

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(148.9466, 0.2377, 0.3096)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(148.9466, 0.2377, 0.3096)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9CFFFF
RGB	156, 255, 255
RGB Percent	61%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.3877, 0.0001, 0.0000
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 81%
HSV	180°, 39%, 100%
XYZ	67.5398, 85.8079, 107.6252
YIQ	225.3990, -59.0040, -20.9880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	156, 206, 255
Decimal	10289151
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.23, -28.95, -9.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 30.369, 197.585
Yxy	85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288479231 (0xFF9CFFFF)
YUV	225.3990, 14.5933, -60.8629
Hunter-Lab	92.6326, -31.9599, -4.0434

# Details

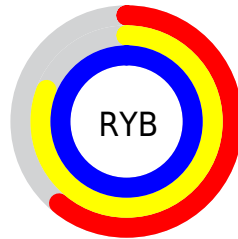
The Yxy color **85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **47.4887, 0.4103, 0.3293**, and the grayscale version is **75.5423, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.1871, 0.2889, 0.3289**, and **47.0621, 0.2475, 0.3288** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.5224, 0.2484, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.6318, 0.2709, 0.3289**.

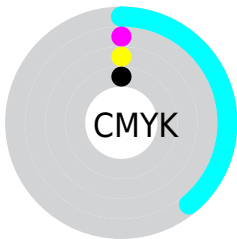
# Distribution



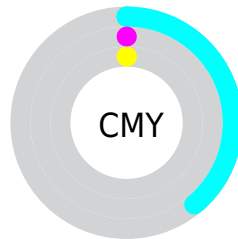
- Red (61%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 85.8079, 0.2588,  
0.3288

 85.8079, 0.2588,  
0.3288


514.2976, 0.2826,  
0.3294

 64.5091, 0.2536,  
0.3286


 141.5014, 0.2668,  
0.3291

 47.0632, 0.2474,  
0.3282


 176.6649, 0.2700,  
0.3292

 33.0856, 0.2396,  
0.3277


217.2188, 0.2728,  
0.3292

 22.1920, 0.2299,  
0.3269

263.5474, 0.2752,  
0.3293

 13.9981, 0.2171,  
0.3257

316.0352, 0.2774,  
0.3293

 8.1193, 0.1999,  
0.3235

375.0666, 0.2793,

 4.1714, 0.1756,

0.3294

0.3195

441.0259, 0.2811,  
0.3294

■ 1.7699, 0.1388,  
0.3108

■ 0.4683, 0.0000,  
0.2870

■ 85.8079, 0.2588,  
0.3288

■ 85.8079, 0.2588,  
0.3288

■ 83.5224, 0.2484,  
0.3288

■ 88.6318, 0.2709,  
0.3289

■ 81.7352, 0.2399,  
0.3288

■ 92.0184, 0.2844,  
0.3289

■ 80.4109, 0.2333,  
0.3287

■ 95.9982, 0.2991,  
0.3290

■ 79.5068, 0.2287,  
0.3287

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 78.9722, 0.2260,  
0.3287

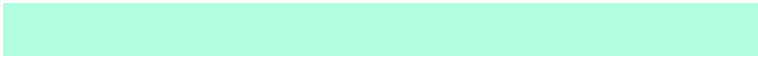
■ 78.7339, 0.2247,  
0.3287

■ 78.7134, 0.2246,  
0.3287

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.8079, 0.2834, 0.3618



85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



85.8079, 0.2483, 0.2981

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



85.8079, 0.3056, 0.2800



85.8079, 0.3744, 0.3781

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



47.4887, 0.4103, 0.3293

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.8079, 0.3817, 0.3539



85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



85.8079, 0.3408, 0.2990

# Square

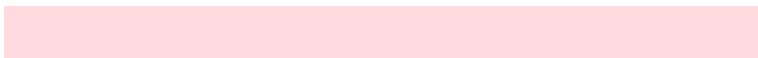
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



85.8079, 0.2741, 0.2723



85.8079, 0.3693, 0.3253



85.8079, 0.3502, 0.3907



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



85.8079, 0.2501, 0.2834



85.8079, 0.3693, 0.3253



85.8079, 0.3790, 0.3710

# Sweetspot

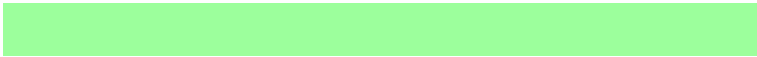
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.8100, 0.2588, 0.3288



94.6481, 0.2943, 0.3289



81.0049, 0.3071, 0.4482



20.1454, 0.2923, 0.3289



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

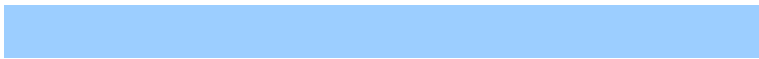
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.8100, 0.2588, 0.3288



83.8909, 0.2501, 0.3288



58.2325, 0.2500, 0.2709



20.4810, 0.2980, 0.3290



41.1297, 0.2246, 0.3287



4.0048, 0.2246, 0.3287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2977, 0.3172, 0.2330



45.8486, 0.3181, 0.2146



67.5967, 0.3895, 0.3804



18.3004, 0.3138, 0.3056



14.8800, 0.3210, 0.1542

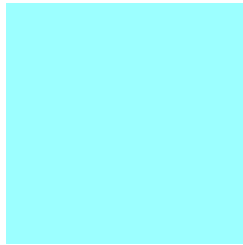


1.4488, 0.3210, 0.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

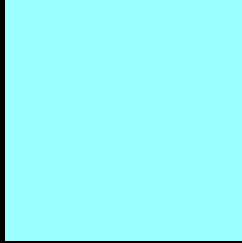
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

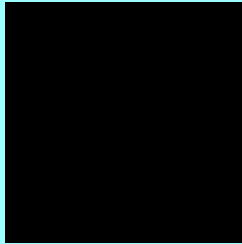
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288.

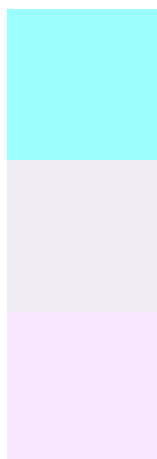


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288

### Protanopia

84.8733, 0.3098, 0.3209

### Deuteranopia

84.7074, 0.3084, 0.3064



## Tritanopia

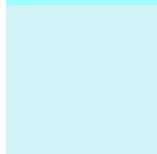
85.5040, 0.2826, 0.3185

# Trichromacy



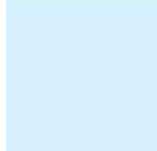
## Original Color

85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



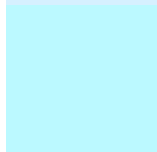
## Protanomaly

84.4338, 0.2886, 0.3237



## Deuteranomaly

83.8363, 0.2876, 0.3134



## Tritanomaly

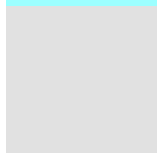
85.5362, 0.2730, 0.3225

# Monochromacy



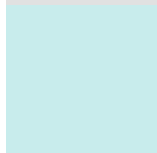
## Original Color

85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288



## Achromatopsia

75.2942, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

78.3264, 0.2896, 0.3289

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 255,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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