

Converting Colors

$Yxy(15.1390, 0.2333, 0.3600)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.1390, 0.2333, 0.3600)
contains.

Yxy(15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007A6E
RGB	0, 122, 110
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 43%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5215, 0.5687
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.52
HSL	174°, 100%, 24%
HSV	174°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	9.7712, 15.0449, 17.1384
YIQ	84.1540, -68.8600, -29.5960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

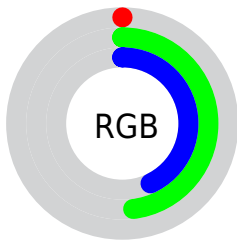
Format	Color
RYB	0, 64, 122
Decimal	31342
CIELab	45.70, -31.70, -1.61
CIELCh	46, 31.742, 182.915
Yxy	15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221422 (0xFF007A6E)
YUV	84.1540, 12.7421, -73.8031
Hunter-Lab	38.7878, -22.9118, 0.9540

Details

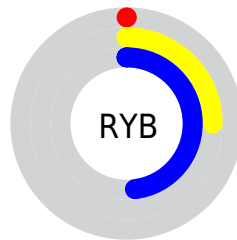
The Yxy color **15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.1649, 0.6234, 0.3208**, and the grayscale version is **8.8840, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.8954, 0.2523, 0.3524**, and **4.9936, 0.2346, 0.3644** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0471, 0.2330, 0.3586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1531, 0.2344, 0.3554**.

Distribution



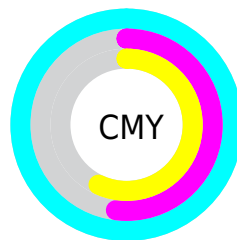
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (52%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.0449, 0.2329,
0.3586


 15.0449, 0.2329,
0.3586


 223.6378, 0.2797,
0.3415


 8.8509, 0.2182,
0.3638


 34.9319, 0.2519,
0.3518


 4.6441, 0.1970,
0.3711

 49.3937, 0.2584,
0.3494


 2.0400, 0.1644,
0.3819

 67.3803, 0.2637,
0.3475

 0.6305, 0.0000,
0.4410

 89.2760, 0.2680,
0.3459

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 115.4652, 0.2716,
0.3445

 146.3323, 0.2747,

0.3434

182.2617, 0.2773,
0.3424

■ 15.0449, 0.2329,
0.3586

■ 15.0449, 0.2329,
0.3586

■ 15.0471, 0.2330,
0.3586

■ 15.1531, 0.2344,
0.3554

■ 15.2993, 0.2369,
0.3521

■ 15.5132, 0.2412,
0.3489

■ 15.8028, 0.2472,
0.3457

■ 16.1747, 0.2549,
0.3425

■ 16.6351, 0.2642,
0.3395

■ 17.1895, 0.2749,
0.3366

■ 17.8429, 0.2867,
0.3339

■ 18.6000, 0.2994,
0.3313

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0449, 0.2850, 0.4200



15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586



15.0449, 0.2036, 0.2940

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586



15.0449, 0.2683, 0.2338



15.0449, 0.4377, 0.3929

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586



4.1649, 0.6234, 0.3208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0449, 0.4355, 0.3441



15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586



15.0449, 0.3314, 0.2576

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586



15.0449, 0.2225, 0.2299



15.0449, 0.3951, 0.2965



15.0449, 0.4040, 0.4329

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586



15.0449, 0.1986, 0.2614



15.0449, 0.3951, 0.2965



15.0449, 0.4414, 0.3770

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0471, 0.2330, 0.3586



30.1601, 0.2741, 0.3368



14.0011, 0.3035, 0.5972



6.8177, 0.2704, 0.3377



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0471, 0.2330, 0.3586



26.4567, 0.2332, 0.3593



6.1976, 0.1882, 0.1973



4.5060, 0.3006, 0.3311



15.8388, 0.2330, 0.3587



75.4822, 0.2334, 0.3603

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.1649, 0.6234, 0.3208



7.3154, 0.6271, 0.3228



6.3185, 0.5637, 0.3906



4.0209, 0.3263, 0.3269



4.3835, 0.6237, 0.3210



20.8492, 0.6312, 0.3251

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

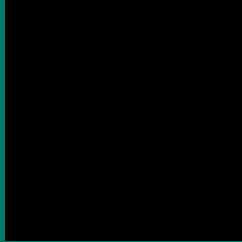
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586

Protanopia

14.8542, 0.3248, 0.3395

Deuteranopia

15.0311, 0.3163, 0.3110



Tritanopia

15.0699, 0.2257, 0.3058

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586

Protanomaly

13.9479, 0.2711, 0.3455

Deuteranomaly

14.0170, 0.2658, 0.3243

Tritanomaly

14.9868, 0.2274, 0.3240

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586

Achromatopsia

8.8656, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.2826, 0.2602, 0.3425

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 122, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 122, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 122, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 122, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 122, 110) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 122, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 122, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 122, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122,  
110) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.0449, 0.2329, 0.3586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 122, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 122,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor