

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.8375, 0.4530, 0.4541)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.8375, 0.4530, 0.4541)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85671A
RGB	133, 103, 26
RGB Percent	52%, 40%, 10%
CMY	0.4784, 0.5961, 0.8981
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.80, 0.48
HSL	43°, 67%, 31%
HSV	43°, 80%, 52%
XYZ	14.7096, 14.7616, 3.0505
YIQ	103.1920, 42.5970, -17.5870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

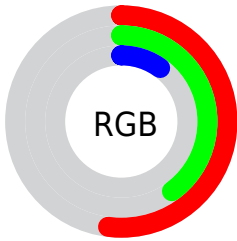
Format	Color
R_{YB}	68, 133, 26
Decimal	8742682
CIE Lab	45.31, 4.20, 44.96
CIE LCh	45, 45.152, 84.667
Yxy	14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286932762 (0xFF85671A)
YUV	103.1920, -38.0557, 26.1416
Hunter-Lab	38.4208, 1.1030, 22.1871

Details

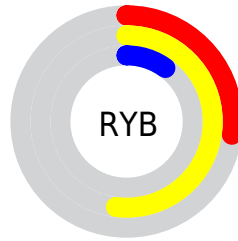
The Yxy color **14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **4.7401, 0.1808, 0.1411**, and the grayscale version is **13.7116, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.4518, 0.4231, 0.4306**, and **4.5338, 0.4779, 0.4588** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9908, 0.4660, 0.4581**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5946, 0.4362, 0.4453**.

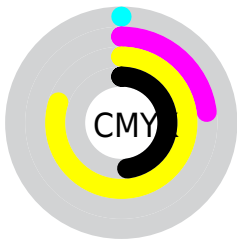
Distribution



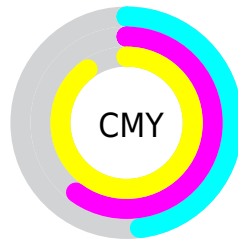
- Red (52%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.7616, 0.4523,
0.4539

■ 14.7616, 0.4523,
0.4539

■ 221.9187, 0.3746,
0.3867

■ 8.6522, 0.4710,
0.4684

■ 34.4344, 0.4234,
0.4299

■ 4.5151, 0.5048,
0.4952

■ 48.7667, 0.4126,
0.4205

■ 1.9656, 0.5103,
0.4897

■ 66.6086, 0.4035,
0.4125

■ 0.5874, 0.5294,
0.4706


■ 88.3448, 0.3959,
0.4058


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 114.3595, 0.3894,
0.3999


■ 145.0371, 0.3838,

0.3949


 180.7620, 0.3789,
0.3905

 14.7616, 0.4523,
0.4539


 14.7616, 0.4523,
0.4539


 13.9908, 0.4660,
0.4581


 15.5946, 0.4362,
0.4453

 13.3010, 0.4774,
0.4591

 16.4913, 0.4183,
0.4330

 17.4558, 0.3996,
0.4179

 18.4911, 0.3807,
0.4009

 19.5999, 0.3623,
0.3829

■ 20.7847, 0.3447,
0.3647

■ 22.0479, 0.3284,
0.3469

■ 23.3917, 0.3134,
0.3298

■ 24.8182, 0.2997,
0.3136

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.7616, 0.4922, 0.3903



14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539



14.7616, 0.3786, 0.4974

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539



14.7616, 0.1708, 0.2981



14.7616, 0.3112, 0.2214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539



4.7401, 0.1808, 0.1411

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.7616, 0.2300, 0.1968



14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539



14.7616, 0.1593, 0.2291

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539



14.7616, 0.2166, 0.3988



14.7616, 0.1791, 0.1977



14.7616, 0.4065, 0.2669

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539



14.7616, 0.3213, 0.4963



14.7616, 0.1791, 0.1977



14.7616, 0.2813, 0.2106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.7623, 0.4523, 0.4539



36.3371, 0.3518, 0.3722



6.0135, 0.5089, 0.2843



8.0413, 0.3571, 0.3777



67.3860, 0.3127, 0.3290



9.4630, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.7623, 0.4523, 0.4539



23.9273, 0.4757, 0.4581



20.1529, 0.3821, 0.5140



5.2082, 0.3263, 0.3446



12.6833, 0.4773, 0.4593



0.0563, 0.4459, 0.4842

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.7401, 0.1808, 0.1411



5.5537, 0.1623, 0.1014



3.0892, 0.1869, 0.0982



4.7415, 0.2992, 0.3129



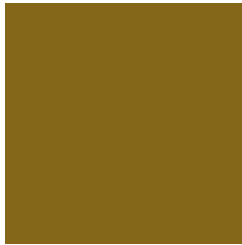
2.9026, 0.1611, 0.1000



0.0211, 0.1826, 0.1774

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539

Protanopia

14.8692, 0.4267, 0.4718

Deuteranopia

14.7282, 0.4567, 0.4505



Tritanopia

14.7483, 0.3669, 0.3162

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539

Protanomaly

14.7472, 0.4355, 0.4650

Deuteranomaly

14.6457, 0.4553, 0.4515

Tritanomaly

14.6659, 0.4052, 0.3741

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539

Achromatopsia

13.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.7859, 0.3681, 0.3886

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 103, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 103, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 103, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 103, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 103, 26) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 103, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 103, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 103, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 103, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 103,  
26) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.7616, 0.4523, 0.4539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 103, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
103, 26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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