 60%, 42%
HSV	16°, 75%, 67%
XYZ	19.8843, 14.1401, 3.9662
YIQ	101.2300, 66.9380, 9.3540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

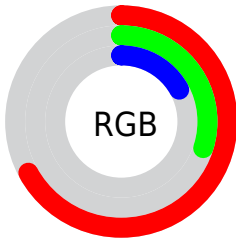
Format	Color
RYB	171, 89, 43
Decimal	11226411
CIELab	44.43, 36.33, 37.90
CIELCh	44, 52.500, 46.207
Yxy	14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289416491 (0xFFAB4D2B)
YUV	101.2300, -28.7074, 61.1883
Hunter-Lab	37.6033, 28.5833, 20.0687

Details

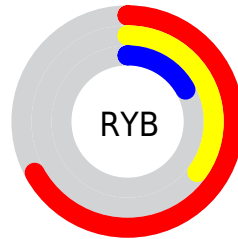
The Yxy color **14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. A complement of this color would be **21.3413, 0.2151, 0.2655**, and the grayscale version is **13.1398, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.1655, 0.4750, 0.3705**, and **4.2946, 0.6029, 0.3595** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.4497, 0.5595, 0.3698**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2239, 0.4852, 0.3708**.

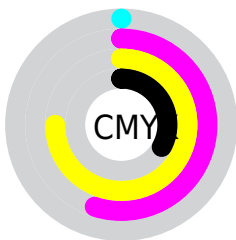
Distribution



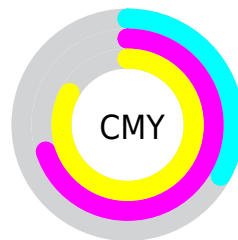
- Red (67%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.1401, 0.5234,
0.3722


 14.1401, 0.5234,
0.3722


218.1007, 0.4002,
0.3575


 8.2182, 0.5583,
0.3695


 33.3374, 0.4748,
0.3704


 4.2349, 0.6106,
0.3640

 47.3816, 0.4575,
0.3685


 1.8058, 0.6643,
0.3357

 64.9019, 0.4435,
0.3664

 0.4908, 0.7489,
0.2511

 86.2829, 0.4318,
0.3643

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 111.9089, 0.4220,
0.3624

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 142.1642, 0.4136,

0.3606

177.4334, 0.4064,
0.3590

■ 14.1401, 0.5234,
0.3722

■ 14.1401, 0.5234,
0.3722

■ 12.4497, 0.5595,
0.3698

■ 16.2239, 0.4852,
0.3708

■ 11.1236, 0.5897,
0.3631

■ 18.7226, 0.4483,
0.3665

■ 10.5680, 0.6033,
0.3592

■ 21.6589, 0.4146,
0.3603

■ 25.0529, 0.3851,
0.3533

■ 28.9237, 0.3598,
0.3460

■ 33.2889, 0.3384,
0.3389

■ 38.1656, 0.3204,
0.3321

■ 43.5698, 0.3053,
0.3258

■ 49.5168, 0.2926,
0.3200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1401, 0.4887, 0.3024



14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722



14.1401, 0.4886, 0.4466

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722



14.1401, 0.2211, 0.4472



14.1401, 0.1973, 0.1761

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722



21.3413, 0.2151, 0.2655

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.1401, 0.1514, 0.1846



14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722



14.1401, 0.1601, 0.3211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722



14.1401, 0.3131, 0.5280



14.1401, 0.1387, 0.2290



14.1401, 0.2801, 0.1961

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722



14.1401, 0.4393, 0.4938



14.1401, 0.1387, 0.2290



14.1401, 0.1780, 0.1756

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1409, 0.5234, 0.3722



53.6474, 0.3541, 0.3443



12.2492, 0.3709, 0.2035



11.5273, 0.3601, 0.3461



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1409, 0.5234, 0.3722



20.6291, 0.5807, 0.3657



27.2967, 0.4416, 0.4556



8.3486, 0.3280, 0.3351



8.0428, 0.6016, 0.3606



0.3139, 0.5427, 0.4073

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.3413, 0.2151, 0.2655



33.7390, 0.2041, 0.2491



8.4853, 0.1843, 0.1440



8.7065, 0.2986, 0.3228



13.4709, 0.2005, 0.2419



0.4580, 0.2087, 0.2713

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

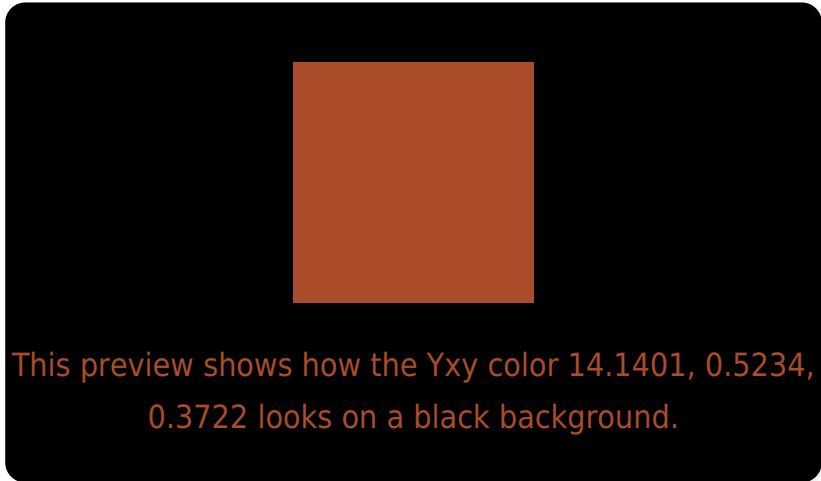
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722

Protanopia

14.3379, 0.4000, 0.4375

Deuteranopia

14.1534, 0.4463, 0.4384



Tritanopia

14.1994, 0.4767, 0.3225

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722

Protanomaly

13.7245, 0.4473, 0.4103

Deuteranomaly

13.9118, 0.4759, 0.4126

Tritanomaly

14.0499, 0.4967, 0.3418

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722

Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.6691, 0.3871, 0.3534

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 77, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 77, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 77, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 77, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 77, 43) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 77, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 77, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 77, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 77, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 77,  
43) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.1401, 0.5234, 0.3722 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 77, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 77,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor