

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.1975, 0.2308, 0.1671)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.1975, 0.2308, 0.1671)
contains.

Yxy(14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7058BF
RGB	112, 88, 191
RGB Percent	44%, 35%, 75%
CMY	0.5607, 0.6549, 0.2511
CMYK	0.41, 0.54, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	254°, 45%, 55%
HSV	254°, 54%, 75%
XYZ	19.5754, 14.1858, 50.9807
YIQ	106.9180, -18.7590, 37.1210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

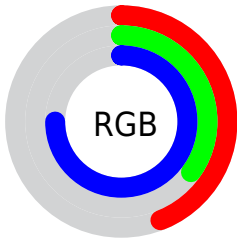
Format	Color
R _{YB}	112, 88, 191
Decimal	7362751
CIE Lab	44.50, 34.51, -51.00
CIE LCh	44, 61.573, 304.085
Yxy	14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285552831 (0xFF7058BF)
YUV	106.9180, 41.4524, 4.4569
Hunter-Lab	37.6640, 26.8609, -53.8881

Details

The Yxy color **14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6666CC**. A complement of this color would be **46.1643, 0.3679, 0.4677**, and the grayscale version is **14.5674, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.5674, 0.2505, 0.1987**, and **4.2328, 0.1966, 0.1199** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5672, 0.2128, 0.1363**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7826, 0.2491, 0.2002**.

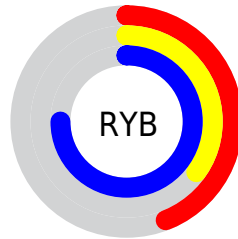
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (35%)

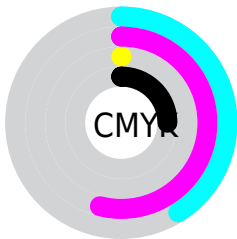
Blue (75%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (75%)

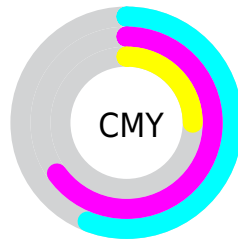


Cyan (41%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.1858, 0.2310,
0.1674

■ 14.1858, 0.2310,
0.1674

■ 218.3837, 0.2793,
0.2515

■ 8.2500, 0.2167,
0.1466

■ 33.4183, 0.2503,
0.1981

■ 4.2553, 0.1974,
0.1209

■ 47.4839, 0.2570,
0.2097

■ 1.8174, 0.1702,
0.0890

■ 65.0281, 0.2625,
0.2194

■ 0.4980, 0.1322,
0.0467

■ 86.4354, 0.2670,
0.2278

■ 0.0000, 0.0554,
0.0000

■ 112.0903, 0.2708,
0.2349

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

142.3770, 0.2741,

0.2412

177.6800, 0.2769,
0.2467

■ 14.1858, 0.2310,
0.1674

■ 14.1858, 0.2310,
0.1674

■ 10.5672, 0.2128,
0.1363

■ 18.7826, 0.2491,
0.2002

■ 7.8523, 0.1956,
0.1091

■ 24.4218, 0.2663,
0.2329

■ 5.9577, 0.1805,
0.0876

■ 31.1636, 0.2820,
0.2642

■ 4.7834, 0.1685,
0.0731

■ 39.0631, 0.2961,
0.2932

■ 4.3083, 0.1627,
0.0670

■ 48.1720, 0.3084,
0.3195

■ 58.5383, 0.3190,
0.3430

■ 70.2080, 0.3281,
0.3637

■ 83.2243, 0.3358,
0.3820

■ 94.4778, 0.3433,
0.3936

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.1858, 0.1570, 0.1571



14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674



14.1858, 0.3484, 0.2057

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674



14.1858, 0.5343, 0.4187



14.1858, 0.1598, 0.3764

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674



46.1643, 0.3679, 0.4677

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.1858, 0.2432, 0.5238



14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674



14.1858, 0.4564, 0.5053

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674



14.1858, 0.5505, 0.3389



14.1858, 0.3515, 0.5662



14.1858, 0.1218, 0.2462

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674



14.1858, 0.4376, 0.2445



14.1858, 0.3515, 0.5662



14.1858, 0.1829, 0.4296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.1863, 0.2310, 0.1674



66.4915, 0.2930, 0.2866



34.0856, 0.2374, 0.2937



13.9377, 0.2901, 0.2807



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.1863, 0.2310, 0.1674



17.7757, 0.2091, 0.1302



18.4001, 0.2846, 0.1887



9.3299, 0.3019, 0.3055



2.8633, 0.1637, 0.0676



0.1429, 0.1890, 0.0815

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.8405, 0.3485, 0.2274



31.2304, 0.3594, 0.2099



41.7485, 0.3252, 0.4893



9.6572, 0.3172, 0.3116



8.6650, 0.3894, 0.1919



0.3489, 0.3699, 0.1811

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

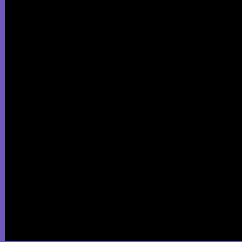
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674

Protanopia

14.4028, 0.1842, 0.1586

Deuteranopia

14.3793, 0.1889, 0.1840



Tritanopia

14.1560, 0.2847, 0.3094

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674

Protanomaly

13.9128, 0.1948, 0.1593

Deuteranomaly

13.7058, 0.1971, 0.1744

Tritanomaly

13.8642, 0.2628, 0.2448

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674

Achromatopsia

14.7027, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.2005, 0.2778, 0.2553

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 88, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 88, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 88, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 88, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 88, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 88, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 88, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 88, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 88, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 88,  
191) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.1858, 0.2310, 0.1674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 88, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 88,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor