

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	117B53
RGB	17, 123, 83
RGB Percent	7%, 48%, 33%
CMY	0.9330, 0.5176, 0.6745
CMYK	0.86, 0.00, 0.33, 0.52
HSL	157°, 76%, 27%
HSV	157°, 86%, 48%
XYZ	8.8763, 14.9096, 10.5918
YIQ	86.7460, -50.3360, -34.9120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

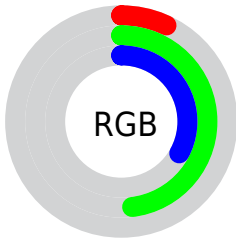
Format	Color
RYB	17, 82, 123
Decimal	1145683
CIELab	45.51, -38.28, 14.07
CIELCh	46, 40.786, 159.819
Yxy	14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279335763 (0xFF117B53)
YUV	86.7460, -1.8468, -61.1672
Hunter-Lab	38.6130, -26.5392, 10.7655

Details

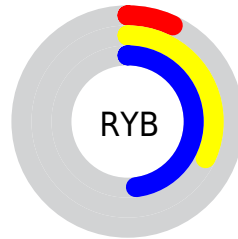
The Yxy color **14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **4.9110, 0.4959, 0.2673**, and the grayscale version is **9.4914, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.5380, 0.2721, 0.4044**, and **4.9050, 0.2660, 0.4774** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7517, 0.2589, 0.4477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1313, 0.2592, 0.4196**.

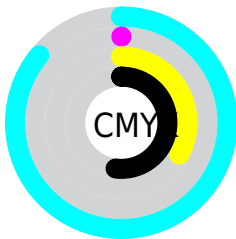
Distribution



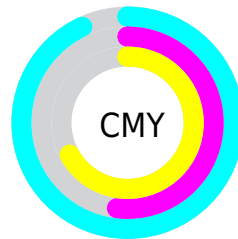
- Red (7%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (52%)




- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.9096, 0.2582,
0.4337


 14.9096, 0.2582,
0.4337


222.8184, 0.2920,
0.3683


 8.7560, 0.2463,
0.4571


 34.6945, 0.2727,
0.4055


 4.5824, 0.2278,
0.4935

 49.0946, 0.2774,
0.3964


 2.0044, 0.1944,
0.5587


 67.0122, 0.2811,
0.3893

 0.6100, 0.0000,
1.0000

 88.8319, 0.2841,
0.3835

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 114.9380, 0.2866,
0.3787

 145.7148, 0.2887,

0.3747

181.5468, 0.2905,
0.3712

■ 14.9096, 0.2582,
0.4337

■ 14.9096, 0.2582,
0.4337

■ 14.7517, 0.2589,
0.4477

■ 15.1313, 0.2592,
0.4196

■ 14.6951, 0.2592,
0.4531

■ 15.4292, 0.2621,
0.4056

■ 15.8116, 0.2666,
0.3919

■ 16.2851, 0.2727,
0.3787

■ 16.8558, 0.2801,
0.3663

■ 17.5292, 0.2884,
0.3548

■ 18.3104, 0.2974,
0.3441

■ 19.2040, 0.3068,
0.3344

■ 20.2145, 0.3165,
0.3257

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.9096, 0.3352, 0.4814



14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337



14.9096, 0.2003, 0.3451

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337



14.9096, 0.2104, 0.2048



14.9096, 0.4754, 0.3578

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337



4.9110, 0.4959, 0.2673

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.9096, 0.4346, 0.2994



14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337



14.9096, 0.2723, 0.2161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337



14.9096, 0.1773, 0.2197



14.9096, 0.3555, 0.2496



14.9096, 0.4636, 0.4177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337



14.9096, 0.1788, 0.2891



14.9096, 0.3555, 0.2496



14.9096, 0.4676, 0.3378

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9102, 0.2582, 0.4337



31.3215, 0.2879, 0.3554



15.0968, 0.3302, 0.5594



7.2924, 0.2855, 0.3585



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9102, 0.2582, 0.4337



26.2870, 0.2601, 0.4564



12.8413, 0.2198, 0.2985



4.4880, 0.3040, 0.3372



15.2010, 0.2593, 0.4533



72.3410, 0.2612, 0.4604

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.9110, 0.4959, 0.2673



7.8743, 0.5442, 0.2772



5.1525, 0.5836, 0.3448



4.0378, 0.3223, 0.3209



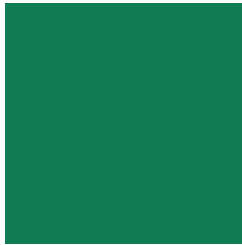
4.5631, 0.5386, 0.2741



21.6124, 0.5516, 0.2812

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337

Protanopia

14.7502, 0.3673, 0.3936

Deuteranopia

14.6737, 0.3664, 0.3612



Tritanopia

14.8128, 0.2328, 0.3059

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337

Protanomaly

14.0802, 0.3101, 0.4110

Deuteranomaly

13.7550, 0.3087, 0.3860

Tritanomaly

14.6987, 0.2407, 0.3483

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337

Achromatopsia

9.5307, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.8104, 0.2788, 0.3666

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 123, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 123, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 123, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 123, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 123, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 123, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 123, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 123, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 123, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 123,  
83) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.9096, 0.2582, 0.4337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 123, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 123,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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