

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.5417, 0.3341, 0.3081)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(14.5417, 0.3341, 0.3081)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	7C646F
RGB	124, 100, 111
RGB Percent	49%, 39%, 44%
CMY	0.5137, 0.6078, 0.5646
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.10, 0.51
HSL	332°, 11%, 44%
HSV	332°, 19%, 49%
XYZ	15.7393, 14.5471, 17.0213
YIQ	108.4300, 10.7730, 8.5090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

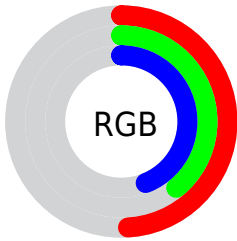
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	124, 100, 111
Decimal	8152175
CIE Lab	45.01, 11.61, -2.55
CIE LCh	45, 11.883, 347.590
Yxy	14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286342255 (0xFF7C646F)
YUV	108.4300, 1.2670, 13.6549
Hunter-Lab	38.1407, 6.9143, 0.2387




# Details

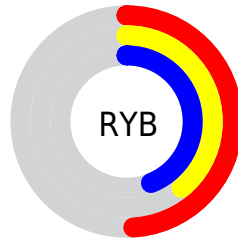
The Yxy color **14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **18.3169, 0.2964, 0.3516**, and the grayscale version is **15.1180, 0.3127, 0.3290**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.1247, 0.3277, 0.3123**, and **4.4009, 0.3437, 0.2982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.2050, 0.3461, 0.2957**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2637, 0.3215, 0.3189**.

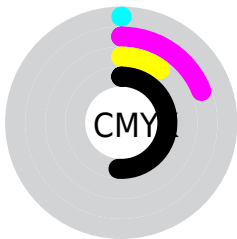
# Distribution







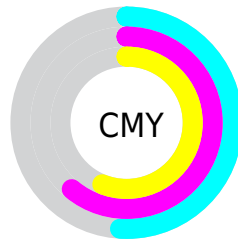
-  Red (49%)
-  Green (39%)
-  Blue (44%)






-  Red (49%)
-  Yellow (39%)
-  Blue (44%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (19%)
-  Yellow (10%)
-  Black (51%)




-  Cyan (51%)
-  Magenta (61%)
-  Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 14.5471, 0.3327,  
0.3075


 14.5471, 0.3327,  
0.3075


220.6083, 0.3209,  
0.3202


 8.5022, 0.3365,  
0.3034


 34.0567, 0.3278,  
0.3127


 4.4179, 0.3422,  
0.2975

 48.2901, 0.3262,  
0.3144

 1.9100, 0.3514,  
0.2880

 66.0218, 0.3249,  
0.3159

 0.5544, 0.3774,  
0.2582

 87.6362, 0.3238,  
0.3170

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

113.5176, 0.3229,  
0.3180

144.0505, 0.3221,

0.3188

179.6193, 0.3214,  
0.3195

■ 14.5471, 0.3327,  
0.3075

■ 14.5471, 0.3327,  
0.3075

■ 12.2050, 0.3461,  
0.2957

■ 17.2637, 0.3215,  
0.3189

■ 10.2188, 0.3620,  
0.2840

■ 20.3684, 0.3122,  
0.3297

■ 8.5715, 0.3806,  
0.2727

■ 23.8764, 0.3044,  
0.3398

■ 7.2436, 0.4019,  
0.2628

■ 27.8016, 0.2980,  
0.3491

■ 6.2139, 0.4258,  
0.2553

■ 32.1573, 0.2927,  
0.3577

■ 5.4582, 0.4514,  
0.2513

■ 36.9560, 0.2882,  
0.3656

■ 4.9489, 0.4776,  
0.2518

■ 42.2098, 0.2845,  
0.3728

■ 4.6013, 0.5039,  
0.2557

■ 47.9305, 0.2814,  
0.3795

■ 4.5796, 0.5057,  
0.2559

■ 54.1291, 0.2788,  
0.3856

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.5471, 0.3079, 0.2936



14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075



14.5471, 0.3525, 0.3268

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075



14.5471, 0.3396, 0.3724



14.5471, 0.2664, 0.3076

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075



18.3169, 0.2964, 0.3516

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.5471, 0.2742, 0.3293



14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075



14.5471, 0.3160, 0.3681

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075



14.5471, 0.3564, 0.3643



14.5471, 0.2921, 0.3519



14.5471, 0.2704, 0.2930



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075



14.5471, 0.3599, 0.3407



14.5471, 0.2921, 0.3519



14.5471, 0.2678, 0.3143

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.5477, 0.3327, 0.3075



32.0587, 0.3183, 0.3224



14.0674, 0.2993, 0.2811



7.4868, 0.3188, 0.3219



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.5477, 0.3327, 0.3075



23.7940, 0.3380, 0.3026



14.4741, 0.3484, 0.3307



4.0428, 0.3212, 0.3192



4.6550, 0.5059, 0.2560



22.0370, 0.5177, 0.2626



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5477, 0.3327, 0.3075



23.7940, 0.3380, 0.3026



18.3805, 0.2850, 0.3273



4.0428, 0.3212, 0.3192



4.6550, 0.5059, 0.2560

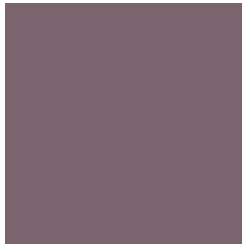


22.0370, 0.5177, 0.2626



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

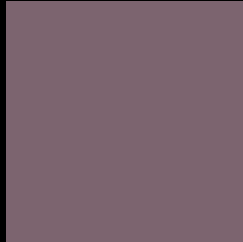
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

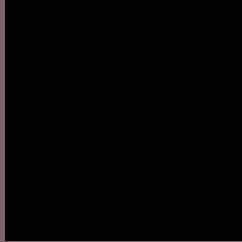
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075

### Protanopia

14.6100, 0.3014, 0.3102

### Deuteranopia

14.4711, 0.3205, 0.3148



## Tritanopia

14.4821, 0.3370, 0.3133

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075

## Protanomaly

14.6262, 0.3123, 0.3087

## Deuteranomaly

14.4801, 0.3250, 0.3129

## Tritanomaly

14.5036, 0.3356, 0.3114

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075

## Achromatopsia

14.9960, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

14.7847, 0.3201, 0.3208

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 100, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 100, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 100, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 100, 111) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 100, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 100, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 100, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 100, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 100, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 100,  
111) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.5471, 0.3327, 0.3075 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 100, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
100, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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