

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.0421, 0.2327, 0.3287)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.0421, 0.2327, 0.3287)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F7878
RGB	31, 120, 120
RGB Percent	12%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.8781, 0.5294, 0.5295
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	180°, 59%, 30%
HSV	180°, 74%, 47%
XYZ	10.6727, 15.0803, 20.1117
YIQ	93.3890, -53.0440, -18.8680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

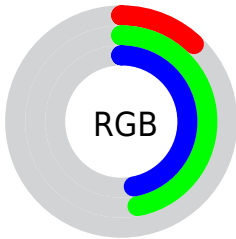
Format	Color
RYB	31, 76, 120
Decimal	2062456
CIELab	45.74, -24.92, -7.45
CIELCh	46, 26.005, 196.637
Yxy	15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280252536 (0xFF1F7878)
YUV	93.3890, 13.1192, -54.7152
Hunter-Lab	38.8334, -18.9006, -3.5227

Details

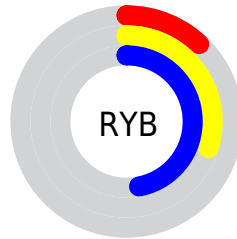
The Yxy color **15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.0772, 0.5511, 0.3297**, and the grayscale version is **11.0259, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.0898, 0.2515, 0.3304**, and **4.9744, 0.2236, 0.3250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9275, 0.2285, 0.3288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.3038, 0.2386, 0.3288**.

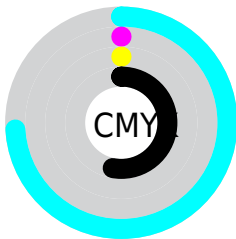
Distribution



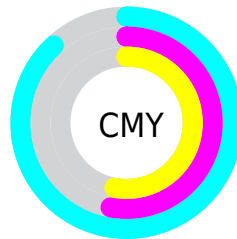
- Red (12%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.0803, 0.2327,
0.3288

15.0803, 0.2327,
0.3288

223.8517, 0.2791,
0.3300

8.8758, 0.2183,
0.3278

34.9940, 0.2514,
0.3297

4.6602, 0.1979,
0.3257

49.4719, 0.2579,
0.3298

2.0493, 0.1669,
0.3209

67.4765, 0.2631,
0.3299

0.6359, 0.0000,
0.3399

89.3920, 0.2674,
0.3300

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

115.6029, 0.2711,
0.3300

146.4935, 0.2742,

0.3300

182.4483, 0.2768,
0.3300

■ 15.0803, 0.2327,
0.3288

■ 15.0803, 0.2327,
0.3288

■ 14.9275, 0.2285,
0.3288

■ 15.3038, 0.2386,
0.3288

■ 14.8338, 0.2259,
0.3288

■ 15.6030, 0.2463,
0.3288

■ 14.7880, 0.2247,
0.3288

■ 15.9848, 0.2557,
0.3289

■ 16.4545, 0.2666,
0.3289

■ 17.0171, 0.2789,
0.3289

■ 17.6773, 0.2923,
0.3289

■ 18.4394, 0.3067,
0.3290

■ 19.3075, 0.3216,
0.3290

■ 20.2853, 0.3369,
0.3291

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0803, 0.2689, 0.3818



15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288



15.0803, 0.2174, 0.2817

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288



15.0803, 0.2993, 0.2563



15.0803, 0.4067, 0.4002

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288



5.0772, 0.5511, 0.3297

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0803, 0.4184, 0.3622



15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288



15.0803, 0.3534, 0.2831

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288



15.0803, 0.2531, 0.2452



15.0803, 0.3986, 0.3206



15.0803, 0.3695, 0.4233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288



15.0803, 0.2197, 0.2603



15.0803, 0.3986, 0.3206



15.0803, 0.4139, 0.3886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0809, 0.2327, 0.3288



30.0998, 0.2809, 0.3289



13.8482, 0.3031, 0.5539



7.0789, 0.2782, 0.3289



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0809, 0.2327, 0.3288



26.1306, 0.2266, 0.3288



6.9602, 0.2045, 0.2152



4.5124, 0.2994, 0.3290



16.1334, 0.2247, 0.3288



76.9577, 0.2247, 0.3288

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.0772, 0.5511, 0.3297



7.4683, 0.6152, 0.3299



8.9983, 0.4763, 0.4102



4.0151, 0.3277, 0.3290



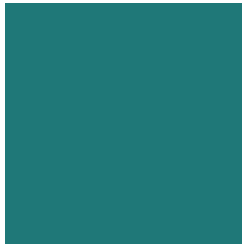
4.3563, 0.6400, 0.3300



20.7797, 0.6401, 0.3300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

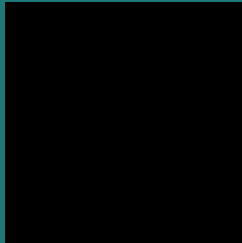
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

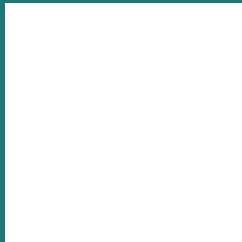
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288.

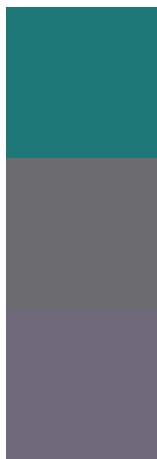


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288

Protanopia

14.8734, 0.3077, 0.3186

Deuteranopia

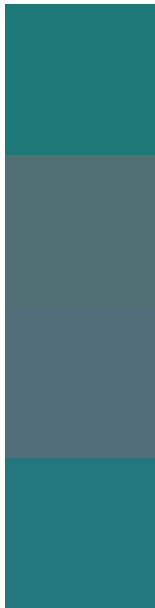
14.9127, 0.2982, 0.2929



Tritanopia

15.1455, 0.2290, 0.3081

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288

Protanomaly

14.5316, 0.2704, 0.3221

Deuteranomaly

14.3508, 0.2649, 0.3025

Tritanomaly

15.0316, 0.2302, 0.3148

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288

Achromatopsia

10.9462, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

11.9819, 0.2697, 0.3289

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 120, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 120, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 120, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 120, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 120, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 120, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 120, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 120, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 120, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 120,  
120) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.0803, 0.2327, 0.3288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 120, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 120,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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