

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.2191, 0.4898, 0.4746)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(14.2191, 0.4898, 0.4746)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

**Color**

**Yxy(14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	896300
RGB	137, 99, 0
RGB Percent	54%, 39%, 0%
CMY	0.4627, 0.6117, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 1.00, 0.46
HSL	43°, 100%, 27%
HSV	43°, 100%, 54%
XYZ	14.7781, 14.2420, 1.9677
YIQ	99.0760, 54.4270, -22.7330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

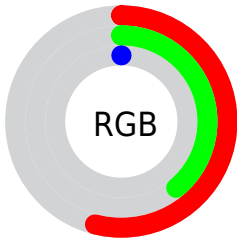
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	53, 137, 0
Decimal	9003776
CIE Lab	44.58, 7.75, 51.96
CIE LCh	45, 52.535, 81.516
Yxy	14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287193856 (0xFF896300)
YUV	99.0760, -48.8445, 33.2593
Hunter-Lab	37.7386, 3.8565, 23.3256

# Details

The Yxy color **14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **3.1921, 0.1607, 0.0985**, and the grayscale version is **12.6134, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.4232, 0.4458, 0.4373**, and **4.3400, 0.4910, 0.4484** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2429, 0.4769, 0.4596**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.0108, 0.4651, 0.4586**.

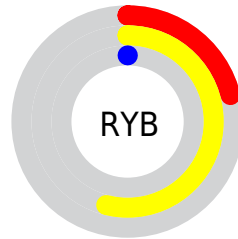
# Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (39%)

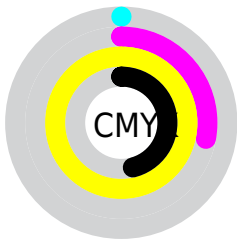
Blue (0%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (0%)

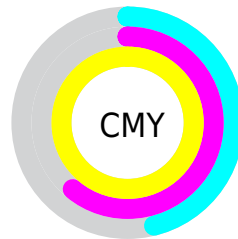


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (61%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 14.2420, 0.4769,  
0.4596


 14.2420, 0.4769,  
0.4596


 218.7312, 0.3874,  
0.3934


 8.2892, 0.4979,  
0.4717


 33.5178, 0.4449,  
0.4381

 4.2805, 0.5198,  
0.4802

 47.6096, 0.4324,  
0.4289


 1.8317, 0.5301,  
0.4699

 65.1831, 0.4218,  
0.4208

 0.5068, 0.5697,  
0.4303

 86.6228, 0.4128,  
0.4138


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 112.3131, 0.4051,  
0.4076


 142.6383, 0.3984,


0.4023

 177.9829, 0.3926,  
0.3976


 14.2420, 0.4769,  
0.4596

 14.2420, 0.4769,  
0.4596


 14.2429, 0.4769,  
0.4596

 15.0108, 0.4651,  
0.4586

 15.8323, 0.4514,  
0.4542

 16.7182, 0.4353,  
0.4455

 17.6727, 0.4175,  
0.4330

 18.6993, 0.3988,  
0.4177

■ 19.8011, 0.3799,  
0.4005

■ 20.9811, 0.3615,  
0.3824

■ 22.2419, 0.3440,  
0.3642

■ 23.5861, 0.3277,  
0.3462

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.2420, 0.5215, 0.3851



14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596



14.2420, 0.3935, 0.5211

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596



14.2420, 0.1537, 0.3012



14.2420, 0.2985, 0.2025

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596



3.1921, 0.1607, 0.0985

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.2420, 0.2094, 0.1779



14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596



14.2420, 0.1388, 0.2181

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596



14.2420, 0.2076, 0.4251



14.2420, 0.1572, 0.1810



14.2420, 0.4108, 0.2508



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596



14.2420, 0.3287, 0.5312



14.2420, 0.1572, 0.1810



14.2420, 0.2649, 0.1914

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.2429, 0.4769, 0.4596



37.4288, 0.3627, 0.3837



5.4637, 0.5761, 0.2947



8.2199, 0.3693, 0.3903



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.2429, 0.4769, 0.4596



25.2232, 0.4784, 0.4584



21.0369, 0.3824, 0.5346



5.6144, 0.3264, 0.3447



13.2878, 0.4767, 0.4597



0.1129, 0.4455, 0.4845



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.1921, 0.1607, 0.0985



5.4736, 0.1597, 0.0950



2.0774, 0.1630, 0.0672



5.1035, 0.2991, 0.3128



2.9916, 0.1608, 0.0990

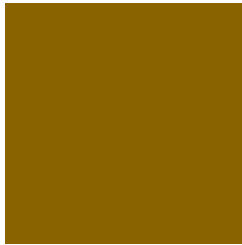


0.0419, 0.1823, 0.1764



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

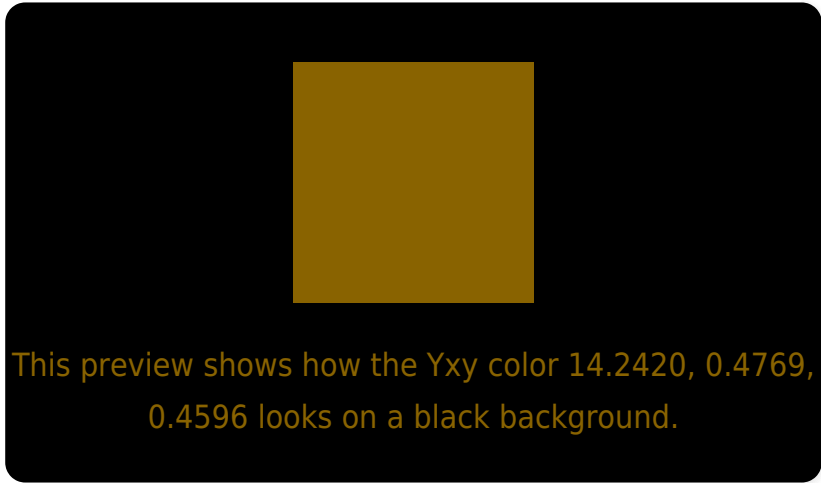
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596

### Protanopia

14.2475, 0.4362, 0.4853

### Deuteranopia

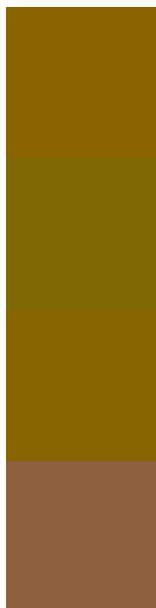
14.1827, 0.4710, 0.4642



## Tritanopia

14.3059, 0.3813, 0.3165

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596

## Protanomaly

14.1471, 0.4525, 0.4749

## Deuteranomaly

14.2652, 0.4724, 0.4631

## Tritanomaly

14.1187, 0.4328, 0.3866

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596

## Achromatopsia

12.4772, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

12.7933, 0.3864, 0.4062

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 99, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 99, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 99, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 99, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 99, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 99, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 99, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 99, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 99, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 99, 0)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.2420, 0.4769, 0.4596 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 99, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137, 99,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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