

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.4709, 0.5278, 0.3833)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.4709, 0.5278, 0.3833)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB5023
RGB	171, 80, 35
RGB Percent	67%, 31%, 14%
CMY	0.3294, 0.6863, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.80, 0.33
HSL	20°, 66%, 40%
HSV	20°, 80%, 67%
XYZ	19.9669, 14.5166, 3.3398
YIQ	102.0790, 68.6810, 5.2970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

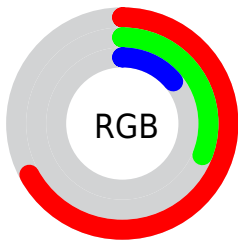
Format	Color
R _Y B	171, 102, 35
Decimal	11227171
CIE Lab	44.96, 34.45, 42.51
CIE LCh	45, 54.714, 50.975
Yxy	14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289417251 (0xFFAB5023)
YUV	102.0790, -33.0699, 60.4437
Hunter-Lab	38.1007, 26.8682, 21.4733

Details

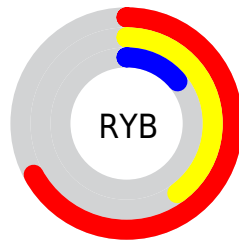
The Yxy color **14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. A complement of this color would be **18.2193, 0.2069, 0.2431**, and the grayscale version is **13.3841, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.0129, 0.4802, 0.3802**, and **4.4907, 0.5948, 0.3659** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.9041, 0.5595, 0.3799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4656, 0.4931, 0.3831**.

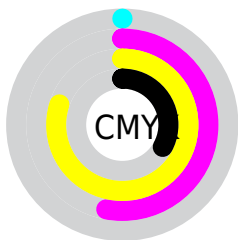
Distribution



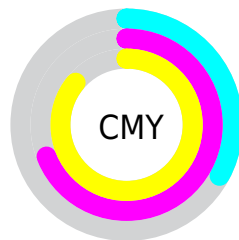
- Red (67%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.5166, 0.5279,
0.3838


 14.5166, 0.5279,
0.3838


220.4214, 0.4039,
0.3640


 8.4808, 0.5613,
0.3815


 34.0029, 0.4799,
0.3807


 4.4041, 0.6167,
0.3801

 48.2222, 0.4626,
0.3780


 1.9021, 0.6543,
0.3457

 65.9382, 0.4483,
0.3753

 0.5496, 0.7290,
0.2710

 87.5352, 0.4364,
0.3727

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 113.3976, 0.4263,
0.3702

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 143.9098, 0.4177,

0.3680

179.4563, 0.4103,
0.3659

14.5166, 0.5279,
0.3838

14.5166, 0.5279,
0.3838

12.9041, 0.5595,
0.3799

16.4656, 0.4931,
0.3831

11.5981, 0.5862,
0.3721

18.7685, 0.4582,
0.3786

11.5434, 0.5874,
0.3718

21.4440, 0.4253,
0.3717

24.5087, 0.3957,
0.3633

27.9783, 0.3697,
0.3543

■ 31.8674, 0.3473,
0.3454

■ 36.1897, 0.3282,
0.3367

■ 40.9586, 0.3120,
0.3286

■ 46.1867, 0.2983,
0.3211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5166, 0.5052, 0.3119



14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838



14.5166, 0.4820, 0.4605

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838



14.5166, 0.2054, 0.4311



14.5166, 0.2050, 0.1738

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838



18.2193, 0.2069, 0.2431

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.5166, 0.1526, 0.1773



14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838



14.5166, 0.1499, 0.3017

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838



14.5166, 0.2961, 0.5289



14.5166, 0.1344, 0.2155



14.5166, 0.2958, 0.1985

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838



14.5166, 0.4275, 0.5078



14.5166, 0.1344, 0.2155



14.5166, 0.1834, 0.1717

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.5174, 0.5279, 0.3838



53.5681, 0.3578, 0.3497



11.4171, 0.3929, 0.2107



11.4170, 0.3658, 0.3528



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.5174, 0.5279, 0.3838



21.3902, 0.5785, 0.3742



29.3583, 0.4378, 0.4693



8.4322, 0.3278, 0.3366



8.7896, 0.5856, 0.3732



0.3464, 0.5268, 0.4199

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2193, 0.2069, 0.2431



27.8301, 0.1957, 0.2218



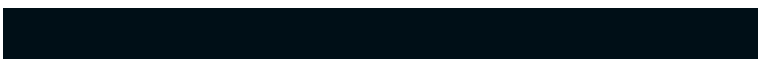
6.5227, 0.1741, 0.1176



8.6187, 0.2986, 0.3213



11.4592, 0.1942, 0.2189



0.4134, 0.2045, 0.2562

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

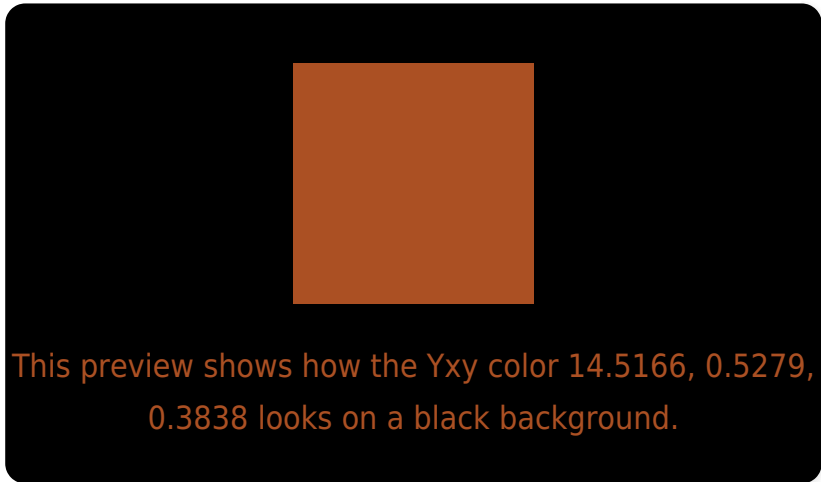
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838

Protanopia

14.6045, 0.4126, 0.4536

Deuteranopia

14.7375, 0.4552, 0.4487



Tritanopia

14.4956, 0.4714, 0.3224

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838

Protanomaly

14.0991, 0.4573, 0.4264

Deuteranomaly

14.4002, 0.4832, 0.4227

Tritanomaly

14.4486, 0.4951, 0.3474

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838

Achromatopsia

13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.0675, 0.3905, 0.3612

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 80, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(171, 80, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 80, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 80, 35) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 80, 35) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 80, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 80, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 80, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 80, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 80,  
35) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.5166, 0.5279, 0.3838 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 80, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 80,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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