

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.6233, 0.2248, 0.2699)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.6233, 0.2248, 0.2699)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33728D
RGB	51, 114, 141
RGB Percent	20%, 45%, 55%
CMY	0.7996, 0.5530, 0.4471
CMYK	0.64, 0.19, 0.00, 0.45
HSL	198°, 47%, 38%
HSV	198°, 64%, 55%
XYZ	12.1935, 14.6615, 27.3866
YIQ	98.2410, -46.2150, -4.9590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

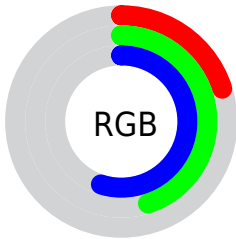
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 88, 141
Decimal	3371661
CIE _{Lab}	45.17, -11.48, -20.79
CIE _{LCh}	45, 23.745, 241.096
Yxy	14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281561741 (0xFF33728D)
YUV	98.2410, 21.0802, -41.4304
Hunter-Lab	38.2903, -10.1650, -15.6030

Details

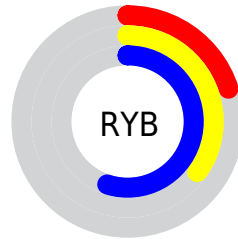
The Yxy color **14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **11.3657, 0.4730, 0.3756**, and the grayscale version is **12.2381, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.3384, 0.2450, 0.2848**, and **4.6518, 0.2011, 0.2438** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.4155, 0.2149, 0.2593**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0640, 0.2363, 0.2810**.

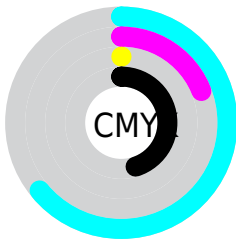
Distribution



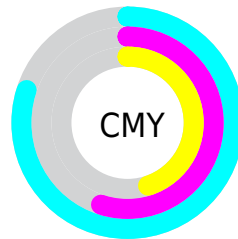
- Red (20%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

14.6615, 0.2248,
0.2703

14.6615, 0.2248,
0.2703

221.3081, 0.2754,
0.3056

8.5822, 0.2096,
0.2588

34.2582, 0.2450,
0.2849

4.4697, 0.1883,
0.2421

48.5444, 0.2521,
0.2899

1.9396, 0.1570,
0.2159

66.3351, 0.2578,
0.2938

0.5720, 0.0776,
0.1686

88.0145, 0.2625,
0.2970

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

113.9671, 0.2665,
0.2997

144.5773, 0.2699,

0.3020

180.2295, 0.2729,
0.3040

■ 14.6615, 0.2248,
0.2703

■ 14.6615, 0.2248,
0.2703

■ 13.4155, 0.2149,
0.2593

■ 16.0640, 0.2363,
0.2810

■ 12.3134, 0.2069,
0.2482

■ 17.6310, 0.2491,
0.2914

■ 11.3425, 0.2007,
0.2372

■ 19.3718, 0.2629,
0.3011

■ 10.7794, 0.1973,
0.2303

■ 21.2945, 0.2774,
0.3102

■ 23.4064, 0.2922,
0.3186

■ 25.7146, 0.3071,
0.3263

■ 28.2256, 0.3219,
0.3332

■ 30.9455, 0.3364,
0.3394

■ 33.8804, 0.3504,
0.3449

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6615, 0.2291, 0.3066



14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703



14.6615, 0.2414, 0.2527

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703



14.6615, 0.3724, 0.3025



14.6615, 0.3438, 0.4173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703



11.3657, 0.4730, 0.3756

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.6615, 0.3856, 0.4078



14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703



14.6615, 0.4041, 0.3402

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703



14.6615, 0.3245, 0.2719



14.6615, 0.4086, 0.3783



14.6615, 0.2956, 0.3978

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703



14.6615, 0.2631, 0.2516



14.6615, 0.4086, 0.3783



14.6615, 0.3591, 0.4171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.6620, 0.2248, 0.2703



39.7403, 0.2838, 0.3140



20.3071, 0.2849, 0.4715



8.6662, 0.2801, 0.3118



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.6620, 0.2248, 0.2703



23.0295, 0.2108, 0.2539



6.8946, 0.2012, 0.1670



5.8465, 0.2990, 0.3222



9.8571, 0.1974, 0.2307



0.1329, 0.2114, 0.2811

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.2532, 0.3677, 0.2237



13.7402, 0.3859, 0.2093



20.0732, 0.4170, 0.4483



5.4838, 0.3180, 0.3137



5.9814, 0.4119, 0.2043



0.0611, 0.3625, 0.1771

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

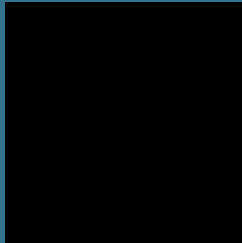
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703.

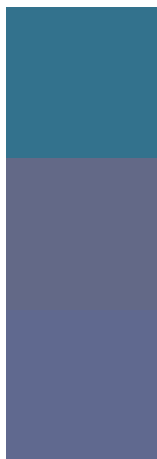


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703

Protanopia

14.5051, 0.2697, 0.2685

Deuteranopia

14.5731, 0.2583, 0.2538



Tritanopia

14.7644, 0.2330, 0.3080

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703

Protanomaly

14.3251, 0.2501, 0.2682

Deuteranomaly

14.3836, 0.2438, 0.2587

Tritanomaly

14.7338, 0.2305, 0.2949

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703

Achromatopsia

12.2139, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.8649, 0.2707, 0.3060

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 114, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 114, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 114, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 114, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 114, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 114, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 114, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 114, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 114, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 114,  
141) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.6615, 0.2248, 0.2703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 114, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 114,  
141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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