

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.5956, 0.2717, 0.2777)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.5956, 0.2717, 0.2777)
contains.

Yxy(14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	616A83
RGB	97, 106, 131
RGB Percent	38%, 42%, 51%
CMY	0.6196, 0.5843, 0.4863
CMYK	0.26, 0.19, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	224°, 15%, 45%
HSV	224°, 26%, 51%
XYZ	14.1802, 14.4881, 23.5223
YIQ	106.1590, -13.3890, 5.8670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

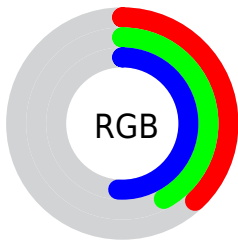
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 104, 131
Decimal	6384259
CIE _{Lab}	44.92, 2.58, -14.96
CIE _{LCh}	45, 15.184, 279.778
Yxy	14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284574339 (0xFF616A83)
YUV	106.1590, 12.2466, -8.0324
Hunter-Lab	38.0632, -0.1118, -9.9957

Details

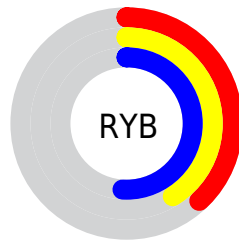
The Yxy color **14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **19.6064, 0.3539, 0.3756**, and the grayscale version is **14.4276, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.8705, 0.2815, 0.2896**, and **4.4152, 0.2527, 0.2535** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.9527, 0.2541, 0.2540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.3665, 0.2884, 0.2992**.

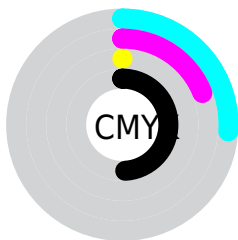
Distribution



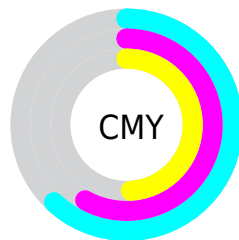
- Red (38%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.4881, 0.2717,
0.2776

■ 14.4881, 0.2717,
0.2776

■ 220.2465, 0.2960,
0.3077

■ 8.4609, 0.2639,
0.2681

■ 33.9526, 0.2817,
0.2899

■ 4.3913, 0.2525,
0.2544

■ 48.1587, 0.2850,
0.2941

■ 1.8948, 0.2345,
0.2329

■ 65.8600, 0.2878,
0.2974

■ 0.5452, 0.1979,
0.1857

■ 87.4407, 0.2900,
0.3002

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 113.2853, 0.2919,
0.3026

■ 143.7783, 0.2934,

0.3045

179.3039, 0.2948,
0.3063

■ 14.4881, 0.2717,
0.2776

■ 14.4881, 0.2717,
0.2776

■ 11.9527, 0.2541,
0.2540

■ 17.3665, 0.2884,
0.2992

■ 9.7454, 0.2361,
0.2286

■ 20.5985, 0.3040,
0.3185

■ 7.8526, 0.2183,
0.2020

■ 24.1965, 0.3184,
0.3357

■ 6.2593, 0.2013,
0.1750

■ 28.1717, 0.3315,
0.3508

■ 4.9489, 0.1860,
0.1489

■ 32.5350, 0.3434,
0.3641

■ 3.9032, 0.1734,
0.1248

■ 37.2965, 0.3541,
0.3757

■ 3.0972, 0.1637,
0.1040

■ 42.4661, 0.3637,
0.3859

■ 2.8231, 0.1601,
0.0964

■ 48.0536, 0.3724,
0.3947

■ 54.0679, 0.3802,
0.4024

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4881, 0.2564, 0.2866



14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776



14.4881, 0.2983, 0.2814

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776



14.4881, 0.3738, 0.3452



14.4881, 0.2937, 0.3653

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776



19.6064, 0.3539, 0.3756

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4881, 0.3248, 0.3826



14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776



14.4881, 0.3719, 0.3688

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776



14.4881, 0.3582, 0.3192



14.4881, 0.3536, 0.3832



14.4881, 0.2686, 0.3369

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776



14.4881, 0.3194, 0.2903



14.4881, 0.3536, 0.3832



14.4881, 0.3038, 0.3727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.4887, 0.2717, 0.2776



35.5416, 0.3006, 0.3144



20.1778, 0.2847, 0.3470



8.0894, 0.2986, 0.3118



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.4887, 0.2717, 0.2776



23.2575, 0.2617, 0.2642



13.1866, 0.2802, 0.2604



4.7305, 0.2992, 0.3126



2.7827, 0.1602, 0.0965



0.0202, 0.1812, 0.1722

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.4149, 0.3513, 0.3119



23.2348, 0.3629, 0.3079



21.3121, 0.3404, 0.3931



4.7075, 0.3241, 0.3233



4.8679, 0.5811, 0.2975



0.0179, 0.4779, 0.2406

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

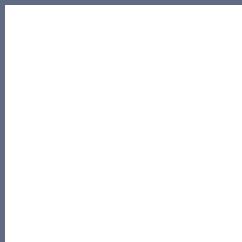
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776

Protanopia

14.4242, 0.2762, 0.2779

Deuteranopia

14.4824, 0.2798, 0.2747



Tritanopia

14.3892, 0.2837, 0.3095

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776

Protanomaly

14.3675, 0.2750, 0.2777

Deuteranomaly

14.5085, 0.2763, 0.2762

Tritanomaly

14.3534, 0.2792, 0.2971

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776

Achromatopsia

14.4128, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.4294, 0.2974, 0.3100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color $rgb(97, 106, 131)$ looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 106, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 106, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 106, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 106, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 106, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 106, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 106, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 106, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 106,  
131) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.4881, 0.2717, 0.2776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 106, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 106,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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