

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A75442
RGB	167, 84, 66
RGB Percent	65%, 33%, 26%
CMY	0.3451, 0.6705, 0.7412
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.60, 0.35
HSL	11°, 43%, 46%
HSV	11°, 60%, 65%
XYZ	20.0881, 14.9495, 6.9790
YIQ	106.7650, 55.2460, 11.9980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

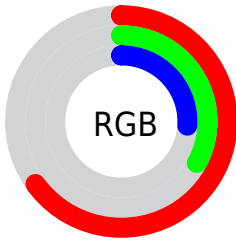
Format	Color
RYB	167, 88, 66
Decimal	10966082
CIELab	45.56, 32.47, 26.11
CIELCh	46, 41.660, 38.804
Yxy	14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289156162 (0xFFA75442)
YUV	106.7650, -20.0971, 52.8261
Hunter-Lab	38.6646, 25.0764, 16.3634

Details

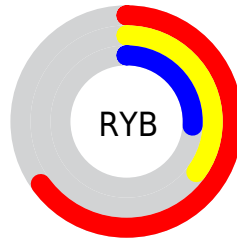
The Yxy color **14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **25.4307, 0.2326, 0.2964**, and the grayscale version is **14.6804, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.7116, 0.4389, 0.3537**, and **4.5750, 0.5514, 0.3515** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8558, 0.5196, 0.3572**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5194, 0.4392, 0.3525**.

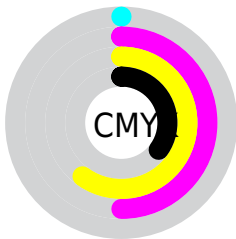
Distribution



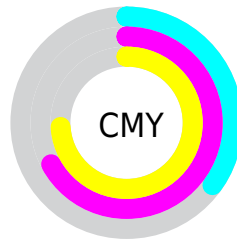
- Red (65%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 14.9495, 0.4781,
0.3558


 14.9495, 0.4781,
0.3558


223.0604, 0.3800,
0.3456


 8.7840, 0.5084,
0.3553


 34.7646, 0.4382,
0.3537


 4.6005, 0.5504,
0.3513

 49.1829, 0.4246,
0.3524


 2.0148, 0.6379,
0.3532

 67.1209, 0.4135,
0.3510

 0.6161, 0.7089,
0.2911

 88.9630, 0.4044,
0.3497

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 115.0936, 0.3968,
0.3486

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 145.8971, 0.3903,

0.3475

181.7579, 0.3848,
0.3465

■ 14.9495, 0.4781,
0.3558

■ 14.9495, 0.4781,
0.3558

■ 12.8558, 0.5196,
0.3572

■ 17.5194, 0.4392,
0.3525

■ 11.2064, 0.5603,
0.3558

■ 20.5901, 0.4048,
0.3481

■ 9.9688, 0.5951,
0.3513

■ 24.1874, 0.3754,
0.3433

■ 9.1330, 0.6204,
0.3456

■ 28.3346, 0.3507,
0.3384

■ 33.0536, 0.3303,
0.3336

■ 38.3650, 0.3135,
0.3292

■ 44.2885, 0.2995,
0.3251

■ 50.8427, 0.2879,
0.3214

■ 58.0457, 0.2783,
0.3180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.9495, 0.4348, 0.2968



14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558



14.9495, 0.4675, 0.4168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558



14.9495, 0.2594, 0.4388



14.9495, 0.2070, 0.2028

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558



25.4307, 0.2326, 0.2964

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.9495, 0.1744, 0.2187



14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558



14.9495, 0.1997, 0.3484

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558



14.9495, 0.3380, 0.4852



14.9495, 0.1714, 0.2668



14.9495, 0.2689, 0.2135

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558



14.9495, 0.4355, 0.4537



14.9495, 0.1714, 0.2668



14.9495, 0.1928, 0.2049

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9503, 0.4781, 0.3558



52.4889, 0.3460, 0.3373



14.3163, 0.3433, 0.2100



11.2409, 0.3522, 0.3387



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9503, 0.4781, 0.3558



21.8022, 0.5356, 0.3570



25.4709, 0.4257, 0.4277



7.7508, 0.3281, 0.3331



7.0430, 0.6190, 0.3467



0.2320, 0.5648, 0.3897

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.4307, 0.2326, 0.2964



42.0970, 0.2211, 0.2876



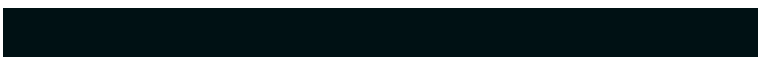
12.9957, 0.2112, 0.1997



8.3009, 0.2987, 0.3249



15.9324, 0.2089, 0.2720



0.4454, 0.2147, 0.2928

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

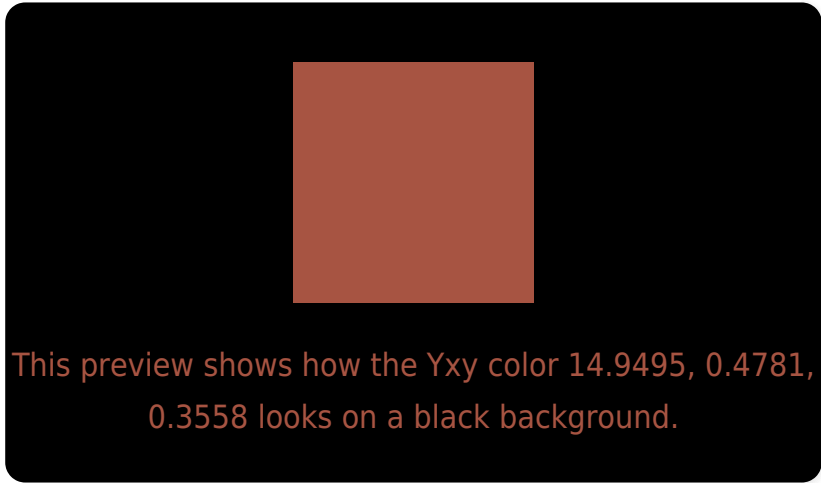
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

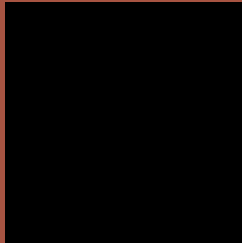
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558

Protanopia

15.0288, 0.3682, 0.3952

Deuteranopia

14.9538, 0.4137, 0.4060



Tritanopia

14.8978, 0.4475, 0.3204

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558

Protanomaly

14.5425, 0.4081, 0.3799

Deuteranomaly

14.7444, 0.4390, 0.3863

Tritanomaly

14.9239, 0.4604, 0.3339

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558

Achromatopsia

14.7027, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.3635, 0.3687, 0.3429

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 84, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 84, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 84, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 84, 66) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 84, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 84, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 84, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 84, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 84, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 84,  
66) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.9495, 0.4781, 0.3558 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 84, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167, 84,  
66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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