

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.6340, 0.2086, 0.2708)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.6340, 0.2086, 0.2708)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00758F
RGB	0, 117, 143
RGB Percent	0%, 46%, 56%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5411, 0.4393
CMYK	1.00, 0.18, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	191°, 100%, 28%
HSV	191°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.3154, 14.7057, 28.2234
YIQ	84.9810, -78.0780, -16.7180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

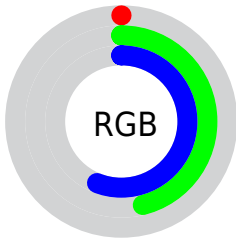
Format	Color
RYB	0, 64, 143
Decimal	30095
CIELab	45.23, -17.95, -21.95
CIELCh	45, 28.356, 230.736
Yxy	14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220175 (0xFF00758F)
YUV	84.9810, 28.6034, -74.5283
Hunter-Lab	38.3480, -14.4387, -16.7928

Details

The Yxy color **14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **6.5762, 0.6180, 0.3475**, and the grayscale version is **9.0327, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.2462, 0.2319, 0.2853**, and **5.0466, 0.2025, 0.2490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7081, 0.2087, 0.2711**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4178, 0.2126, 0.2775**.

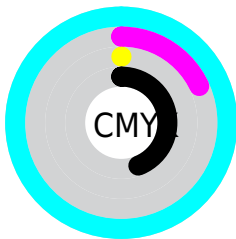
Distribution



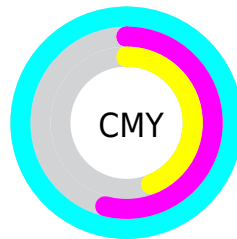
- Red (0%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 14.7057, 0.2086,
0.2711


 14.7057, 0.2086,
0.2711


 221.5779, 0.2680,
0.3066


 8.6131, 0.1911,
0.2593


 34.3361, 0.2321,
0.2860


 4.4897, 0.1671,
0.2420

 48.6426, 0.2403,
0.2909


 1.9511, 0.1329,
0.2148

 66.4559, 0.2471,
0.2949

 0.5788, 0.0327,
0.1691

 88.1604, 0.2527,
0.2981

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 114.1405, 0.2574,
0.3007

 144.7805, 0.2614,

0.3030

180.4648, 0.2649,
0.3049

■ 14.7057, 0.2086,
0.2711

■ 14.7057, 0.2086,
0.2711

■ 14.7081, 0.2087,
0.2711

■ 15.4178, 0.2126,
0.2775

■ 16.2081, 0.2178,
0.2839

■ 17.1119, 0.2249,
0.2903

■ 18.1412, 0.2337,
0.2966

■ 19.3063, 0.2442,
0.3028

■ 20.6164, 0.2562,
0.3087

■ 22.0797, 0.2693,
0.3143

■ 23.7038, 0.2833,
0.3196

■ 25.4959, 0.2978,
0.3245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7057, 0.2216, 0.3203



14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



14.7057, 0.2196, 0.2435

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



14.7057, 0.3651, 0.2839



14.7057, 0.3673, 0.4342

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



6.5762, 0.6180, 0.3475

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.7057, 0.4113, 0.4110



14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



14.7057, 0.4121, 0.3254

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



14.7057, 0.3057, 0.2530



14.7057, 0.4290, 0.3705



14.7057, 0.3110, 0.4246

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



14.7057, 0.2398, 0.2377



14.7057, 0.4290, 0.3705



14.7057, 0.3841, 0.4294

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.7081, 0.2087, 0.2711



39.3742, 0.2684, 0.3140



19.7064, 0.2952, 0.5826



8.7961, 0.2634, 0.3119



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.7081, 0.2087, 0.2711



26.1164, 0.2083, 0.2698



4.0692, 0.1643, 0.1114



5.9520, 0.2990, 0.3249



13.0349, 0.2087, 0.2714



0.1527, 0.2172, 0.3018

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1232, 0.3718, 0.1822



12.7358, 0.3730, 0.1828



14.0816, 0.4914, 0.4480



5.4945, 0.3163, 0.3112



6.3022, 0.3715, 0.1820



0.0631, 0.3439, 0.1668

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

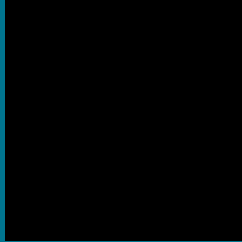
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711.

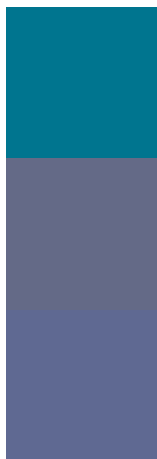


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711

Protanopia

14.7667, 0.2710, 0.2707

Deuteranopia

14.6114, 0.2544, 0.2485



Tritanopia

14.7522, 0.2188, 0.3076

Trichromacy



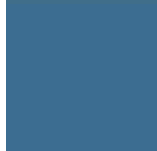
Original Color

14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



Protanomaly

14.0768, 0.2340, 0.2683



Deuteranomaly

13.9423, 0.2254, 0.2525



Tritanomaly

14.6503, 0.2150, 0.2941

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711



Achromatopsia

9.0842, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

10.3743, 0.2472, 0.3054

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 117, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 117, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 117, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 117, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 117, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 117, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 117, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 117,  
143) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.7057, 0.2086, 0.2711 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 117, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 117,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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