

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(14.9927, 0.6113, 0.3528)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(14.9927, 0.6113, 0.3528)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC3100
RGB	204, 49, 0
RGB Percent	80%, 19%, 0%
CMY	0.2000, 0.8077, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 1.00, 0.20
HSL	14°, 100%, 40%
HSV	14°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	25.9988, 15.0340, 1.5323
YIQ	89.7590, 108.1090, 17.6210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

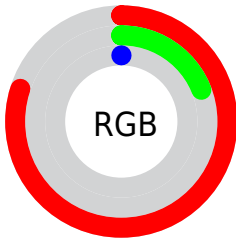
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	204, 64, 0
Decimal	13381888
CIE Lab	45.68, 58.70, 58.06
CIE LCh	46, 82.566, 44.683
Yxy	15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291571968 (0xFFCC3100)
YUV	89.7590, -44.2512, 100.1894
Hunter-Lab	38.7737, 51.8349, 24.7984

# Details

The Yxy color **15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **27.8011, 0.2025, 0.2489**, and the grayscale version is **10.2537, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.0609, 0.5445, 0.3697**, and **5.5754, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0330, 0.6108, 0.3532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6143, 0.5849, 0.3613**.

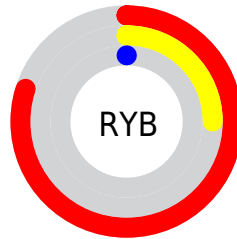
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (19%)

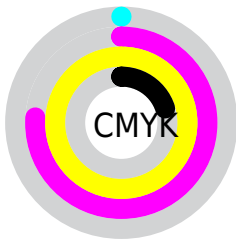
Blue (0%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (0%)

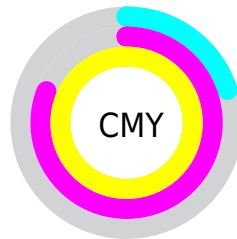


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (81%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.0340, 0.6108,  
0.3532


 15.0340, 0.6108,  
0.3532


 223.5719, 0.4485,  
0.3646


 8.8433, 0.6511,  
0.3396


 34.9128, 0.5528,  
0.3662


 4.6391, 0.6894,  
0.3106

 49.3697, 0.5303,  
0.3682

 2.0371, 0.7354,  
0.2646

 67.3507, 0.5111,  
0.3688

 0.6289, 0.8099,  
0.1901

 89.2402, 0.4947,  
0.3685

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

 115.4228, 0.4806,  
0.3678

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 146.2826, 0.4685,


0.3669

 182.2042, 0.4578,  
0.3657


 15.0340, 0.6108,  
0.3532


 15.0340, 0.6108,  
0.3532


 15.0330, 0.6108,  
0.3532

 16.6143, 0.5849,  
0.3613

 18.7357, 0.5510,  
0.3665

 21.4542, 0.5122,  
0.3677

 24.8130, 0.4726,  
0.3654

 28.8508, 0.4354,  
0.3607

■ 33.6033, 0.4023,  
0.3547

■ 39.1033, 0.3738,  
0.3481

■ 45.3818, 0.3497,  
0.3414

■ 52.4680, 0.3295,  
0.3350

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0340, 0.5720, 0.2736



15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532



15.0340, 0.5463, 0.4537

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532



15.0340, 0.1744, 0.5337



15.0340, 0.1484, 0.1244

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532



27.8011, 0.2025, 0.2489

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0340, 0.0973, 0.1323



15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532



15.0340, 0.1020, 0.3133

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532



15.0340, 0.2925, 0.6444



15.0340, 0.0822, 0.1827



15.0340, 0.2532, 0.1473



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532



15.0340, 0.4681, 0.5319



15.0340, 0.0822, 0.1827



15.0340, 0.1265, 0.1234

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0349, 0.6108, 0.3532



64.3709, 0.3748, 0.3483



15.2507, 0.3909, 0.1927



12.9168, 0.3865, 0.3512



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0349, 0.6108, 0.3532



24.6248, 0.6128, 0.3516



34.5221, 0.4763, 0.4600



11.6440, 0.3284, 0.3346



9.5852, 0.6085, 0.3551



0.6163, 0.5692, 0.3862



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.8011, 0.2025, 0.2489



45.6902, 0.2022, 0.2477



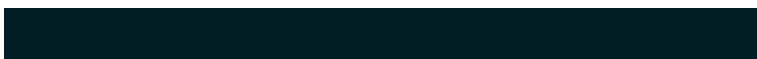
7.0370, 0.1587, 0.0913



12.2526, 0.2983, 0.3233



17.6489, 0.2028, 0.2501



1.0233, 0.2076, 0.2673



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

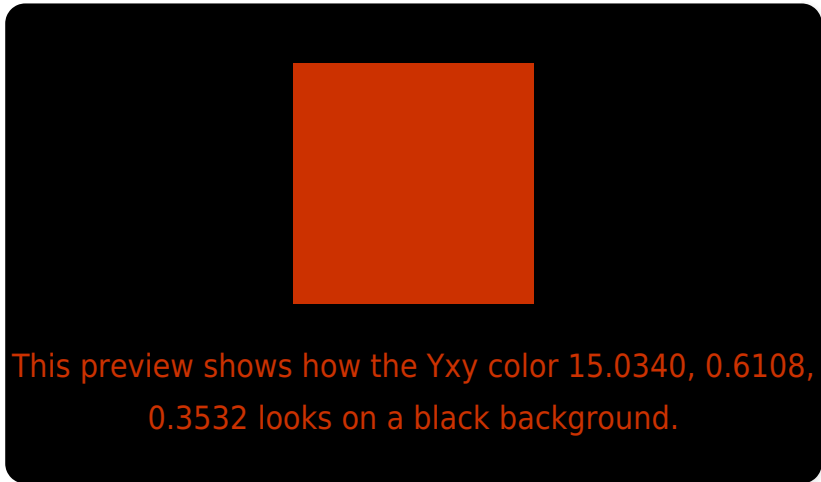
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532

### Protanopia

15.2142, 0.4301, 0.4741

### Deuteranopia

15.3039, 0.4694, 0.4655



## Tritanopia

15.1384, 0.5796, 0.3290

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532

**Protanomaly**

13.5263, 0.5112, 0.4205

**Deuteranomaly**

14.0220, 0.5339, 0.4143

**Tritanomaly**

15.1059, 0.5968, 0.3411

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532

**Achromatopsia**

10.2242, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

10.1529, 0.4516, 0.3635

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 49, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 49, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 49, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 49, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 49, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 49, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 49, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 49, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 49, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 49, 0)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.0340, 0.6108, 0.3532 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 49, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204, 49,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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