

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.3654, 0.4262, 0.5477)$

Have a look what the booklet for
 $Y_{xy}(14.3654, 0.4262, 0.5477)$
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	687000
RGB	104, 112, 0
RGB Percent	41%, 44%, 0%
CMY	0.5922, 0.5608, 0.9999
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 1.00, 0.56
HSL	64°, 100%, 22%
HSV	64°, 100%, 44%
XYZ	11.5020, 14.5314, 2.1993
YIQ	96.8400, 31.1840, -36.5280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

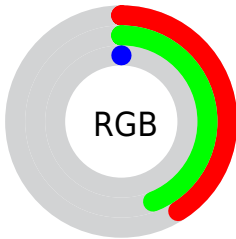
Format	Color
RYB	0, 112, 8
Decimal	6844416
CIELab	44.99, -15.55, 50.68
CIELCh	45, 53.013, 107.063
Yxy	14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285034496 (0xFF687000)
YUV	96.8400, -47.7421, 6.2793
Hunter-Lab	38.1201, -12.8511, 23.2633

Details

The Yxy color **14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.2226, 0.1540, 0.0622**, and the grayscale version is **12.0271, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1678, 0.3919, 0.4740**, and **4.4237, 0.3928, 0.5263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5319, 0.4074, 0.5147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.6049, 0.4049, 0.5073**.

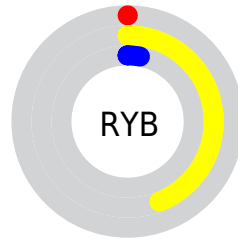
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (44%)

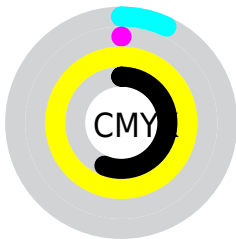
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (3%)

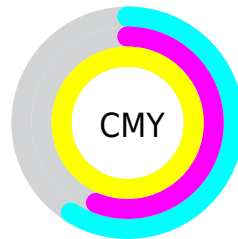


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.5314, 0.4074,
0.5147

■ 14.5314, 0.4074,
0.5147

■ 220.5121, 0.3604,
0.4077

■ 8.4912, 0.4140,
0.5429

■ 34.0290, 0.3928,
0.4738

■ 4.4108, 0.4189,
0.5811

■ 48.2552, 0.3862,
0.4588

■ 1.9059, 0.3960,
0.6040

■ 65.9788, 0.3804,
0.4464

■ 0.5519, 0.2079,
0.7921


■ 87.5842, 0.3753,
0.4360


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 113.4558, 0.3709,
0.4273


■ 143.9781, 0.3669,

0.4198


 179.5354, 0.3635,
0.4134


 14.5314, 0.4074,
0.5147


 14.5314, 0.4074,
0.5147


 14.5319, 0.4074,
0.5147

 14.6049, 0.4049,
0.5073

 14.6885, 0.4011,
0.4976

 14.7915, 0.3949,
0.4839

 14.9159, 0.3865,
0.4667

 15.0636, 0.3762,
0.4464

■ 15.2364, 0.3645,
0.4240

■ 15.4356, 0.3519,
0.4003

■ 15.6628, 0.3388,
0.3761

■ 15.9191, 0.3256,
0.3522

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5314, 0.4870, 0.4488



14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147



14.5314, 0.3103, 0.5272

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147



14.5314, 0.1385, 0.2270



14.5314, 0.3944, 0.2422

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147



1.2226, 0.1540, 0.0622

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.5314, 0.2830, 0.1970



14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147



14.5314, 0.1521, 0.1838

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147



14.5314, 0.1589, 0.3178



14.5314, 0.1991, 0.1763



14.5314, 0.4908, 0.3043

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147



14.5314, 0.2469, 0.4812



14.5314, 0.1991, 0.1763



14.5314, 0.3561, 0.2247

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.5321, 0.4074, 0.5147



27.0830, 0.3529, 0.4023



3.6080, 0.6314, 0.3368



6.4782, 0.3571, 0.4101



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.5321, 0.4074, 0.5147



25.5038, 0.4071, 0.5150



12.2318, 0.3311, 0.5753



3.9047, 0.3243, 0.3499



16.7936, 0.4073, 0.5148



83.4981, 0.4066, 0.5153

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.2226, 0.1540, 0.0622



2.1223, 0.1529, 0.0616



2.2434, 0.2201, 0.0986



3.3108, 0.3006, 0.3074



1.4078, 0.1536, 0.0620



6.8629, 0.1517, 0.0609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147

Protanopia

14.5085, 0.4389, 0.4897

Deuteranopia

14.4194, 0.4618, 0.4563



Tritanopia

14.5152, 0.3135, 0.3126

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147

Protanomaly

14.5147, 0.4268, 0.4993

Deuteranomaly

14.3383, 0.4426, 0.4779

Tritanomaly

14.2215, 0.3633, 0.4068

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147

Achromatopsia

11.9538, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.5599, 0.3644, 0.4208

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 112, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 112, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 112, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 112, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 112, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 112, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 112, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 112, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 112, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 112,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.5314, 0.4074, 0.5147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 112, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
112, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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