

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.6387, 0.6105, 0.3468)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(14.6387, 0.6105, 0.3468)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CC2C0C
RGB	204, 44, 12
RGB Percent	80%, 17%, 5%
CMY	0.2001, 0.8273, 0.9527
CMYK	0.00, 0.78, 0.94, 0.20
HSL	10°, 89%, 42%
HSV	10°, 94%, 80%
XYZ	25.8665, 14.6653, 1.8168
YIQ	88.1920, 105.6320, 23.9680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

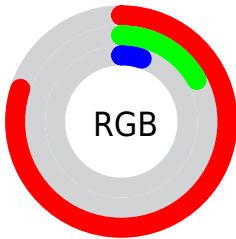
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	204, 50, 12
Decimal	13380620
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	45.17, 60.34, 54.36
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 81.221, 42.015
Yxy	14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291570700 (0xFFCC2C0C)
YUV	88.1920, -37.5627, 101.5636
Hunter-Lab	38.2953, 53.5507, 23.9940

# Details

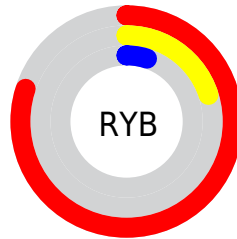
The Yxy color **14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **33.9424, 0.2114, 0.2781**, and the grayscale version is **9.8746, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.5195, 0.5418, 0.3627**, and **5.5754, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9792, 0.6242, 0.3426**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2835, 0.5803, 0.3521**.

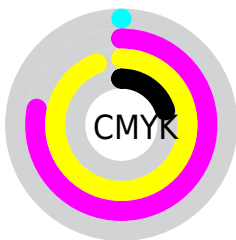
# Distribution



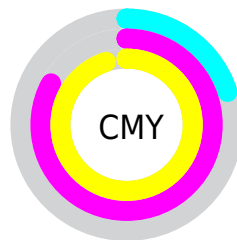
- Red (80%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (5%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 14.6653, 0.6108,  
0.3463


 14.6653, 0.6108,  
0.3463


 221.3313, 0.4460,  
0.3598

 8.5848, 0.6513,  
0.3317


 34.2649, 0.5509,  
0.3596


 4.4714, 0.6958,  
0.3042

 48.5529, 0.5279,  
0.3618


 1.9406, 0.7431,  
0.2569

 66.3455, 0.5085,  
0.3627

 0.5726, 0.8223,  
0.1777

 88.0270, 0.4921,  
0.3627

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

 113.9820, 0.4780,  
0.3623


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 144.5948, 0.4659,


0.3616


 180.2498, 0.4553,  
0.3607


 14.6653, 0.6108,  
0.3463


 14.6653, 0.6108,  
0.3463

 13.9792, 0.6242,  
0.3426

 16.2835, 0.5803,  
0.3521

 18.5448, 0.5410,  
0.3549

 21.5103, 0.4982,  
0.3548

 25.2329, 0.4568,  
0.3525

 29.7604, 0.4194,  
0.3487

■ 35.1365, 0.3872,  
0.3442

■ 41.4019, 0.3601,  
0.3396

■ 48.5946, 0.3377,  
0.3350

■ 56.7502, 0.3193,  
0.3307

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6653, 0.5601, 0.2674



14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463



14.6653, 0.5545, 0.4442

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463



14.6653, 0.1848, 0.5500



14.6653, 0.1429, 0.1248

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463



33.9424, 0.2114, 0.2781

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.6653, 0.0956, 0.1358



14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463



14.6653, 0.1072, 0.3306

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463



14.6653, 0.3046, 0.6407



14.6653, 0.0834, 0.1914



14.6653, 0.2418, 0.1450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463



14.6653, 0.4791, 0.5209



14.6653, 0.0834, 0.1914



14.6653, 0.1225, 0.1248

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.6662, 0.6108, 0.3463



63.9582, 0.3710, 0.3416



16.2024, 0.3601, 0.1780



12.7393, 0.3832, 0.3436



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.6662, 0.6108, 0.3463



22.9514, 0.6258, 0.3413



30.6990, 0.4906, 0.4445



11.5107, 0.3286, 0.3329



8.8927, 0.6222, 0.3441



0.5552, 0.5876, 0.3717

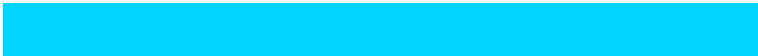


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.9424, 0.2114, 0.2781



54.5591, 0.2094, 0.2739



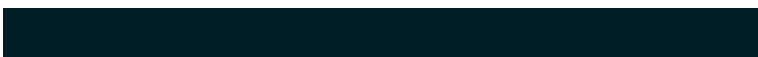
10.0624, 0.1685, 0.1223



12.3964, 0.2983, 0.3250



20.9575, 0.2099, 0.2755



1.1679, 0.2131, 0.2870



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463

### Protanopia

14.8739, 0.4260, 0.4708

### Deuteranopia

14.7370, 0.4702, 0.4649



## Tritanopia

14.5833, 0.5902, 0.3298

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463

## Protanomaly

13.1342, 0.5091, 0.4139

## Deuteranomaly

13.4707, 0.5366, 0.4092

## Tritanomaly

14.5870, 0.6007, 0.3375

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463

## Achromatopsia

9.7587, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

9.7068, 0.4480, 0.3524

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 44, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 44, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 44, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 44, 12) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 44, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 44, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 44, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 44, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 44, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 44,  
12) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.6653, 0.6108, 0.3463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 44, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204, 44,  
12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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