

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.9640, 0.2453, 0.3839)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.9640, 0.2453, 0.3839)
contains.

Yxy(15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	167A64
RGB	22, 122, 100
RGB Percent	9%, 48%, 39%
CMY	0.9138, 0.5216, 0.6079
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.18, 0.52
HSL	167°, 69%, 28%
HSV	167°, 82%, 48%
XYZ	9.5900, 15.0097, 14.4474
YIQ	89.5920, -52.5380, -28.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

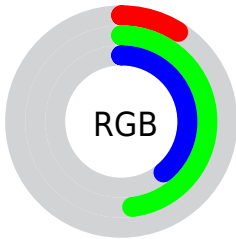
Format	Color
R_{YB}	22, 78, 122
Decimal	1473124
CIE _{Lab}	45.65, -32.95, 4.28
CIE _{LCh}	46, 33.227, 172.600
Yxy	15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279663204 (0xFF167A64)
YUV	89.5920, 5.1311, -59.2782
Hunter-Lab	38.7424, -23.6147, 5.0098

Details

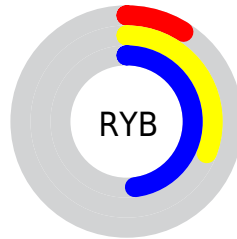
The Yxy color **15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.8923, 0.5306, 0.2961**, and the grayscale version is **10.1239, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.8256, 0.2618, 0.3697**, and **4.8918, 0.2465, 0.4074** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8520, 0.2444, 0.3922**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.2359, 0.2486, 0.3766**.

Distribution



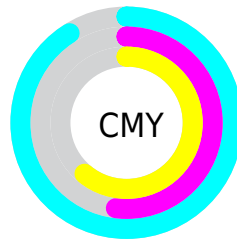
- Red (9%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.0097, 0.2456,
0.3844


 15.0097, 0.2456,
0.3844


 223.4249, 0.2856,
0.3509


 8.8262, 0.2326,
0.3957


 34.8702, 0.2621,
0.3703


 4.6280, 0.2135,
0.4127

 49.3160, 0.2676,
0.3657


 2.0307, 0.1829,
0.4411


 67.2846, 0.2721,
0.3620

 0.6252, 0.0000,
0.6210

 89.1606, 0.2758,
0.3589

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 115.3282, 0.2788,
0.3564

 146.1718, 0.2814,

0.3543

182.0760, 0.2836,
0.3524

■ 15.0097, 0.2456,
0.3844

■ 15.0097, 0.2456,
0.3844

■ 14.8520, 0.2444,
0.3922

■ 15.2359, 0.2486,
0.3766

■ 14.7492, 0.2440,
0.3984

■ 15.5370, 0.2534,
0.3690

■ 15.9206, 0.2599,
0.3615

■ 16.3929, 0.2680,
0.3543

■ 16.9595, 0.2773,
0.3476

■ 17.6255, 0.2876,
0.3412

■ 18.3958, 0.2987,
0.3354

■ 19.2748, 0.3104,
0.3300

■ 20.2666, 0.3223,
0.3252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0097, 0.3055, 0.4399



15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844



15.0097, 0.2063, 0.3137

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844



15.0097, 0.2473, 0.2260



15.0097, 0.4474, 0.3779

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844



4.8923, 0.5306, 0.2961

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0097, 0.4310, 0.3267



15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844



15.0097, 0.3082, 0.2441

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844



15.0097, 0.2080, 0.2297



15.0097, 0.3775, 0.2797



15.0097, 0.4234, 0.4247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844



15.0097, 0.1950, 0.2741



15.0097, 0.3775, 0.2797



15.0097, 0.4466, 0.3608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0103, 0.2456, 0.3844



30.5627, 0.2838, 0.3435



14.5428, 0.3169, 0.5620



6.9131, 0.2809, 0.3452



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0103, 0.2456, 0.3844



25.9639, 0.2445, 0.3986



9.8192, 0.2114, 0.2606



4.4981, 0.3021, 0.3337



15.5263, 0.2441, 0.3986



73.9310, 0.2452, 0.4026

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.8923, 0.5306, 0.2961



7.4830, 0.5933, 0.3063



6.3629, 0.5407, 0.3718



4.0282, 0.3245, 0.3243



4.4376, 0.5944, 0.3048



21.0606, 0.6062, 0.3113

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

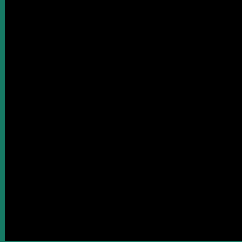
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844

Protanopia

14.7988, 0.3411, 0.3606

Deuteranopia

14.8220, 0.3343, 0.3291



Tritanopia

14.9868, 0.2304, 0.3059

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844

Protanomaly

14.1200, 0.2920, 0.3691

Deuteranomaly

14.2330, 0.2877, 0.3473

Tritanomaly

14.8417, 0.2349, 0.3312

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844

Achromatopsia

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.4347, 0.2737, 0.3496

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 122, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 122, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 122, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 122, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 122, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 122, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(22, 122, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 122, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 122, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 122,  
100) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.0097, 0.2456, 0.3844 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 122, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 122,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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