

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.1060, 0.2310, 0.3083)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.1060, 0.2310, 0.3083)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	297780
RGB	41, 119, 128
RGB Percent	16%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.8389, 0.5334, 0.4980
CMYK	0.68, 0.07, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	186°, 51%, 33%
HSV	186°, 68%, 50%
XYZ	11.4103, 15.2236, 22.7613
YIQ	96.7040, -49.3770, -13.7370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

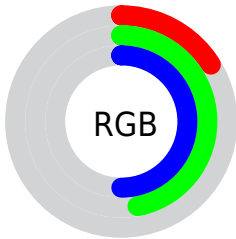
Format	Color
RYB	41, 82, 128
Decimal	2717568
CIELab	45.94, -20.32, -11.91
CIELCh	46, 23.554, 210.364
Yxy	15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280907648 (0xFF297780)
YUV	96.7040, 15.4289, -48.8524
Hunter-Lab	39.0174, -16.0798, -7.2754

Details

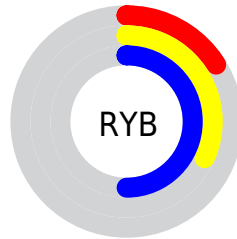
The Yxy color **15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **7.0401, 0.5122, 0.3450**, and the grayscale version is **11.8541, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.0587, 0.2494, 0.3130**, and **4.9448, 0.2156, 0.2960** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6882, 0.2245, 0.3047**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8503, 0.2392, 0.3116**.

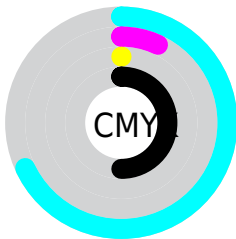
Distribution



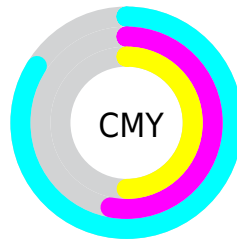
- Red (16%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.2236, 0.2310,
0.3082

15.2236, 0.2310,
0.3082

224.7157, 0.2781,
0.3217

8.9765, 0.2166,
0.3032

35.2450, 0.2499,
0.3141

4.7258, 0.1963,
0.2954

49.7880, 0.2565,
0.3160

2.0873, 0.1659,
0.2819

67.8651, 0.2618,
0.3175

0.6575, 0.0523,
0.2672

89.8607, 0.2662,
0.3186

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

116.1591, 0.2699,
0.3196

147.1448, 0.2730,

0.3204

183.2022, 0.2758,
0.3211

■ 15.2236, 0.2310,
0.3082

■ 15.2236, 0.2310,
0.3082

■ 14.6882, 0.2245,
0.3047

■ 15.8503, 0.2392,
0.3116

■ 14.2336, 0.2198,
0.3013

■ 16.5740, 0.2491,
0.3150

■ 13.8403, 0.2165,
0.2978

■ 17.4020, 0.2605,
0.3183

■ 13.7596, 0.2159,
0.2971

■ 18.3404, 0.2731,
0.3214

■ 19.3948, 0.2867,
0.3243

■ 20.5705, 0.3010,
0.3270

■ 21.8722, 0.3158,
0.3295

■ 23.3047, 0.3309,
0.3318

■ 24.8723, 0.3459,
0.3338

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2236, 0.2560, 0.3554



15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082



15.2236, 0.2263, 0.2722

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082



15.2236, 0.3231, 0.2724



15.2236, 0.3850, 0.4058

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082



7.0401, 0.5122, 0.3450

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2236, 0.4069, 0.3766



15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082



15.2236, 0.3702, 0.3022

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082



15.2236, 0.2764, 0.2551



15.2236, 0.4018, 0.3392



15.2236, 0.3444, 0.4155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082



15.2236, 0.2346, 0.2581



15.2236, 0.4018, 0.3392



15.2236, 0.3949, 0.3976

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2242, 0.2310, 0.3082



33.6490, 0.2831, 0.3236



16.1418, 0.2973, 0.5211



7.7739, 0.2799, 0.3229



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2242, 0.2310, 0.3082



25.4440, 0.2220, 0.3030



7.1807, 0.2053, 0.1995



4.8131, 0.2993, 0.3267



13.6432, 0.2159, 0.2971



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.5133, 0.3362, 0.1939



11.3473, 0.3419, 0.1777



12.6211, 0.4457, 0.4249



4.4050, 0.3151, 0.3099



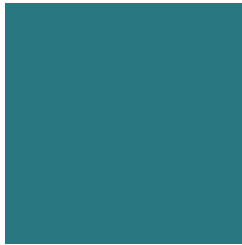
5.7718, 0.3480, 0.1690



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

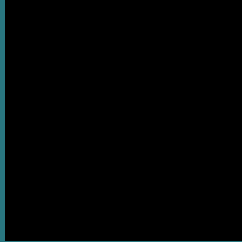
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082

Protanopia

14.9973, 0.2966, 0.3024

Deuteranopia

15.0726, 0.2838, 0.2793



Tritanopia

15.2500, 0.2303, 0.3060

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082

Protanomaly

14.6379, 0.2653, 0.3027

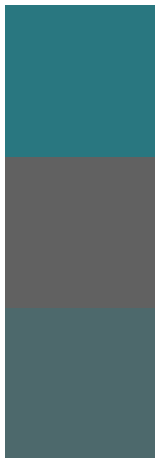
Deuteranomaly

14.8196, 0.2585, 0.2884

Tritanomaly

15.2500, 0.2303, 0.3060

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082

Achromatopsia

11.9538, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.7636, 0.2728, 0.3218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 119, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(41, 119, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 119, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 119, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 119, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 119, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 119, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 119, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 119, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 119,  
128) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.2236, 0.2310, 0.3082 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 119, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 119,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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