

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.7929, 0.0717, 0.2259)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.7929, 0.0717, 0.2259)
contains.

Yxy(21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0089B4
RGB	0, 137, 180
RGB Percent	0%, 54%, 71%
CMY	0.9993, 0.4628, 0.2940
CMYK	1.00, 0.24, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	194°, 100%, 35%
HSV	194°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	17.1866, 21.1866, 46.3732
YIQ	100.9390, -95.4550, -15.6710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

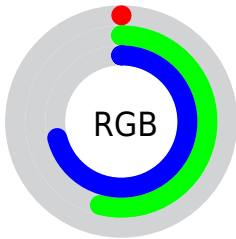
Format	Color
RYB	0, 78, 180
Decimal	35252
CIELab	53.15, -15.33, -31.25
CIELCh	53, 34.806, 243.860
Yxy	21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225332 (0xFF0089B4)
YUV	100.9390, 38.9771, -88.5235
Hunter-Lab	46.0289, -13.9011, -27.5133

Details

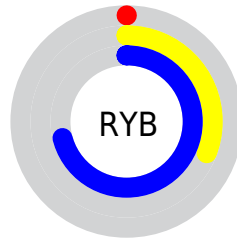
The Yxy color **21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **11.4475, 0.6094, 0.3542**, and the grayscale version is **12.9269, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.2102, 0.2248, 0.2670**, and **8.3487, 0.1962, 0.2263** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.1749, 0.2028, 0.2499**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.5653, 0.2071, 0.2587**.

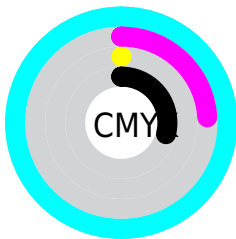
Distribution



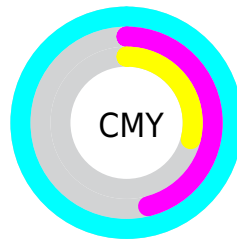
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.1866, 0.2028,
0.2500

■ 21.1866, 0.2028,
0.2500

■ 258.2685, 0.2618,
0.2947

■ 13.2605, 0.1871,
0.2372

■ 45.3979, 0.2250,
0.2675

■ 7.6082, 0.1667,
0.2198

■ 62.4518, 0.2331,
0.2737

■ 3.8453, 0.1394,
0.1952

■ 83.3172, 0.2399,
0.2788

■ 1.5874, 0.1023,
0.1591

■ 108.3783, 0.2456,
0.2831

■ 0.3491, 0.0000,
0.0881

■ 138.0196, 0.2506,
0.2866

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 172.6255, 0.2548,

0.2897

212.5803, 0.2585,
0.2924

■ 21.1866, 0.2028,
0.2500

■ 21.1866, 0.2028,
0.2500

■ 21.1749, 0.2028,
0.2499

■ 22.5653, 0.2071,
0.2587

■ 24.1115, 0.2129,
0.2675

■ 25.8706, 0.2207,
0.2763

■ 27.8647, 0.2303,
0.2850

■ 30.1126, 0.2416,
0.2935

■ 32.6307, 0.2543,
0.3016

■ 35.4341, 0.2681,
0.3093

■ 38.5364, 0.2827,
0.3165

■ 41.9504, 0.2977,
0.3231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.1866, 0.2052, 0.2932



21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500



21.1866, 0.2254, 0.2316

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500



21.1866, 0.3950, 0.2986



21.1866, 0.3452, 0.4444

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500



11.4475, 0.6094, 0.3542

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.1866, 0.4008, 0.4318



21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500



21.1866, 0.4335, 0.3456

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500



21.1866, 0.3332, 0.2599



21.1866, 0.4346, 0.3933



21.1866, 0.2838, 0.4163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500



21.1866, 0.2535, 0.2322



21.1866, 0.4346, 0.3933



21.1866, 0.3652, 0.4443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.1873, 0.2028, 0.2500



63.9116, 0.2673, 0.3089



32.8193, 0.2927, 0.5735



13.3470, 0.2614, 0.3057



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.1873, 0.2028, 0.2500



38.0075, 0.2024, 0.2485



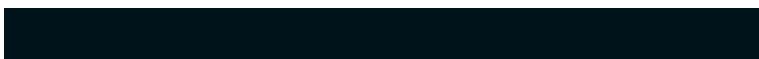
5.4215, 0.1591, 0.0927



9.2802, 0.2986, 0.3234



14.8832, 0.2031, 0.2510



0.5518, 0.2098, 0.2752

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.5152, 0.3922, 0.1935



20.8279, 0.3937, 0.1943



26.2243, 0.4756, 0.4605



8.6113, 0.3173, 0.3118



8.0426, 0.3913, 0.1929



0.2615, 0.3679, 0.1800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

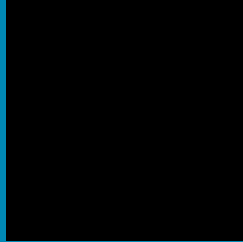
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500.

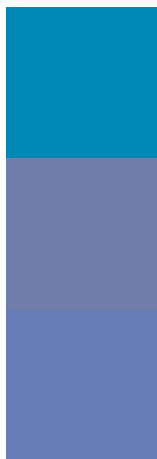


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500

Protanopia

21.0802, 0.2564, 0.2526

Deuteranopia

21.0292, 0.2390, 0.2328



Tritanopia

21.2841, 0.2190, 0.3085

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500

Protanomaly

20.1342, 0.2235, 0.2477

Deuteranomaly

20.2362, 0.2157, 0.2354

Tritanomaly

21.3648, 0.2128, 0.2859

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500

Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.7363, 0.2422, 0.2934

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 137, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 137, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 137, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 137, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 137, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 137, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 137, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 137, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137,  
180) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 21.1866, 0.2028, 0.2500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 137, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 137,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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