

Converting Colors

$Yxy(14.6217, 0.1573, 0.2932)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.6217, 0.1573, 0.2932)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007E8C
RGB	0, 126, 140
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 55%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5059, 0.4509
CMYK	1.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	186°, 100%, 27%
HSV	186°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	12.1938, 16.8152, 27.4178
YIQ	89.9220, -79.5900, -22.3580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

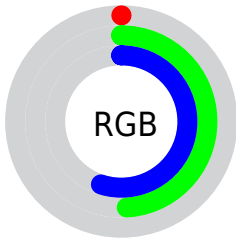
Format	Color
RYB	0, 66, 140
Decimal	32396
CIELab	48.03, -23.80, -15.91
CIElCh	48, 28.625, 213.755
Yxy	16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222476 (0xFF007E8C)
YUV	89.9220, 24.6885, -78.8616
Hunter-Lab	41.0063, -18.6815, -10.9383

Details

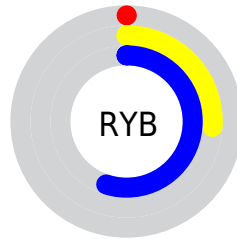
The Yxy color **16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.8907, 0.6299, 0.3381**, and the grayscale version is **10.1638, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38.0201, 0.2373, 0.3057**, and **6.0459, 0.2128, 0.2859** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8165, 0.2161, 0.2980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2707, 0.2191, 0.3013**.

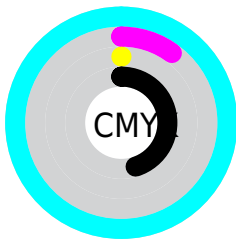
Distribution



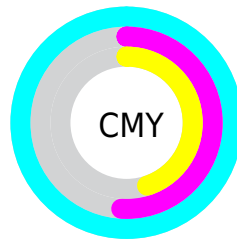
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.8152, 0.2161,
0.2980


 16.8152, 0.2161,
0.2980


 234.1052, 0.2706,
0.3176


 10.1028, 0.2002,
0.2911


 38.0078, 0.2375,
0.3064


 5.4672, 0.1785,
0.2807

 53.2567, 0.2451,
0.3092

 2.5239, 0.1472,
0.2635

 72.1200, 0.2513,
0.3113

 0.8886, 0.0709,
0.2391

 94.9821, 0.2564,
0.3131

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 122.2272, 0.2608,
0.3145

 154.2398, 0.2645,

0.3157

191.4043, 0.2677,
0.3168

■ 16.8152, 0.2161,
0.2980

■ 16.8152, 0.2161,
0.2980

■ 16.8165, 0.2161,
0.2980

■ 17.2707, 0.2191,
0.3013

■ 17.7900, 0.2233,
0.3047

■ 18.4063, 0.2293,
0.3080

■ 19.1307, 0.2371,
0.3114

■ 19.9732, 0.2466,
0.3147

■ 20.9421, 0.2576,
0.3179

■ 22.0454, 0.2701,
0.3210

■ 23.2900, 0.2836,
0.3238

■ 24.6827, 0.2979,
0.3265

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8152, 0.2420, 0.3533



16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980



16.8152, 0.2136, 0.2588

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980



16.8152, 0.3311, 0.2667



16.8152, 0.3921, 0.4211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980



5.8907, 0.6299, 0.3381

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8152, 0.4215, 0.3877



16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980



16.8152, 0.3857, 0.3020

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980



16.8152, 0.2756, 0.2451



16.8152, 0.4199, 0.3447



16.8152, 0.3427, 0.4309

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980



16.8152, 0.2249, 0.2448



16.8152, 0.4199, 0.3447



16.8152, 0.4048, 0.4118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8165, 0.2161, 0.2980



38.7304, 0.2692, 0.3208



18.7911, 0.2975, 0.5910



8.7523, 0.2645, 0.3196



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8165, 0.2161, 0.2980



29.5105, 0.2159, 0.2973



4.7225, 0.1695, 0.1302



5.6046, 0.2991, 0.3267



14.9559, 0.2162, 0.2982



0.1108, 0.2207, 0.3145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.0829, 0.3472, 0.1686



12.4719, 0.3478, 0.1689



11.9181, 0.5092, 0.4339



5.1205, 0.3151, 0.3096



6.2940, 0.3470, 0.1685



0.0430, 0.3328, 0.1607

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

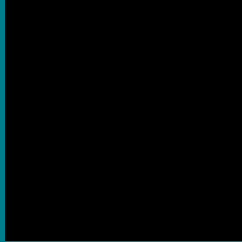
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980.

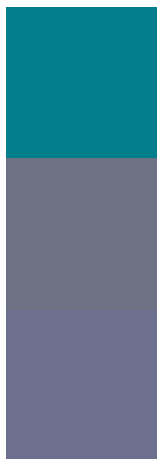


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980

Protanopia

16.7639, 0.2881, 0.2939

Deuteranopia

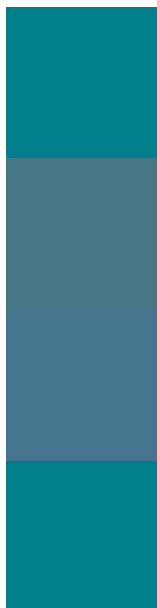
16.6033, 0.2740, 0.2684



Tritanopia

16.7279, 0.2179, 0.3043

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980

Protanomaly

15.9802, 0.2454, 0.2947

Deuteranomaly

15.7090, 0.2375, 0.2746

Tritanomaly

16.7567, 0.2173, 0.3022

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.6531, 0.2509, 0.3163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 126, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 126, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 126, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 126, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 126, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 126, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 126, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 126, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126,  
140) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.8152, 0.2161, 0.2980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 126, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 126,  
140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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