

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.4149, 0.5148, 0.4852)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.4149, 0.5148, 0.4852)
contains.

Yxy(14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F6200
RGB	143, 98, 0
RGB Percent	56%, 38%, 0%
CMY	0.4392, 0.6157, 0.9998
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	41°, 100%, 28%
HSV	41°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	15.6976, 14.5750, 1.9872
YIQ	100.2830, 58.2780, -20.9380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

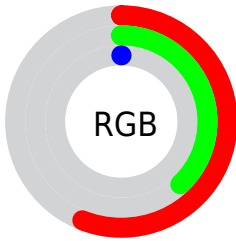
Format	Color
R_{YB}	66, 143, 0
Decimal	9396736
CIE _{Lab}	45.05, 11.20, 52.60
CIE _{LCh}	45, 53.774, 77.983
Yxy	14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287586816 (0xFF8F6200)
YUV	100.2830, -49.4395, 37.4628
Hunter-Lab	38.1772, 6.5852, 23.6379

Details

The Yxy color **14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **3.8661, 0.1630, 0.1068**, and the grayscale version is **12.9399, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.9236, 0.4529, 0.4329**, and **4.4822, 0.5041, 0.4380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5726, 0.4866, 0.4518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4749, 0.4734, 0.4518**.

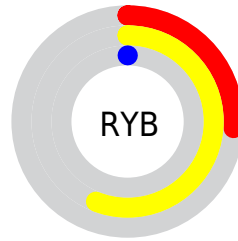
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (38%)

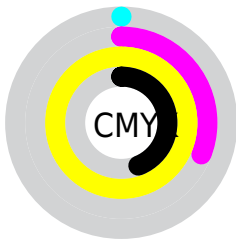
Blue (0%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (0%)

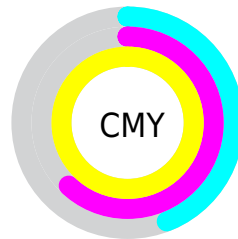


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (62%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.5750, 0.4866,
0.4518


 14.5750, 0.4866,
0.4518


 220.7792, 0.3917,
0.3916


 8.5217, 0.5090,
0.4614


 34.1059, 0.4525,
0.4331


 4.4305, 0.5333,
0.4667

 48.3522, 0.4393,
0.4248

 1.9172, 0.5474,
0.4526

 66.0983, 0.4281,
0.4173

 0.5587, 0.5901,
0.4099

 87.7285, 0.4185,
0.4108


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 113.6273, 0.4103,
0.4051


 144.1791, 0.4033,


0.4000

 179.7683, 0.3971,
0.3956


 14.5750, 0.4866,
0.4518


 14.5750, 0.4866,
0.4518

 14.5726, 0.4866,
0.4518

 15.4749, 0.4734,
0.4518

 16.4441, 0.4582,
0.4483

 17.4949, 0.4405,
0.4403

 18.6321, 0.4213,
0.4284

 19.8600, 0.4014,
0.4138

■ 21.1823, 0.3815,
0.3973

■ 22.6023, 0.3624,
0.3800

■ 24.1234, 0.3444,
0.3625

■ 25.7486, 0.3278,
0.3453

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5750, 0.5256, 0.3765



14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518



14.5750, 0.4051, 0.5182

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518



14.5750, 0.1560, 0.3138



14.5750, 0.2857, 0.1967

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518



3.8661, 0.1630, 0.1068

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.5750, 0.1998, 0.1750



14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518



14.5750, 0.1368, 0.2237

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518



14.5750, 0.2151, 0.4417



14.5750, 0.1515, 0.1816



14.5750, 0.3989, 0.2429

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518



14.5750, 0.3401, 0.5356



14.5750, 0.1515, 0.1816



14.5750, 0.2530, 0.1865

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.5757, 0.4866, 0.4518



40.2919, 0.3637, 0.3811



6.0341, 0.5650, 0.2887



9.0156, 0.3708, 0.3877



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.5757, 0.4866, 0.4518



25.7743, 0.4884, 0.4504



23.4181, 0.3879, 0.5302



6.0028, 0.3266, 0.3440



12.9205, 0.4862, 0.4521



0.1631, 0.4500, 0.4809

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.8661, 0.1630, 0.1068



6.6404, 0.1620, 0.1032



2.2078, 0.1598, 0.0654



5.5149, 0.2990, 0.3135



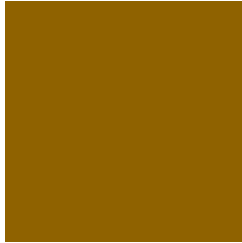
3.4493, 0.1632, 0.1076



0.0691, 0.1857, 0.1884

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

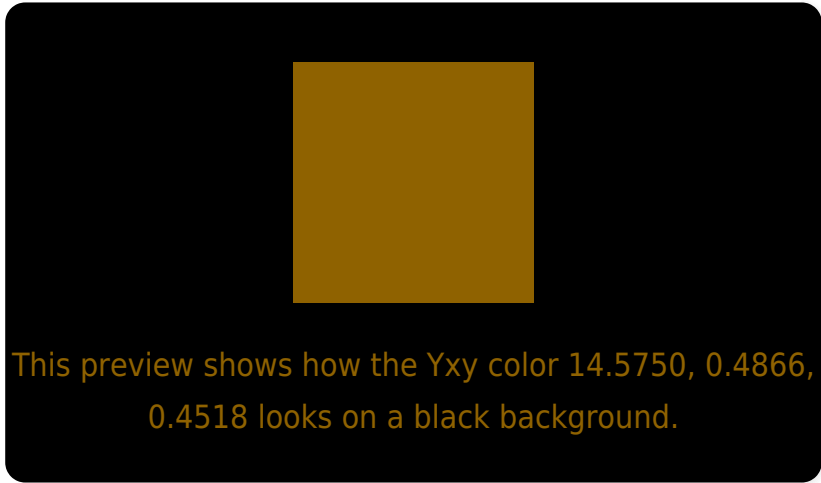
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518

Protanopia

14.6001, 0.4372, 0.4839

Deuteranopia

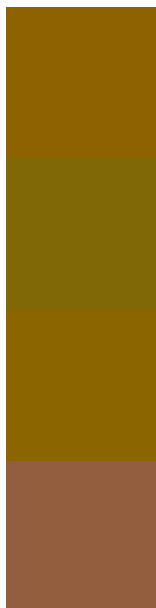
14.6536, 0.4688, 0.4660



Tritanopia

14.5671, 0.3911, 0.3169

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518

Protanomaly

14.5809, 0.4548, 0.4724

Deuteranomaly

14.7106, 0.4746, 0.4613

Tritanomaly

14.4642, 0.4442, 0.3841

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518

Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.0068, 0.3898, 0.4028

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 98, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 98, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 98, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 98, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 98, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 98, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 98, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 98, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 98, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 98, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.5750, 0.4866, 0.4518 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 98, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 98,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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