

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.1766, 0.2478, 0.2832)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.1766, 0.2478, 0.2832)
contains.

Yxy(14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	496E83
RGB	73, 110, 131
RGB Percent	29%, 43%, 51%
CMY	0.7137, 0.5686, 0.4863
CMYK	0.44, 0.16, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	202°, 28%, 40%
HSV	202°, 44%, 51%
XYZ	12.4205, 14.2070, 23.5562
YIQ	101.3310, -28.7930, -1.3130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

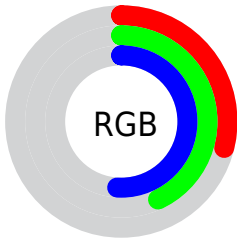
Format	Color
R_{YB}	73, 96, 131
Decimal	4812419
CIE _{Lab}	44.53, -7.17, -15.70
CIE _{LCh}	45, 17.264, 245.463
Yxy	14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283002499 (0xFF496E83)
YUV	101.3310, 14.6268, -24.8463
Hunter-Lab	37.6922, -7.1413, -10.6695

Details

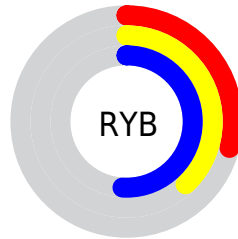
The Yxy color **14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **13.3119, 0.4047, 0.3699**, and the grayscale version is **13.0719, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.5864, 0.2628, 0.2953**, and **4.2139, 0.2171, 0.2573** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.7524, 0.2341, 0.2706**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8253, 0.2618, 0.2949**.

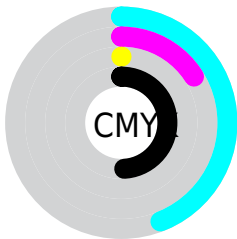
Distribution



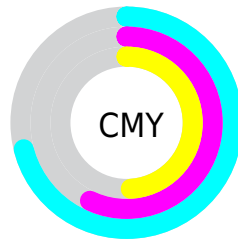
- Red (29%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.2070, 0.2475,
0.2831

■ 14.2070, 0.2475,
0.2831

■ 218.5148, 0.2857,
0.3108

■ 8.2648, 0.2355,
0.2740

■ 33.4559, 0.2630,
0.2946

■ 4.2648, 0.2184,
0.2605

■ 47.5313, 0.2683,
0.2984

■ 1.8228, 0.1919,
0.2389

■ 65.0866, 0.2726,
0.3015

■ 0.5013, 0.1151,
0.1914

■ 86.5062, 0.2761,
0.3040

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 112.1744, 0.2791,
0.3061

142.4756, 0.2816,

0.3079

177.7943, 0.2838,
0.3094

■ 14.2070, 0.2475,
0.2831

■ 14.2070, 0.2475,
0.2831

■ 12.7524, 0.2341,
0.2706

■ 15.8253, 0.2618,
0.2949

■ 11.4521, 0.2218,
0.2575

■ 17.6126, 0.2766,
0.3060

■ 10.2983, 0.2111,
0.2441

■ 19.5762, 0.2915,
0.3161

■ 9.2813, 0.2022,
0.2306

■ 21.7221, 0.3064,
0.3253

■ 8.3888, 0.1953,
0.2172

■ 24.0562, 0.3211,
0.3337

■ 7.9119, 0.1915,
0.2095

■ 26.5839, 0.3352,
0.3411

■ 29.3107, 0.3488,
0.3477

■ 32.2414, 0.3618,
0.3536

■ 35.3810, 0.3741,
0.3587

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.2070, 0.2486, 0.3088



14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831



14.2070, 0.2626, 0.2711

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831



14.2070, 0.3609, 0.3136



14.2070, 0.3314, 0.3921

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831



13.3119, 0.4047, 0.3699

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.2070, 0.3633, 0.3895



14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831



14.2070, 0.3814, 0.3428

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831



14.2070, 0.3272, 0.2889



14.2070, 0.3821, 0.3706



14.2070, 0.2957, 0.3747

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831



14.2070, 0.2804, 0.2712



14.2070, 0.3821, 0.3706



14.2070, 0.3429, 0.3934

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.2075, 0.2475, 0.2831



35.4168, 0.2930, 0.3170



18.4426, 0.2882, 0.4135



8.0791, 0.2901, 0.3152



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.2075, 0.2475, 0.2831



22.8494, 0.2341, 0.2706



9.0468, 0.2366, 0.2176



5.0028, 0.2992, 0.3210



7.7945, 0.1916, 0.2096



0.0409, 0.2081, 0.2691

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7175, 0.3522, 0.2593



16.2593, 0.3649, 0.2447



19.2969, 0.3820, 0.4199



4.7350, 0.3188, 0.3152



5.3738, 0.4345, 0.2167



0.0200, 0.3736, 0.1832

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

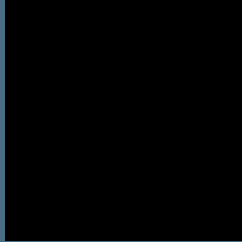
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

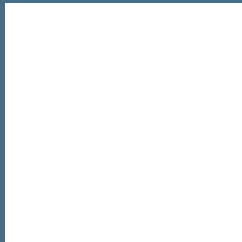
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831

Protanopia

14.1423, 0.2793, 0.2815

Deuteranopia

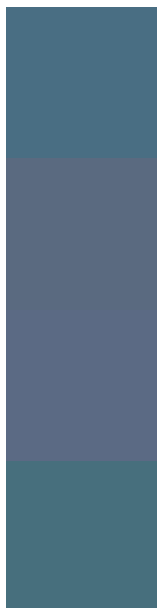
14.1607, 0.2738, 0.2683



Tritanopia

14.2709, 0.2544, 0.3085

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831

Protanomaly

14.0402, 0.2667, 0.2823

Deuteranomaly

14.1982, 0.2638, 0.2747

Tritanomaly

14.1891, 0.2513, 0.2976

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831

Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.2946, 0.2852, 0.3111

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 110, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(73, 110, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 110, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 110, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 110, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 110, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 110, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 110, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 110, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 110,  
131) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.2070, 0.2475, 0.2831 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 110, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 110,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor