

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.9722, 0.4332, 0.4895)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(14.9722, 0.4332, 0.4895)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	786D06
RGB	120, 109, 6
RGB Percent	47%, 43%, 2%
CMY	0.5295, 0.5725, 0.9765
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.95, 0.53
HSL	54°, 90%, 25%
HSV	54°, 95%, 47%
XYZ	13.2451, 14.9435, 2.3582
YIQ	100.5470, 39.6190, -29.7010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

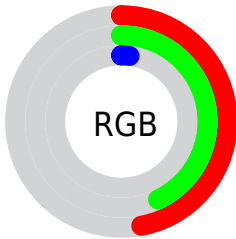
Format	Color
RYB	18, 120, 6
Decimal	7892230
CIELab	45.56, -6.11, 50.38
CIELCh	46, 50.752, 96.911
Yxy	14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286082310 (0xFF786D06)
YUV	100.5470, -46.6117, 17.0603
Hunter-Lab	38.6568, -6.4895, 23.4429

Details

The Yxy color **14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.7940, 0.1567, 0.0768**, and the grayscale version is **13.0053, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.7534, 0.4123, 0.4559**, and **4.6742, 0.4338, 0.4938** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8084, 0.4366, 0.4916**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.2227, 0.4273, 0.4837**.

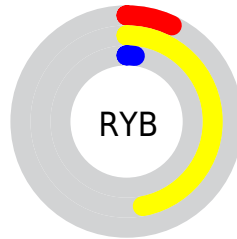
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (43%)

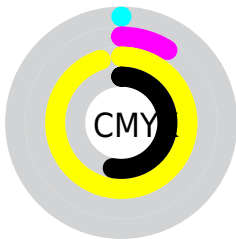
Blue (2%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (2%)

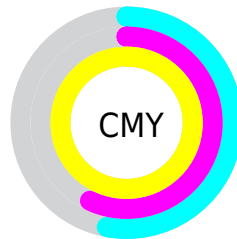


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)


Magenta (57%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 14.9435, 0.4336,
0.4892


 14.9435, 0.4336,
0.4892


 223.0240, 0.3701,
0.4005


 8.7797, 0.4458,
0.5099


 34.7540, 0.4119,
0.4567


 4.5978, 0.4614,
0.5386

 49.1696, 0.4030,
0.4443

 2.0133, 0.4530,
0.5470

 67.1045, 0.3954,
0.4339

 0.6152, 0.4146,
0.5854

 88.9433, 0.3888,
0.4251


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 115.0702, 0.3832,
0.4176


 145.8697, 0.3782,

0.4111

 181.7262, 0.3739,
0.4055


 14.9435, 0.4336,
0.4892


 14.9435, 0.4336,
0.4892


 14.8084, 0.4366,
0.4916

 15.2227, 0.4273,
0.4837

 15.5240, 0.4186,
0.4744

 15.8519, 0.4075,
0.4612

 16.2088, 0.3946,
0.4447

 16.5968, 0.3803,
0.4255

■ 17.0178, 0.3651,
0.4047

■ 17.4735, 0.3497,
0.3829

■ 17.9655, 0.3345,
0.3610

■ 18.4953, 0.3198,
0.3395

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.9435, 0.4978, 0.4216



14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892



14.9435, 0.3441, 0.5220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892



14.9435, 0.1481, 0.2564



14.9435, 0.3538, 0.2289

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892



1.7940, 0.1567, 0.0768

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.9435, 0.2536, 0.1926



14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892



14.9435, 0.1504, 0.1999

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892



14.9435, 0.1809, 0.3580



14.9435, 0.1847, 0.1815



14.9435, 0.4558, 0.2847

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892



14.9435, 0.2811, 0.4995



14.9435, 0.1847, 0.1815



14.9435, 0.3180, 0.2142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9442, 0.4336, 0.4892



30.3591, 0.3570, 0.3932



4.1634, 0.6082, 0.3200



7.1293, 0.3624, 0.4008



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9442, 0.4336, 0.4892



25.9496, 0.4370, 0.4912



14.9123, 0.3548, 0.5511



4.5712, 0.3257, 0.3482



16.1500, 0.4366, 0.4915



76.3526, 0.4376, 0.4907

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.7940, 0.1567, 0.0768



2.7258, 0.1521, 0.0676



2.2048, 0.1941, 0.0882



3.9499, 0.2994, 0.3091



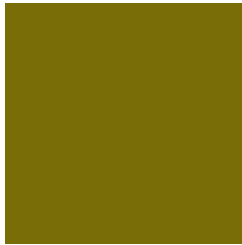
1.7429, 0.1526, 0.0695



7.7223, 0.1514, 0.0651

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Xy color 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

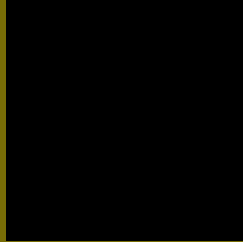
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892

Protanopia

14.8737, 0.4385, 0.4861

Deuteranopia

14.7715, 0.4645, 0.4577



Tritanopia

14.8471, 0.3383, 0.3135

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892

Protanomaly

14.8010, 0.4370, 0.4872

Deuteranomaly

14.8755, 0.4524, 0.4698

Tritanomaly

14.6536, 0.3871, 0.3930

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892

Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.4821, 0.3704, 0.4121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 109, 6)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 109, 6)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 109, 6) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 109, 6) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 109, 6) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 109, 6) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 109, 6)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 109, 6); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 109, 6);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 109,  
6) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 14.9435, 0.4336, 0.4892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 109, 6) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
109, 6) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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