

Converting Colors

$Yxy(14.1874, 0.0730, 0.2055)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.1874, 0.0730, 0.2055)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0086BC
RGB	0, 134, 188
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 74%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4744, 0.2628
CMYK	1.00, 0.29, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	197°, 100%, 37%
HSV	197°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	17.5957, 20.6810, 50.6356
YIQ	100.0900, -97.1980, -11.6140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

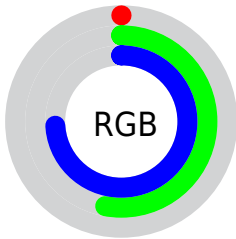
Format	Color
RYB	0, 78, 188
Decimal	34492
CIELab	52.60, -10.72, -36.68
CIELCh	53, 38.212, 253.711
Yxy	20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224572 (0xFF0086BC)
YUV	100.0900, 43.3396, -87.7789
Hunter-Lab	45.4764, -10.5183, -34.1829

Details

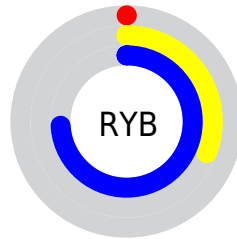
The Yxy color **20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **13.3260, 0.5995, 0.3622**, and the grayscale version is **12.6765, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.5052, 0.2212, 0.2537**, and **8.2182, 0.1911, 0.2080** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6853, 0.1980, 0.2326**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.3523, 0.2028, 0.2433**.

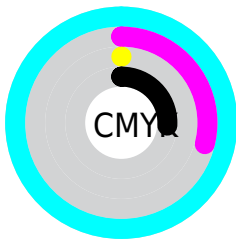
Distribution



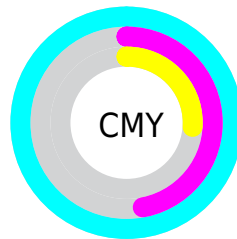
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.6810, 0.1979,
0.2326

■ 20.6810, 0.1979,
0.2326

■ 255.5783, 0.2594,
0.2861

■ 12.8910, 0.1817,
0.2178

■ 44.5560, 0.2210,
0.2532

■ 7.3535, 0.1608,
0.1981

■ 61.4099, 0.2294,
0.2606

■ 3.6842, 0.1332,
0.1712

■ 82.0538, 0.2365,
0.2667

■ 1.4985, 0.0965,
0.1334

■ 106.8722, 0.2425,
0.2719

■ 0.2877, 0.0025,
0.0609

■ 136.2494, 0.2476,
0.2763

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 170.5699, 0.2521,

0.2800

210.2181, 0.2560,
0.2833

■ 20.6810, 0.1979,
0.2326

■ 20.6810, 0.1979,
0.2326

■ 20.6853, 0.1980,
0.2326

■ 22.3523, 0.2028,
0.2433

■ 24.2282, 0.2092,
0.2540

■ 26.3621, 0.2177,
0.2648

■ 28.7792, 0.2280,
0.2755

■ 31.5009, 0.2399,
0.2859

■ 34.5460, 0.2532,
0.2958

■ 37.9316, 0.2674,
0.3051

■ 41.6734, 0.2823,
0.3138

■ 45.7860, 0.2975,
0.3218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.6810, 0.1913, 0.2702



20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326



20.6810, 0.2307, 0.2217

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326



20.6810, 0.4219, 0.3113



20.6810, 0.3251, 0.4529

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326



13.3260, 0.5995, 0.3622

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6810, 0.3904, 0.4510



20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326



20.6810, 0.4514, 0.3633

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326



20.6810, 0.3588, 0.2658



20.6810, 0.4379, 0.4141



20.6810, 0.2599, 0.4069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326



20.6810, 0.2663, 0.2276



20.6810, 0.4379, 0.4141



20.6810, 0.3478, 0.4575

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.6853, 0.1980, 0.2326



68.4369, 0.2667, 0.3047



36.2218, 0.2899, 0.5637



14.1468, 0.2606, 0.3008



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.6853, 0.1980, 0.2326



37.0522, 0.1975, 0.2309



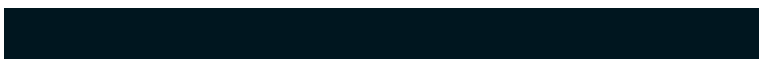
5.1978, 0.1562, 0.0824



10.3340, 0.2985, 0.3223



14.2173, 0.1983, 0.2339



0.6636, 0.2054, 0.2594

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4119, 0.4099, 0.2032



22.4527, 0.4117, 0.2041



31.6383, 0.4637, 0.4700



9.6483, 0.3180, 0.3128



8.4649, 0.4085, 0.2024



0.3423, 0.3830, 0.1884

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

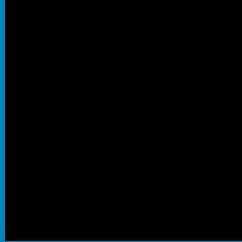
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326

Protanopia

20.5464, 0.2437, 0.2353

Deuteranopia

20.7121, 0.2262, 0.2216



Tritanopia

20.6352, 0.2190, 0.3083

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326

Protanomaly

19.7851, 0.2159, 0.2319

Deuteranomaly

20.0423, 0.2084, 0.2232

Tritanomaly

20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326

Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.3443, 0.2396, 0.2847

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 134, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 134, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 134, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 134, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 134, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 134, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 134, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 134, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 134, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 134,  
188) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.6810, 0.1979, 0.2326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 134, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 134,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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