

Converting Colors

$Yxy(14.9672, 0.1154, 0.2788)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.9672, 0.1154, 0.2788)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008599
RGB	0, 133, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 60%
CMY	0.9995, 0.4784, 0.4001
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	188°, 100%, 30%
HSV	188°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	14.1372, 19.0750, 33.0664
YIQ	95.5130, -85.6880, -21.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

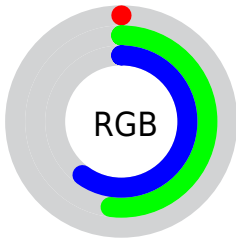
Format	Color
RYB	0, 71, 153
Decimal	34201
CIELab	50.77, -22.90, -19.30
CIELCh	51, 29.954, 220.125
Yxy	19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224281 (0xFF008599)
YUV	95.5130, 28.3411, -83.7649
Hunter-Lab	43.6749, -18.6521, -14.3162

Details

The Yxy color **19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **7.2756, 0.6266, 0.3405**, and the grayscale version is **11.5293, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.6490, 0.2344, 0.2980**, and **7.1458, 0.2088, 0.2717** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.0699, 0.2133, 0.2878**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7330, 0.2165, 0.2923**.

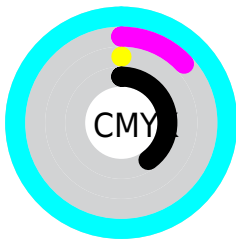
Distribution



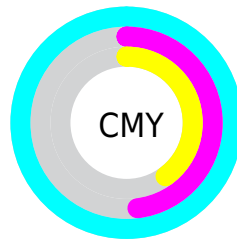
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.0750, 0.2133,
0.2878

■ 19.0750, 0.2133,
0.2878

■ 246.8625, 0.2681,
0.3129

■ 11.7245, 0.1979,
0.2796

■ 41.8608, 0.2345,
0.2982

■ 6.5564, 0.1772,
0.2678

■ 58.0649, 0.2421,
0.3017

■ 3.1862, 0.1483,
0.2493

■ 77.9889, 0.2483,
0.3045

■ 1.2297, 0.1022,
0.2187

■ 102.0173, 0.2536,
0.3068

■ 0.0858, 0.0000,
0.0532

■ 130.5345, 0.2580,
0.3087

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 163.9248, 0.2619,

0.3103

202.5727, 0.2652,
0.3117

■ 19.0750, 0.2133,
0.2878

■ 19.0750, 0.2133,
0.2878

■ 19.0699, 0.2133,
0.2878

■ 19.7330, 0.2165,
0.2923

■ 20.4783, 0.2210,
0.2967

■ 21.3466, 0.2273,
0.3013

■ 22.3522, 0.2355,
0.3057

■ 23.5071, 0.2454,
0.3101

■ 24.8222, 0.2569,
0.3144

■ 26.3071, 0.2696,
0.3184

■ 27.9707, 0.2834,
0.3222

■ 29.8212, 0.2979,
0.3258

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.0750, 0.2344, 0.3410



19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878



19.0750, 0.2158, 0.2530

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878



19.0750, 0.3435, 0.2731



19.0750, 0.3831, 0.4260

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878



7.2756, 0.6266, 0.3405

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.0750, 0.4179, 0.3962



19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878



19.0750, 0.3955, 0.3106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878



19.0750, 0.2865, 0.2481



19.0750, 0.4235, 0.3541



19.0750, 0.3310, 0.4289

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878



19.0750, 0.2303, 0.2421



19.0750, 0.4235, 0.3541



19.0750, 0.3973, 0.4183

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.0757, 0.2133, 0.2878



46.9325, 0.2687, 0.3182



22.8217, 0.2972, 0.5898



10.1306, 0.2637, 0.3166



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.0757, 0.2133, 0.2878



33.9664, 0.2130, 0.2869



5.4003, 0.1679, 0.1242



6.8887, 0.2989, 0.3260



15.7989, 0.2134, 0.2881



0.2697, 0.2189, 0.3080

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.4672, 0.3563, 0.1737



15.1416, 0.3571, 0.1741



14.8464, 0.5053, 0.4369



6.3097, 0.3156, 0.3099



7.0002, 0.3561, 0.1735



0.1080, 0.3385, 0.1638

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

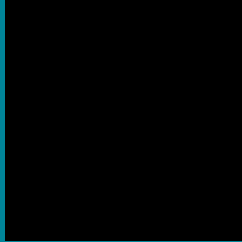
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878

Protanopia

18.8521, 0.2808, 0.2831

Deuteranopia

18.8679, 0.2670, 0.2612



Tritanopia

19.0945, 0.2182, 0.3056

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878

Protanomaly

17.9384, 0.2400, 0.2828

Deuteranomaly

17.9102, 0.2331, 0.2664

Tritanomaly

19.1883, 0.2166, 0.2996

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878

Achromatopsia

11.6971, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.2137, 0.2487, 0.3099

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 133, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 133, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 133, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 133, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 133, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 133, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 133, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 133, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133,  
153) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.0750, 0.2133, 0.2878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 133, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 133,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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