

Converting Colors

$Yxy(15.1638, 0.2150, 0.2940)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(15.1638, 0.2150, 0.2940)
contains.

Yxy(15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007887
RGB	0, 120, 135
RGB Percent	0%, 47%, 53%
CMY	0.9993, 0.5294, 0.4706
CMYK	1.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	187°, 100%, 27%
HSV	187°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	11.0903, 15.1822, 25.2624
YIQ	85.8300, -76.3350, -20.7750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

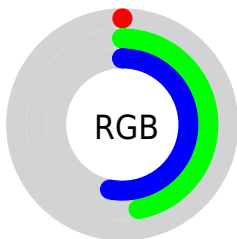
Format	Color
RYB	0, 64, 135
Decimal	30855
CIELab	45.88, -22.41, -16.20
CIELCh	46, 27.652, 215.866
Yxy	15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278220935 (0xFF007887)
YUV	85.8300, 24.2408, -75.2729
Hunter-Lab	38.9643, -17.3816, -11.1655

Details

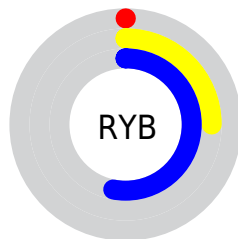
The Yxy color **15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **5.4965, 0.6278, 0.3395**, and the grayscale version is **9.2393, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.3118, 0.2376, 0.3051**, and **5.1624, 0.2111, 0.2799** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1769, 0.2152, 0.2946**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.6362, 0.2184, 0.2983**.

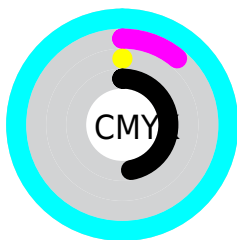
Distribution



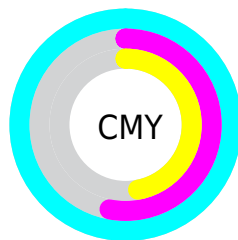
- Red (0%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 15.1822, 0.2152,
0.2946

 15.1822, 0.2152,
0.2946


 224.4664, 0.2710,
0.3165


 8.9474, 0.1986,
0.2868


 35.1725, 0.2374,
0.3040


 4.7069, 0.1756,
0.2749

 49.6967, 0.2451,
0.3071


 2.0763, 0.1421,
0.2551

 67.7529, 0.2514,
0.3095

 0.6513, 0.0252,
0.2279

 89.7254, 0.2566,
0.3114

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 115.9986, 0.2611,
0.3130

 146.9569, 0.2648,

0.3144

182.9847, 0.2681,
0.3155

■ 15.1822, 0.2152,
0.2946

■ 15.1822, 0.2152,
0.2946

■ 15.1769, 0.2152,
0.2946

■ 15.6362, 0.2184,
0.2983

■ 16.1503, 0.2228,
0.3021

■ 16.7549, 0.2290,
0.3058

■ 17.4601, 0.2369,
0.3095

■ 18.2750, 0.2466,
0.3132

■ 19.2071, 0.2578,
0.3167

■ 20.2638, 0.2703,
0.3201

■ 21.4514, 0.2838,
0.3233

■ 22.7759, 0.2981,
0.3263

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1822, 0.2395, 0.3492



15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946



15.1822, 0.2144, 0.2569

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946



15.1822, 0.3351, 0.2689



15.1822, 0.3891, 0.4227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946



5.4965, 0.6278, 0.3395

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.1822, 0.4203, 0.3905



15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946



15.1822, 0.3889, 0.3048

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946



15.1822, 0.2792, 0.2461



15.1822, 0.4211, 0.3478



15.1822, 0.3388, 0.4302

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946



15.1822, 0.2267, 0.2439



15.1822, 0.4211, 0.3478



15.1822, 0.4023, 0.4139

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1827, 0.2152, 0.2946



36.1358, 0.2692, 0.3199



17.3562, 0.2974, 0.5905



8.2031, 0.2645, 0.3186



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1827, 0.2152, 0.2946



27.0401, 0.2149, 0.2938



4.3978, 0.1698, 0.1310



5.1929, 0.2992, 0.3265



14.0098, 0.2152, 0.2947



0.0548, 0.2202, 0.3129

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.5097, 0.3502, 0.1704



11.6378, 0.3510, 0.1707



11.0444, 0.5086, 0.4342



4.7542, 0.3153, 0.3099



6.0012, 0.3501, 0.1702



0.0214, 0.3343, 0.1615

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

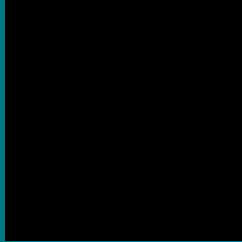
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946

Protanopia

15.0250, 0.2871, 0.2904

Deuteranopia

15.0266, 0.2714, 0.2660



Tritanopia

15.2865, 0.2189, 0.3079

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946

Protanomaly

14.3666, 0.2446, 0.2912

Deuteranomaly

14.3333, 0.2368, 0.2727

Tritanomaly

15.3407, 0.2176, 0.3035

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946

Achromatopsia

9.3059, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

10.5471, 0.2507, 0.3132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 120, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 120, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 120, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 120, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 120, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 120, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 120, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 120, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 120, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 120,  
135) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 15.1822, 0.2152, 0.2946 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 120, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 120,  
135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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