

Converting Colors

$Yxy(14.7523, 0.1847, 0.3182)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.7523, 0.1847, 0.3182)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007D81
RGB	0, 125, 129
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 51%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5098, 0.4942
CMYK	1.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	182°, 100%, 25%
HSV	182°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	11.2942, 16.2522, 23.3053
YIQ	88.0810, -75.7840, -25.2560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

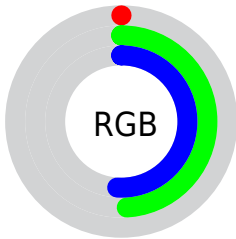
Format	Color
RYB	0, 63, 129
Decimal	32129
CIELab	47.30, -27.05, -10.49
CIELCh	47, 29.009, 201.203
Yxy	16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222209 (0xFF007D81)
YUV	88.0810, 20.1731, -77.2470
Hunter-Lab	40.3140, -20.5419, -6.0554

Details

The Yxy color **16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.7524, 0.6366, 0.3327**, and the grayscale version is **9.7455, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **37.0120, 0.2426, 0.3224**, and **5.6113, 0.2197, 0.3111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2534, 0.2221, 0.3196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4392, 0.2245, 0.3206**.

Distribution



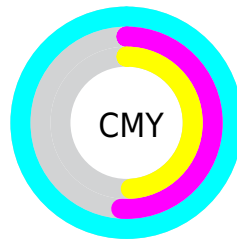
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 16.2522, 0.2221,
0.3196


 16.2522, 0.2221,
0.3196


 230.8253, 0.2738,
0.3266


 9.7028, 0.2067,
0.3166


 37.0355, 0.2427,
0.3229


 5.2023, 0.1852,
0.3116

 52.0381, 0.2498,
0.3239


 2.3665, 0.1535,
0.3022

 70.6274, 0.2557,
0.3246

 0.8086, 0.0403,
0.3009

 93.1875, 0.2605,
0.3252

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 120.1030, 0.2646,
0.3257

 151.7582, 0.2681,

0.3260

188.5375, 0.2712,
0.3263

■ 16.2522, 0.2221,
0.3196

■ 16.2522, 0.2221,
0.3196

■ 16.2534, 0.2221,
0.3196

■ 16.4392, 0.2245,
0.3206

■ 16.6727, 0.2279,
0.3216

■ 16.9830, 0.2331,
0.3226

■ 17.3791, 0.2401,
0.3236

■ 17.8689, 0.2488,
0.3246

■ 18.4594, 0.2591,
0.3255

■ 19.1570, 0.2709,
0.3265

■ 19.9673, 0.2840,
0.3274

■ 20.8957, 0.2980,
0.3282

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2522, 0.2578, 0.3784



16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196



16.2522, 0.2096, 0.2711

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196



16.2522, 0.3067, 0.2541



16.2522, 0.4098, 0.4108

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196



4.7524, 0.6366, 0.3327

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2522, 0.4278, 0.3709



16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196



16.2522, 0.3655, 0.2849

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196



16.2522, 0.2547, 0.2392



16.2522, 0.4116, 0.3261



16.2522, 0.3661, 0.4332

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196



16.2522, 0.2145, 0.2506



16.2522, 0.4116, 0.3261



16.2522, 0.4193, 0.3987

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2534, 0.2221, 0.3196



34.2197, 0.2701, 0.3264



15.7015, 0.2996, 0.5984



7.6423, 0.2658, 0.3261



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2534, 0.2221, 0.3196



29.0710, 0.2221, 0.3194



5.0673, 0.1770, 0.1573



4.8649, 0.2993, 0.3283



15.8523, 0.2221, 0.3196



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.1468, 0.3285, 0.1583



11.0060, 0.3287, 0.1584



8.6380, 0.5316, 0.4161



4.4102, 0.3141, 0.3084



5.9948, 0.3285, 0.1583



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

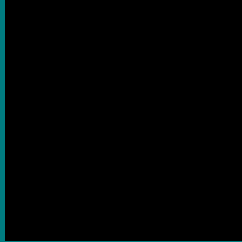
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196

Protanopia

16.1045, 0.3018, 0.3110

Deuteranopia

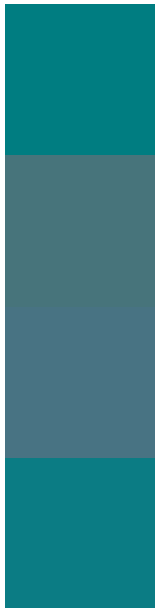
16.1139, 0.2904, 0.2845



Tritanopia

16.2651, 0.2215, 0.3063

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196

Protanomaly

15.2604, 0.2550, 0.3133

Deuteranomaly

15.2779, 0.2485, 0.2943

Tritanomaly

16.1524, 0.2213, 0.3106

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196

Achromatopsia

9.7587, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.1274, 0.2540, 0.3237

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 125, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 125, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 125, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 125, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 125, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 125, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 125, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 125, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125,  
129) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 16.2522, 0.2221, 0.3196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 125, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 125,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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