

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(143.7816, 0.2549, 0.4465)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(143.7816, 0.2549, 0.4465)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FFE3
RGB	0, 255, 227
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 89%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0000, 0.1099
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	173°, 100%, 50%
HSV	173°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	49.6211, 77.0661, 84.9166
YIQ	175.5630, -142.9920, -62.7680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

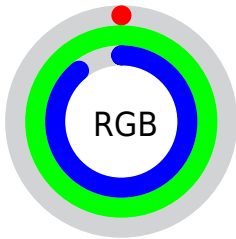
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 135, 255
Decimal	65507
CIELab	90.35, -55.81, -0.73
CIELCh	90, 55.814, 180.748
Yxy	77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255587 (0xFF00FFE3)
YUV	175.5630, 25.3584, -153.9688
Hunter-Lab	87.7873, -52.7320, 4.0999

# Details

The Yxy color **77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **21.3439, 0.6297, 0.3242**, and the grayscale version is **43.0968, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.5916, 0.2440, 0.3288**, and **42.9111, 0.2359, 0.3693** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.0649, 0.2345, 0.3642**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.4340, 0.2347, 0.3604**.

# Distribution



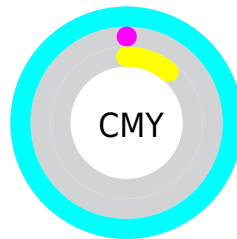
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 77.0661, 0.2345,  
0.3642

 77.0661, 0.2345,  
0.3642


484.9894, 0.2698,  
0.3484

 57.3071, 0.2267,  
0.3677


 129.2328, 0.2466,  
0.3588


 41.2519, 0.2171,  
0.3719


 162.4093, 0.2513,  
0.3567


 28.5159, 0.2053,  
0.3772


 200.8271, 0.2554,  
0.3548

 18.7150, 0.1902,  
0.3838

 244.8706, 0.2590,  
0.3532

 11.4645, 0.1705,  
0.3925

 294.9242, 0.2622,  
0.3518

 6.3802, 0.1438,  
0.4041

351.3722, 0.2650,

 3.0776, 0.1063,

0.3505

0.4201

414.5992, 0.2676,  
0.3494

■ 1.1724, 0.0000,  
0.4668

■ 0.0390, 0.0000,  
0.2944

■ 77.0661, 0.2345,  
0.3642

■ 77.0661, 0.2345,  
0.3642

■ 77.0649, 0.2345,  
0.3642

■ 77.4340, 0.2347,  
0.3604

■ 78.0832, 0.2364,  
0.3566

■ 79.0975, 0.2401,  
0.3527

■ 80.5289, 0.2456,  
0.3489

■ 82.4208, 0.2532,  
0.3451

■ 84.8113, 0.2625,  
0.3415

■ 87.7346, 0.2734,  
0.3380

■ 91.2217, 0.2856,  
0.3348

■ 95.3012, 0.2988,  
0.3318

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.0661, 0.2887, 0.4255



77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



77.0661, 0.2029, 0.2974

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



77.0661, 0.2634, 0.2312



77.0661, 0.4413, 0.3904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



21.3439, 0.6297, 0.3242

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.0661, 0.4363, 0.3405



77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



77.0661, 0.3268, 0.2540

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



77.0661, 0.2185, 0.2288



77.0661, 0.3926, 0.2926



77.0661, 0.4091, 0.4324



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



77.0661, 0.1966, 0.2630



77.0661, 0.3926, 0.2926



77.0661, 0.4442, 0.3740

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.0649, 0.2345, 0.3642



87.7346, 0.2734, 0.3380



71.7923, 0.3023, 0.5981



18.5007, 0.2686, 0.3395



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

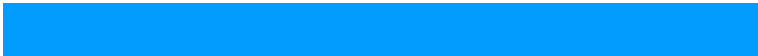


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.0649, 0.2345, 0.3642



31.4186, 0.1877, 0.1956



20.4450, 0.2995, 0.3316



40.2819, 0.2343, 0.3636



3.9315, 0.2331, 0.3592

# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.3439, 0.6297, 0.3242



29.9487, 0.5777, 0.3795



18.0195, 0.3277, 0.3264



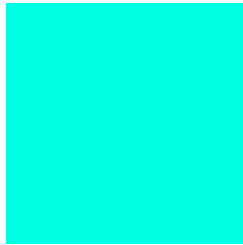
11.1630, 0.6273, 0.3229



1.0970, 0.6046, 0.3104

# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

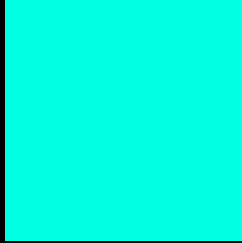
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

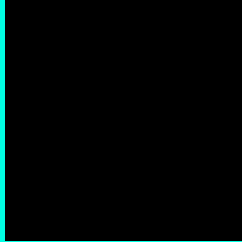
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

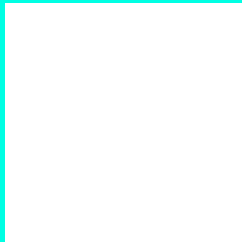
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642.



# Color Blindness Simulation

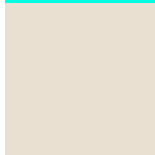
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



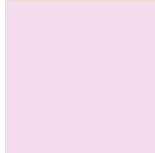
### Original Color

77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



### Protanopia

75.2881, 0.3284, 0.3439



### Deuteranopia

75.7159, 0.3192, 0.3127



## Tritanopia

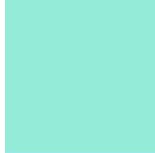
76.3336, 0.2522, 0.3129

# Trichromacy



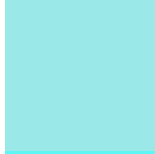
## Original Color

77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



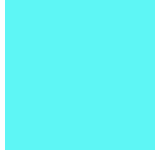
## Protanomaly

70.6704, 0.2706, 0.3521



## Deuteranomaly

70.5080, 0.2656, 0.3289



## Tritanomaly

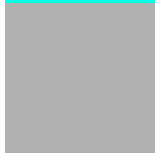
74.8838, 0.2382, 0.3300

# Monochromacy



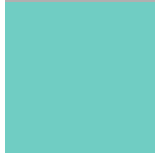
## Original Color

77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642



## Achromatopsia

43.4154, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

51.0475, 0.2577, 0.3429

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 77.0661, 0.2345, 0.3642$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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