

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	687053
RGB	104, 112, 83
RGB Percent	41%, 44%, 33%
CMY	0.5921, 0.5608, 0.6745
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.26, 0.56
HSL	77°, 15%, 38%
HSV	77°, 26%, 44%
XYZ	13.0653, 15.1559, 10.4221
YIQ	106.3020, 4.5410, -10.7150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

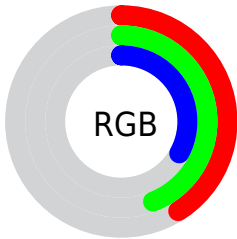
Format	Color
R_{YB}	83, 112, 91
Decimal	6844499
CIE _{Lab}	45.85, -8.54, 15.15
CIE _{LCh}	46, 17.385, 119.406
Yxy	15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285034579 (0xFF687053)
YUV	106.3020, -11.4879, -2.0189
Hunter-Lab	38.9306, -8.2230, 11.3789

Details

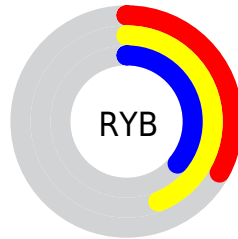
The Yxy color **15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **9.5821, 0.2827, 0.2622**, and the grayscale version is **14.5323, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2129, 0.3315, 0.3762**, and **4.6766, 0.3493, 0.4221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8158, 0.3475, 0.4180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5320, 0.3283, 0.3669**.

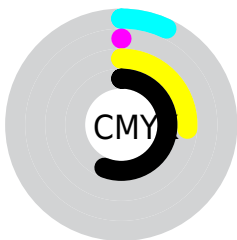
Distribution



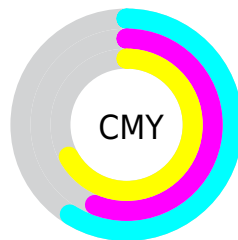
- Red (41%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.1559, 0.3381,
0.3922

15.1559, 0.3381,
0.3922

224.3079, 0.3235,
0.3541

8.9289, 0.3424,
0.4049

35.1264, 0.3323,
0.3763

4.6948, 0.3484,
0.4239

49.6387, 0.3303,
0.3710

2.0693, 0.3571,
0.4555

67.6816, 0.3286,
0.3667

0.6473, 0.3860,
0.6140

89.6394, 0.3273,
0.3633

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

115.8965, 0.3261,
0.3604

146.8374, 0.3251,

0.3580

182.8464, 0.3243,
0.3559

■ 15.1559, 0.3381,
0.3922

■ 15.1559, 0.3381,
0.3922

■ 14.8158, 0.3475,
0.4180

■ 15.5320, 0.3283,
0.3669

■ 14.5084, 0.3561,
0.4437

■ 15.9435, 0.3184,
0.3426

■ 14.2328, 0.3635,
0.4682

■ 16.3923, 0.3088,
0.3198

■ 13.9873, 0.3692,
0.4906

■ 16.8795, 0.2995,
0.2986

■ 13.7701, 0.3729,
0.5099

■ 17.4063, 0.2906,
0.2791

■ 13.5791, 0.3743,
0.5253

■ 17.9738, 0.2823,
0.2613

■ 13.4100, 0.3738,
0.5370

■ 18.5830, 0.2746,
0.2452

■ 13.3431, 0.3734,
0.5417

■ 19.2349, 0.2674,
0.2306

■ 19.9303, 0.2608,
0.2174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1559, 0.3676, 0.3860



15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922



15.1559, 0.3029, 0.3790

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922



15.1559, 0.2473, 0.2879



15.1559, 0.3542, 0.3083

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922



9.5821, 0.2827, 0.2622

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.1559, 0.3197, 0.2855



15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922



15.1559, 0.2591, 0.2731

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922



15.1559, 0.2516, 0.3155



15.1559, 0.2849, 0.2727



15.1559, 0.3778, 0.3367

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922



15.1559, 0.2810, 0.3606



15.1559, 0.2849, 0.2727



15.1559, 0.3434, 0.2999

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1566, 0.3381, 0.3922



27.8350, 0.3207, 0.3481



11.5073, 0.3598, 0.3461



6.6651, 0.3220, 0.3511



58.7016, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.8385, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1566, 0.3381, 0.3922



26.2643, 0.3437, 0.4075



14.3754, 0.3184, 0.3963



3.8723, 0.3215, 0.3500



15.4139, 0.3731, 0.5420



76.3382, 0.3705, 0.5440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5821, 0.2827, 0.2622



14.7173, 0.2744, 0.2448



10.3754, 0.3048, 0.2664



3.3409, 0.3034, 0.3076



1.6765, 0.1705, 0.0713



7.9729, 0.1658, 0.0687

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

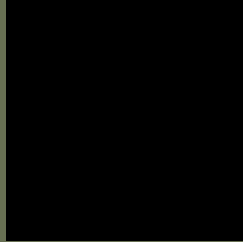
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

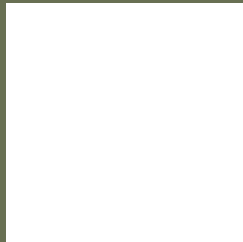
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922

Protanopia

15.0322, 0.3600, 0.3852

Deuteranopia

15.0685, 0.3732, 0.3666



Tritanopia

15.2373, 0.3041, 0.3126

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922

Protanomaly

14.9912, 0.3522, 0.3862

Deuteranomaly

15.0774, 0.3609, 0.3762

Tritanomaly

15.0626, 0.3163, 0.3396

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922

Achromatopsia

14.4128, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.6102, 0.3214, 0.3506

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 112, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 112, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 112, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 112, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 112, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 112, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 112, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 112, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 112, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 112,  
83) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.1559, 0.3381, 0.3922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 112, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
112, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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